

OF THE

# SENATE AND HOUSE,

JUNE SESSION,

1842.

CONCORD:

CARROLL & BAKER, STATE PRINTERS

1842.



### JOURNAL

OF THE

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OF THE

### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE,

AT THEIR SESSION

### MOLDEN AT THE CAPITOL IN CONCORD,

COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1842.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

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### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE.

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### **JOURNAL**

SamuelP. Wiggan.

Bonjamin R. Gill

OF THE

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

June Session, 1842.

#### WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1842.

Nerth Hampien, John Leavitt,

Warthwood, Richard Hout

A quorum of the whole number of Representatives elected in the several towns and districts of the State of New Hampshire being convened at the Capitol in Concord, in said State, on the first Wednesday of June, A. D. 1842, His Excellency the Governor, attended by the Honorable Council, came into the Representatives' Hall, and the following gentlemen presented their credentials and were duly qualified as members of the House of Representatives, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, namely:

#### FROM ROCKINGHAM COUNTY.

Atkinson, Greenleaf Clark, Greenland, John Foss, Candia, Rufus E. Patten, Hampstead, Joseph P. Shan-non,

David Pillsbury, Hampton, Jonathan Marston,

Danville & Sandown, Thom- Jr.

as Cotton, Hampton Falls, Thayer S. Deerfield, Peter Sanborn, Sanborn,

Thomas D. Rawlins, Kensington, Lewis Gove,
Derry, John Porter,
Londonderry, Robert Boyd, Jr.

Henry Taylor, New Castle, Thomas E. Oliver, East Kingston, Charles San-Newington, Hanson Hoyt,

born,

Epping, Daniel W. Ladd,

Newmarket, John M. Towle,
Nathaniel E.Bur-

Expring, Daniel W. Ladd, Nathaniel E. Exeter, Amos Tuck, leigh,

Josiah Robinson, Newtown, John Hoit,

North Hampton, John Leavitt,
Northwood, Richard Hoitt,
Nottingham, James H.Butler, Raymond,
Plaistow, Reuben Peaslee,
Poplin, Perley Robinson,
Portsmouth, Nathaniel Den-Stratham, James Foss,
nett, Jr.
Salem, John F. Tenney,
Thomas B. Laigh-South Hampton, John Palmer.
ton,
Windham, Theodore Dinsmoor.

#### FROM STRAFFORD COUNTY.

Barrington, Micajah S. Clough, New Durham, Samuel Down-Samuel Sherburne. ing, Jr.

Dover, Andrew Peirce, Somersworth, Charles H. Sho-rey, Daniel Hussey, William Plum-er, Nathaniel Jenness, er, Durham, Winthrop Smith, Farmington, Jeremiah Jones, Lee, Charles Allen, Strafford, William Berry, Jr., Madbury, John Ricker, Middleton, Jacob P. Buzzell,

#### FROM BELKNAP COUNTY.

Alton, Benaiah Davis,
Joseph Mooney,
Barnstead, Samuel Rollins, Ir. Meredith, Winthrop Young,
Stephen Young,
Joseph B. Tilton,
Centre Harbor, James M.
Paine,
Paine,
Gilmanton, Nathan C. Teb-Sanbornton, Benjamin Calley,
betts,
Nahum Wight,
Joseph Weymouth,

#### FROM CARROLL COUNTY.

Albany & Chatham, Russell Conway, William K. Eastman, Charles, Eaton, Robinson Blaisdell, Brookfield, Noah Robinson, Effingham, Thomas P. Drake,

Freedom, John Lord, Moultonboro', Simon Drake, Ossipee, Asa Beacham, Brackett Wiggin, Tamworth, Timothy Cook,

Tuftonborough, Abel Haley, Wakefield, William Sawyer, Jr. Wolfborough, James Thurston, John Cate.

#### FROM MERRIMACK COUNTY.

Allenstown, Israel Marden, Andover, Enoch F. Sceva, Boscawen, Elbridge F.Green-

ough, Ebenezer Pice, Bow, Amos Morgan, Bradford, Samuel Jones, Canterbury, Andrew Taylor, Pittsfield, Moses Norris, Jr. Chichester, John Bailey, Dunbarton, Nathan Gutterson, Salisbury, Cyrus Gookin, Epsom, Hanover Dickey, Henniker, Parrott Marsh,

Hooksett, Hiram Austin,

Hopkinton, Robert Wilson, Josiah S. Knowlton, Loudon, Joseph Clough, 3d, Newbury, Jacob Gibson,

New London, Walter PFlanders. Northfield, Enos Hoyt, Pembroke, George W. Doe, Sutton, Enoch Page, Franklin, Jeremiah F. Daniell, Warner, Robert Thompson, John Stewart, Wilmot, Andrew Langley.

#### FROM HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY.

Amherst, Barnabas B. David, Antrim, Joseph Davis, 2d, Bedford, Thomas Chandler, Deering, John Wilkins, Goffstown, Shubael T. Jones, Milford, William Ramsdell, Noves Poor,

Greenfield, Zebediah Pevey, Hancock, Goodyear Bassett, Hillsboro', Henry D. Pierce,

John Atwood, Hollis, Leonard Farley, Hudson, Jabez P. F. Cross, Litchfield, Parker Bixby, Lyndeborough, Asa Manning, Manchester, David A. Buntin, Pelham, Joshua Atwood, Daniel Clark,

W WE SHARE IN

GeorgeF .Judkin, James M. Morrill, Mason, Samuel Smith, Jr. Merrimack, Leonard Walker, Mont Vernon, George Raymond.

Nashua, Leonard W. Noyes, Abner Andrews, Anthony Gage,

New Ipswich, William Ainsworth,

New Boston, Solomon Dodge,

Peterboro', Stephen P. Steele,

William Follans- Jonathan G. Colby, bee, Wilton, Oliver Barrett, Windsor & Society Land, John Temple, Nathaniel Kingsbury, Weare, William Woodbury,

#### FROM CHESHIRE COUNTY.

Alstead, Calvin Smith, Nelson, Josiah Osgood, Chesterfield, Jay Jackson, Richmond, Nicholas Cook, Edwin Sargeant, Rindge, Levi Howe, Dublin, Calvin Mason, Stoddard, Josiah Reed, Fitzwilliam, Amos A. Parker, Sullivan, Charles F. Wilson, Gilsum, William Kingsbury, Swanzey, Joseph Barber, Hinsdale, Caleb Todd, Troy, Abel Baker, Walpole, Stephen Stearns, Jaffrey, John Felt, Keene, Aaron Davis, Daniel Merriam, Jr. Westmoreland, Tyleston A. Isaac Sturtevant, Marlborough, Amos Cum- Barker, mings, Jr. Winchester, Asaph Butterfield, Marlow, Amasa Mack, Henry Kingman.

#### FROM SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Acworth, Edward Woodbury, Langdon, Samuel Prentiss,
Charlestown, Ashbel Hamlin, Newport, Zina Goldthwaite,
Claremont, Nathaniel Cotton, Amos Little,
Laurens A.Grannis, Plainfield, Benjamin Cutler,
Austin Tyler, Springfield, Daniel N. Adams,
Cornish, Reuben Davis, Unity, Ezra J. Glidden,
Goshen, Oliver Booh, Wendell, Charles Rogers.
Grantham, Samuel C. Moul-

#### FROM GRAFTON COUNTY.

Alexandria, James Crawford, Bath, William Lang, Bethlehem, Timothy Green, Benton, Moses Whitcher, Bridgewater, Jesse Prescott, Bristol, Robert M. Moor, Campton, Daniel Sanborn, Canaan, Caleb Blodgett, Danbury, William S. Curtis, Enfield, Paul Burnham, Franconia, Reuben Wallace, Grafton, Edward C. Follansbee, Groton, Milton Holden, Hanover, Daniel Blaisdell, Agrippa Dow,

Maverhill, Samuel Swasey, Nathan B. Felton, Hebron, John C. Hammond, Hill, Jonathan Weeks, Jr. Holderness, Jesse Ladd, Landaff, Moses Clark, Lebanon, Elisha P. Liscomb,

Robert Kimball, Lisbon, Otis Savage,

Littleton, Richard W. Peabody, Lyman, Michael M. Stevens, Lyme, Cyrus Skinner, Orange, James Clough, Orford, Edward M. Bissell, Rumney, Aaron Goodwin, Thornton, George W. Durgin, Warren, William Clough, Wentworth, Wolcott Dana, Woodstock & Ellsworth, John Grav.

# FROM COOS COUNTY.

Jefferson, Kilkenny & Randolph, Bartlett, Elisha Stokes, Carroll, Nash & Sawyer's Lo- Justus Low, cation, Hart's Location and Lancaster, John S. Wells, Crawford's Grant, Ebenezer Milan, Stark & Dummer, Harwood Pike, Glines, Colebrook, Moses Johnson, Shelburne, Gorham & Berlin, Columbia, Thomas J. Emerton, Hazen Evans, Stewartstown, Ebenezer Watson, Dalton, Hiram Smith, Erroll, Clarksville, Dixville, Stratford & Northumberland, Millsfield & Pittsburg, Clark Nahum D. Day, Whitefield, Samuel Cole. J. Haines, Jackson & Pinkham's Grant, Joseph P. Emery,

His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Council then withdrew.

The House was called to order by Harry Hibbard, Clerk of the House last year.

On motion of Mr. Jones of Bradford,

The House proceeded to the choice of Chairman, and Isaac Waldron was elected and took the Chair accordingly.

On motion of Mr. Boardman-

The House proceeded to the choice of Speaker, and Hon. Samuel Swasey was elected.

Mr. Swasey on taking the Chair addressed the House as fol-

Gentlemen. In assuming the discharge of the duties of the honorable station to which your kindness has raised me, my own a the passage of the resolution adopting the joint rules of the two

feelings, as well as custom, prompt me to tender you in return

my most grateful thanks.

A just estimate of my ability to discharge those duties acceptably to you, would perhaps impel me to shrink from the task, were it not that I feel I may rely with the fullest confidence not only upon the ability of gentlemen, but upon their willingness also to

afford me all the aid necessary to its performance.

For errors of judgment I cannot hope to be exempt-from those of intention only, do I promise myself and you, gentlemen, to be free. I bespeak then, your candor and forbearance towards me in the varied and difficult positions in which I shall probably find myself placed-begging to asssure you that such talents as I possess, shall be earnestly and honestly exerted to serve you in your endeavors to promote the interests and welfare of the people of the State.

On motion of Mr. Parker-

The House proceeded to the choice of Clerk, and

Harry Hibbard of Bath, was elected. On motion of Mr. Pierce of Dover,

The House proceeded to the choice of assistant Clerk, and

Albert G. Allen of Salisbury, was elected.

Harry Hibbard and Albert G. Allen appeared and were sworn to the faithful discharge of their respective offices.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk :

"Mr. Speaker-I am directed to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate have assembled, have elected the Hon. orable Josiah Quincy President, Isaac L. Folsom Clerk, and Josiah B. Wiggin Assistant Clerk, and are now ready to proceed to the business of the sesssion.

The Senate have passed a resolution adopting the joint rules of the two branches of the Legislature for the year 1341 for the present year, or until otherwise ordered, in which they ask the concurrence of the House."

On motion of Mr. Hoyt of Northfield-

Resolved, That information be given to the Honorable Senate that the House of Representatives have assembled, have chosen the Honorable Samuel Swasey Speaker, Harry Hibbard Clerk, and Albert G. Allen assistant Clerk, and are now ready to proceed to the business of the session.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate the same to the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston-

Resolved, That the House concur with the Honorable Senate in the passage of the resolution adopting the joint rules of the two

branches of the Legislature of the year 1841 for the present year or until otherwise ordered.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

On motion of Mr. Baker-

Resolved, That the rules adopted at the last session of the Legislature for the government of the House, be adopted for the present session until otherwise ordered.

On motion of Mr. Davis of Cornish-

Resolved, That when the House adjourn in the forenoon they adjourn to meet again at three o'clock in the afternoon, and when they adjourn in the afternoon they adjourn to meet again at ten o'clock the next morning, until otherwise ordered.

On motion of Mr. Davis of Antrim—
The House adjourned.

#### AFTERNOON.

Ou motion of Mr. Colby of the Senate

On motion of Mr. Glidden 2 20 3200 M

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to nominate two suitable persons to serve as Doorkeepers of the House for the present session.

Ordered, That Messrs. Glidden, Gove and Baker of Troy

be the committee.

On motion of Mr. Price—old has some tool and venelled

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to prepare and report rules for the government of the House the present session.

Ordered, That Messrs. Price, Clark of Landaff and Page of

Sutton be the committee.

On motion of Mr. Bordman- all an application add ad

Resolved, That the House are now ready to meet the Senate in Convention for the purpose of proceeding in the elections agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

#### several clergy uses who may be members of the House, and unvice them to efficient as chapture of the House during the present season, and NOITHEVNOD NI ded at a quarter be-

The Senate and House of Representatives being assembled in Convention in the Representatives' Hall, the Secretary of State

came in and laid before the Convention the returns of votes for Governor from the several towns and places in this State, and also the returns of votes for Counsellors from the several Counsellor districts in this State.

On motion of Mr. Treadwell of the Senate-

The Convention proceeded to open, read and record the returns of votes for Governor from the several towns and places in this State and completed the same.

On motion of Mr. Straw of the Senate-

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to receive and sort the votes for Governor, count and cast their numbers and report thereon.

Ordered, That Messrs. Straw of the Senate, Goldthwaite and Brackett of the House be the committee.

On motion of Mr. Colby of the Senate-

The Convention rose and the Senate withdrew.

That a committee be appointed to nominate two

#### IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Pierce of Dover—

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed on the part of the House with such as the Senate may join, to wait on His Excellency the Governor and inform him that quorums of both branches of the Legislature are assembled, are organized and ready to receive any communication which he may be pleased to make.

Ordered, That Messrs. Pierce of Dover, Barker and Durgin be the committee on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Kingsbury submitted the following resolution,

Resolved, That a committee be appointed to wait on the several clergymen who may be members of the House, and invite them to officiate as chaplains of the House during the present session, and that prayers be attended at a quarter before ten in the morning of each day during the session.

Mr. Bordinan moved that the resolution be amended by in-

Convention in the Representatives' Hall, the Secretary of State

serting after the word "attended" the words "at the Representatives' Hall."

On the question—
Shall the amendment be adopted?

It was decided in the affirmative.
So the amendment was adopted.

And on the question, Shall the resolution pass?

It was decided in the affirmative. So the resolution passed.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kingsbury, Hoyt of Northfield and Savage be the committee.

On motion of Mr. Page

The House adjourned.

#### THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1842.

Necessary for a choice.

Robert Evans having been duly qualified as a representative from the town of Piermont, was introduced by the Secretary of State and took his seat.

Mr. Glidden from the select committee appointed to nominate two suitable persons for Doorkeepers of the House the present session, made a report.

Whereupon-

Resolved, That Atkinson Webster and Robert Hale be Door-keepers of the House for the present session.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House in the passage of a resolution appointing a joint select committee to wait upon His Excellency the Governor and inform him of the organization of the Legislature, and have on their part joined Mr. Smith."

On motion of Mr. Page,

Resolved, That the House are now ready to meet the Senate in Convention for the purpose of proceeding in the elections agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution.

Ordered That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

#### IN CONVENTION.

The Senate and House of Representatives being assembled in Convention in the Representatives' Hall, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution.

Mr. Straw of the Senate, from the joint select committee to whom were referred the returns of votes for Governor given in on the second Tuesday of March, A. D. 1842, in the several towns and places in this State, with instructions to sort and count the same and cast their numbers and report thereon,

#### REPORTED:

That the whole number of votes is	48,104
Necessary for a choice,	24,053
Estimated as scattering,	358
For Daniel Hoyt,	2,812
For John H. White,	5,869
For Enos Stevens,	12,234
For Henry Hubbard, we who mad guivant	26,831
ha is duly should O C. I. C C	NT TIME

who is duly elected Governor of the State of New Hampshire for the ensuing political year.

The votes from the town of Brentwood in the County of Rockingham, from the town of Middleton in the County of Strafford, from the town of Franklin in the County of Merrimack; also from the following towns in the County of Grafton, viz: Woodstock, Thornton, Plymouth, Bath, Bridgewater, Campton, Canaan, Ellsworth, Groton, Landaff and Littleton, not returned within the time prescribed by the Constitution, are included in the above estimate. Seventy-two votes returned for John H. H. White from the town of Manchester in the County of Hillsborough, also one hundred and twenty-eight voets for Enoch Stevens from the town of Eaton in the County of Carroll, are included in the above estimate of scattering votes.

On motion of Mr. Hatch of the Senate— Resolved, That said report be accepted. On motion of Mr. Colby of the Senate—

The Convention proceeded to open, read and record the returns of votes for Counsellors' from the several Counsellor districts in this State; but before the Convention had completed the same,

Mr. Peirce of Dover of the House moved that said returns of votes for Counsellors be referred to a select committee, with in-

structions to sort the same, count and cast their numbers and re-

But before the question was finally taken, and and I have

Mr. Peirce of Dover withdrew his motion. Mr. Bordman renewed said motion.

And the question being put, It was decided in the negative.

So said motion was not adopted.

The Convention then proceeded to open, read and record said returns of votes for Counsellors and completed the same.

On motion of Mr. Treadwell of the Senate-

Resolved, That said returns of votes be referred to a select committee with instructions to sort and count the same and cast their numbers and report thereon.

Ordered, That Messrs. Colby of the Senate, Blodgett and Peirce of Dover of the House, be the committee.

On motion of Mr. Straw of the Senate-

The Convention rose and the Senate withdrew.

#### IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Peirce of Dover, from the joint select committee appointed to wait on His Excellency the Governor and inform him of the organization of the Legislature, reported that they had attended to the duty assigned them.

On motion of Mr. Davis of Cornish—mens and tol endagment

Resolved, That a select committee of ten be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait on His Excellency the Governor elect and inform him of his election, and that the Legislature will be ready to receive any communication which he may be pleased to make.

Ordered, That Messrs. Davis of Cornish, Atwood, Glines, Kimball, Adams, Woodbury, Dickey, Beacham, Jenness and Robinson be the committee on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

On motion of Mr. Jones of Bradford-

Resolved, That a select committee be appointed on the part of House, with such as the Senate may join, to report joint rules for the government of the two Houses the present session.

Ordered, That Messrs. Jones of Bradford, Norris and Steele be the committee on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate

therein.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House in the passage of a resolution appointing a joint select committee to wait on His Excellency the Governor elect and inform him of his election, and that the Legislature will be ready to receive any communication he may be pleased to make, and have on their part joined Messrs. Treadwell and Warner."

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield—
The House adjourned.

#### AFTERNOON.

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

On aportion of Mr. Straw of the Ser

The Convention rose and the Seatte withdrew

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the joint select committee appointed to wait on His Excellency Henry Hubbard, Governor elect. and inform him of his election as Governor of the State of New-Hampshire for the ensuing political year, and that the Legislature will be ready to receive any communication which he may be pleased to make, reported that they had attended to the duty assigned them, and that His Excellency replied that he felt deeply grateful towards his fellow citizens for this testimony of their confidence reposed in him, and that he would meet the Legislature in the Representatives' Hall at half past three o'clock this afternoon and accept said office, and take and subscribe the oaths prescribed by the Gonstitution, at which time he would make a communication to the Legislature.

Which report was accepted.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston-

Resolved, That the House are now ready to meet the Senate in Convention for the purpose of proceeding in the elections agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution.

Ordereed, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

# IN CONVENTION.

We are here resembled as the representatives of intelli-

The Senate and House of Representatives being assembled in Convention in the Representatives' Hall, the Honorable HEN-RY HUBBARD, Governor elect, came in, escorted by the committee of both branches of the Legislature, attended by His Excellency the Honorable John Page, and manifested his acceptance of the office of Governor of this State. He then took and subscribed the oath of office before the President of the Senate and in presence of both branches of the Legislature, when the Honorable Josiah Quincy, President of the Senate, declared His Excellency Henry Hubbard Governor of the State of New Hampshire for the ensuing political year, and presented him with a copy of the Constitution as a guide in the discharge of his official duties.

His Excellency the Governor then made to the Legislature the following

# ADDRESS:

Fellow-Citizens of the Senate,

and of the House of Representatives:

Having been elected to the office of Chief Executive Magistrate for the ensuing political year, I avail myself of this opportunity of tendering to you, and through you, to the people of this State, my grateful acknowledgments for the distinguished honor conferred upon me.

Be assured that no effort shall be wanting on my part to execute the trust confided to me in such a manner as to maintain the principles of our free institutions, and secure the just and equal rights of the whole people.

On entering upon the discharge of our responsible duties our hearts should be filled with gratitude to the giver of algifts for the blessings of civil and religious liberty which we enjoy, and for the health and happiness which HE has, for the past year, vouchsafed to the people of this State.

We are here assembled as the representatives of intelligent freemen, the untiring and devoted friends of their country and government, men jealous of the influence of power,

persevering in the cause of popular liberty.

The public duties which devolve upon us are of the most important character; and in the performance of these high and responsible trusts, it becomes us all to lay aside that bitterness and strife of party feeling, which tends to prejudice the mind and control the better judgment. It should be our aim in our public acts to advance the greatest good of all our constituents. "Our sympathies, hopes and energies should be exerted for the many and not for the few."

Notwithstanding the pecuniary embarrassments, the extraordinary distress, which so generally pervade our land, the people of New Hampshire have much cause for gratulation that they are to a great extent exempted from the evils, which so heavily presss upon other sections of our country. We have much reason to rejoice that so much prosperity and success has attended the efforts of the various classes of our

industrious community.

On an occasion like this, a recurrence to the principles of our State and General Governments, cannot fail to produce the most salutary influence, and well prepare us for an honest, faithful and uncompromising discharge of our respective duties.

That ever memorable controversy which resulted in the establishment of our country's independence, was a contest between liberty and tyranny, between an arrogant aristocracy on the one side and an unyielding democracy on the other. And under the guidance of a benevolent and superintending Providence, the result of such a conflict must have been anticipated, and was all-glorious to the cause of liberty and of equal rights.

It was the spirit that induced the war of the Revolution, which gave the impress to our institutions, and fixed the

character of our General and State Governments.

To preserve the independence and liberty of the people to afford security and protection in the enjoyment of those rights which belong to freemen, were among the objects of our political fathers in framing our State Constitution. Faithfully have they accomplished their purpose.

An examination of the supreme law of New Hampshire

will show that the great principles of personal liberty, of just and equal rights, have been most carefully incorporated into our Constitution; and although it is now nearly half a century since that instrument was sanctioned and approved by the people, yet during that long period it has undergone no change. This fact of itself is not only evidence of its liberal provisions, but is also evidence of the wisdom, sagacity and forecast of our political fathers, and this fact should induce us who now occupy their places, and to whom has descended this rightful inheritance of freemen, to study that sacred instrument with a fixed determination to learn and maintain its principles inviolate—to imbibe some portion of the catholic spirit of those great and good men in urging us forward to the support of the cause of equal rights and equal privileges.

There is a necessary and intimate relation between the

States and the General Government.

In the formation of the Constitution of the United States, the powers conferred by the people were fully and expressly defined, and "the powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people."

The States are sovereign and independent members of the Union, acting upon all questions of internal police as to them shall seem fit, accountable not to Congress, but to their own

people for their own actions.

The General Government may well be regarded as the agent of the respective States, to discharge its appropriate duties and to execute its constitutional powers for the benefit of the whole confederacy.

So long as these two political bodies shall, in their course of action, be confined within their constitutional limits, the sovereignty of the States will never be endangered by the acts of the General Government. The harmony of the whole system will be most happily preserved, and the Union faithfully maintained.

But there is great danger to be apprehended from the legsislation and influence of the General Government.

Recent events cannot fail to alarm the fears of the patriot, and to induce the apprehension, that if the liberty of the American people shall at any future period of our history be

lost—if the independence of the States shall become extinct—if the harmony and perpetuity of our free institutions shall be prostrated—it will be traced to the unwarrantable legislation of the General Government—to the assumption and exercise of powers on the part of Congress not expressly delegated by the Constitution.

There is no one power which can be exercised by Congress more fraught with danger to the peace and harmony of the Republic, than its taxing power; whenever this power shall be abused, whenever its legitimate purposes shall be perverted, it cannot fail to create distrust and weaken confi-

dence in our National Government.

The only legitimate use which can be made by Congress of its taxing power, is to bring money into the public treasury for the public use.

The power to borrow money and the power to lay duties

can only be exercised for the same object.

The collection of revenue is the only effect which can constitutionally result from the exercise by Congress of its

taxing power.

It was once said by a late distinguished Senator of the United States, that while the taxing power looked to the collection of revenue for the purpose of paying the debts, providing for the common defence and general welfare of the United States, the land power was entirely silent upon that matter, and hence he inferred that in the exercise of this same land power; that is, the power to dispose of the territory of the United States; the object was not revenue. This deduction is wholly unwarrantable; the Constitution gives to Congress power to borrow money upon the credit of the United States, and also the power to dispose of the territory and other property of the United States, and the Constitution is equally silent as to the disposition of the revenue which shall be obtained by either mode. No American Statesman has ever been bold enough to maintain that Congress can constitutionally apply a dollar, borrowed upon the credit of the United States, but for public use. And it will not be pretended by any man, that Congress has the power to lay taxes, direct or indirect, for the purpose of distribution. These remarks have been made in consequence of the passage, by Congress, at its extra session in 1841, of an act providing for the distribution among the States of

the proceeds of the sales of the public lands. The act in question must have received the assent of Congress, upon the ground that the United States held these lands in trust for the separate States—that the proceeds rightfully belonged to them, and that the passage of the act was demanded to execute the trusts and uses for which the General Government was put in possession of this property; or that under the general power conferred upon Congress "to dispose of the public territory," is included the power to make such disposition of the public domain itself, or such a distribution of the proceeds of the public lands, as should be deemed expedient.

There is not to be found an expression in any of the deeds of cession to the United States, which reserves these lands for the separate and sole use of the respective States, or which grants them to the United States, as trustees for the individual members of the confederacy. They were conveyed for the common benefit of those States which were then, or which should thereafter become members of the federal alliance—they were given to create a common fund to meet the charges incident to the prosecution of a common cause.

This portion of the public domain thus obtained, became the property of the United States absolutely and unconditionally; and that portion acquired by treaties with France and Spain, and embraced within the limits of Louisiana and the Floridas, was purchased with the treasure of the whole country, and became also the property of the whole country.

The respective States, then, can have no more separate interest in the public lands, than in any other portion of the public property. Our public doman, like all other public property, was acquired by the energies and treasure of the

whole country.

The power given to Congress by the Constitution, to dispose of the public territory, is not broad enough and "sufficiently comprehensive" to include the power to distribute.

This power is specific; it gives to Congress authority to dispose of the public lands, but it goes no further. Congress has no more power to abstract from the treasury that portion of the revenue derived from the sales of the public lands, and distribute it to the States, than it has gratuitously to

grant the public domain. Believing, as I most conscientiously do, that no such power exists in either case—that the avails of the public lands are but portions of the public revenue, and can no more be applied for the use of the separate States than that part of the revenue derived from imposts-I cannot, in the performance of the high and responsible duty which devolves upon me, fail to recommend to the Legislature to give no authority for receiving into our treasury the money assigned to New Hampshire, according to the terms of the act distributing the proceeds of the sales of the public lands among the States. Should the effect of such a proceeding be to leave in the public treasury this portion of the public revenue, we shall have the satisfaction of having done our duty, in preventing so much of the public money from being withdrawn from the public use. But if the effect shall be to take from the public treasury this portion which was designed to be given to New Hampshire and divide it among the less reluctant States, we shall have left the abiding and sustaining reflection that we have done all that we could do, to stay the progress of this evil-we shall have acted in a manner befitting our principles. If we believe that this treasure belongs not to us, we should not receive it.

If we believe that it is a portion of our national revenue if we believe that it has been abstracted from the public treasury in violation of the Constitution—we are bound to

reject the offer.

It would ill accord with that steadfast devotion to the principles of our government—to that lofty spirit of patriotism and State pride—to that love of liberty and independence for which the people of New Hampshire have been so long and deservedly commended—to receive this bounty at

the hands of the General Government.

It cannot be disguised that the effect of abstracting from the national treasury a portion of the revenue for distribution, will be to produce a deficit to the same amount in our national means. This deficit will have to be supplied by additional duties upon our imports. And this necessity is one of the sad consequences which must result from the adoption of this measure. An increase of our tariff of duties cannot fail to create those local jealousies, those sectional feelings, those heart burnings and animosities, calculated

to disturb the harmony of our system and the good order of

our community.

It is the voice of wisdom and patriotism to give such a character to our general legislation, as will inspire the confidence and command the support of the whole Republic. Our national resources should be faithfully aud prudently managed; and Congress should impose no taxes upon the people, but for the necessary support of our Government. Economy with States as well as with individuals, is an essential virtue, and should be most rigidly observed. Whatever shall be required for an honest and just support of our government, will be promptly supplied by the tax-payers of the country—whatever shall be exacted beyond this, will engender the most unpatriotic feelings.

A system of duties, uniform throughout the United States, Congress has the power to impose. Such a system, however, can only be established for revenue, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare. Beyond this, Congress cannot constitutionally go, either in imposing direct or indirect taxation. A tariff of duties which gives protection to one class of our citizens, may in its operation be unequal and oppressive to others, and if so, can have none of the qualities of an uniform system which alone

Congress has the power to establish.

It would be difficult to find a reason in favor of the general policy of this distribution measure. At a time like this, when the revenue of our National Government is exhausted-when it has been compelled to resort to every expedient for a supply of the means necessary for its supportwhen one issue of treasury notes has followed close upon another-when in a season of peace we are forced into the money market, and reduced to the humiliating necessity of making loans or suffering dishonor-at a time like this, when in a little more than a year we have seen an entire revolution in the financial condition of the country-when at the close of the last administration, our means were abundantly sufficient to meet our liabilities, with a temporary debt which the accruing revenue would readily have extinguished-with our expenditures so reduced and so reducing that our annual charge would have been balanced by our annual incomewith a character untarnished, with a credit at home and abroad unsuspected-and when in a single year, under a new administration, a debt of more than twenty millions has been fastened upon the country, and our annual expenditures have been greatly increased—it must alarm the patriotism of the country that the Congress of these United States, in the midst of these embarrassments, should assent that one fifth of the ordinary revenue of the Government should be withdrawn from the national treasury and distributed among the States.

It is to be feared that the indebtedness of some of the States may have induced the adoption of this measure. It is to be feared that there is an influence in active operation to effect the assumption of the State debts by the General Government. It would, indeed, be difficult to account for some of the developements of the past year upon any other principle. It would be difficult to account for the passage of the distribution bill upon any other principle. Deeply as we all must regret the pecuniary embarrassment of some of the States of this Union, much more deeply should we regret any movement looking to an assumption by the General Government of these sectional liabilities. New Hampshire is, we have reason to rejoice, unincumbered with debt. The economy, prudence and intelligence of her people, have caused her annual expenditures to be less than those of most of the other members of the confederacy, and while they would be ready to meet every exaction to sustain the honor of the General Government, they would be reluctant to submit to any taxation to discharge the liabilities of others.

At the same extra session of Congress, another act was passed equally opposed, in my judgment, to the letter and spirit of the Constitution, and to the just rights of the American people. The power to pass "any law impairing the obligation of contracts," is by the Constitution denied "to the States"—and yet in the passage of the act establishing an uniform system of bankruptcy, the existing contracts between the individual declared a bankrupt and his creditors, are virtually annulled. By the provisions of this act, those remedial State laws in force at the time such contracts were entered into, are declared by a recent judicial decision to be wholly ineffectual for the benefit of a creditor. It is the retro-active operation of this statute which renders it so objectionable "to the common sense and common honesty" of our people, and which places it in so direct opposition to the

Constitution of the United States. This free government can only be sustained by the moral force of public sentiment—and as it is our privilege, so it is our bounden duty to speak of its measures according to our convictions. In this mode popular opinion may be ascertained, and when known, it will not fail to influence the action of those charged with the administration of our public affairs.

If the views I have expressed, touching the distribution and bankrupt acts, should be approved by the Legislature, what remains for us to do but to instruct those who represent this State in the councils of our nation, to use their best endeavors to effect an immediate repeal of these measures so dangerous to the independence and union of the States—so

prejudicial to the rights of the people.

It must be a matter of high gratification to the people of this State, that their Representatives in both Houses of Confiress have been faithful to the Constitution, to the principles of our free government, and to the rights and interests

of their constituents.

There has been of late, in one of the States of the Union, a controversy of a most extraordinary character-a controversy involving the grave question of the right of the people to self-government—a right well protected "by universal suffrage and equal legislation." No question of so serious importance, has for many years occupied the attention of the American people, as that now agitated in the State of Rhode Island. Governed by a charter, granted at a time when popular rights were not acknowledged to exist-possessing a small territory and scanty population—the people of that State have, until the present time, delayed taking that step, which the other States of the Union deemed of paramount importance, that of adopting a written Constitution, recognizing certain principles and clearly defining the powers of the various departments of the government. Why it is not as competent for the people of Rhode Island, at the present time to adopt a written Constitution, as it was for the people of New Hampshire in 1792, no friend of popular rights is able to understand. As an independent State of this Union, New Hampshire cannot fail to regard with deep solicitude every movement, come from whatever quarter it may, tending to abridge the sovereignty of the people-to bring their political influence within the control of exclusive privileges. Living as we do under a Constitution, the deliberate choice of the people, and appreciating the blessings of political and individual independence which spring from it, our warmest sympathies must be excited for those who are struggling for the same advantages. This cause must in the end prevail, and our earnest prayer must be, that these great blessings may be attained at the smallest sacrifice of inter-

nal peace and private happiness.

A bill has passed the House of Representatives at the present session of Congress, making an apportionment of the representation of the country among the respective States. It is to be hoped that the provision in the bill directing that "the sovereign States of this Union shall district their own territory for the election of their own Representatives to Congress," will ultimately be rejected, Should, however, the provision be retained, and the bill become a law binding upon the States, it will devolve upon the Legislature, at its present session, to divide this State into five districts for the choice of Representatives to the next Congress, that being the number under the act, to which New Hampshire would be entitled.

The condition of our judiciary will demand the serious attention of the Legislature. This department of the government, as it is more intimately connected with the wants and business of the people than any other-controlling and regulating their most trivial as well as their most important rights-so it is one of the most responsible, and requires for the proper discharge of its duties, the most unceasing labor. and the most careful investigation. Pointing out the duties of each of us, as members of the community, which recognizes no supremacy but that of the laws, and preventing, so far as it is practicable, the commission of offences by a faithful administration of criminal justice, every citizen has an equal interest in the proper constitution and successful operation of this department. But unless the laws are expounded and administered by men whose integrity and learning recommend them to our confidence, we lose one of the most important objects of civilized society and constitutional government.

The situation of a Judge, honorable and responsible as it is, is not of itself a sufficient reward in a country like this, where very few are placed above the necessity of constant

and laborious exertion. We cannot expect to retain upon the bench men of ability and skill, unless they are compensated somewhat in proportion to what that ability and skill would earn in other pursuits, requiring an equal amount of labor and responsibility. That such is not the case in this State, is acknowledged by all who have observed and reflected upon the course of business in our courts of justice. It will be seen, by a comparison of our Judiciary with that of the other States of the Union, that in no State has any court such extensive powers and comprehensive duties, as are vested in the Superior Court of New Hampshire. Every case cognizable in a court of justice, may be tried before one of the Judges of this Court, and very few cases of any importance are finally decided without being transferred for a decision upon questions of law. Since the passage of the act of 1832, the business in chancery has increased to a very great extent, and the late acts of the Legislature in relation to divorces, have added largely to the duties of the Court, by the necessity of carefully examining questions so momentous, and upon which the well being of society so greatly depends. The formation of new counties, and the consequent addition of numerous terms of the Common Pleas and the Superior Courts, have also increased both the labor and the expenses of the Judges, and thus require an annual absence of nearly six months upon the circuits, and constant occupation during the vacations.

This great increase of official duty, and the necessity of a much larger and more expensive library, seem to suggest the policy and the justice of making some further compensation to the Judges of our Superior Court. Taking into consideration the number of jury trials, our Judges are now required to hold, in addition to other duties, it has occurred to my mind that the object of adding to their compensation, if desired, may well and very properly be attained, by adopting in this State, to some extent, a principle now in successful operation in Pennsylvania and Virginia. In those States, in addition to fixed salaries, some of the Judges receive allowances to cover their travelling expenses. If allowances should be made in this manner to Judges of our Superior Court, sufficient to cover their actual expenses to and from and at courts for the trial of causes, to be drawn from the respective county treasuries, it would save the necessity for any further increase of their present salaries. This mode seems to be free from objections, and if adopted, it would impose upon the counties the expenses of the Judges for the

jury terms, which would seem to be equitable.

It occurs to me, also, that it will be found necessary to add to the number of the Judges upon the bench of our Superior Court. I am well persuaded that five Judges will not be found more than adequate to meet the large and accumulating business of the State-to perform their responsible duties in the manner contemplated by the spirit of those impressive words of the Bill of Rights, which declare the citizen to be entitled to a "certain remedy, completely and without any denial, promptly and without any delay, conformably to the laws." Should it be thought that a Superior Court consisting of five Judges would be too unwieldy, I would suggest to the Legislature the propriety of changing our judicial system so as to limit the number of the Judges of our Superior Court, whenever a vacancy shall occur, to three, who should be required to perform all the law and equity business of the State, and one third part of all the jury trials-leaving the remaining two thirds of the jury terms to be held by two Judges of the Common Pleas-thus making such an organization of the business as would secure the prompt performance of all judicial duties.

I am not tenacious of any particular mode for the accomplishment of the object which I deem so important to the well being of our community. But I submit the whole matter to the sound discretion and good judgment of the Legislature, not doubting that such provisions will be added to our present judicial system as will secure the prompt administration of justice, by men in whose intelligence, learning and integrity, the people of New-Hampshire will repose con-

fidence.

An experience of more than thirty years at the Bar has impressed me with the propriety of some amendments in the law, which I think it my duty to suggest to you. Among the most important of these, is one which recommends itself to that sense of equity and justice acknowledged by all. I allude to the fact, that when a party indicted by the Grand Jury is acquitted upon his trial, he has no remedy against the public for his costs. In a controversy between man and man, the successful party very properly recovers from his

opponent the costs of prosecuting or defending his suit. If this be right, how much stronger is the claim of the defendant who contends, not with the single effort of one, but with the united strength of society, and prevails in the contest? The Bill of Rights declares that "all penalties should be proportioned to the nature of the offence." It is not consistent with the spirit of this avowal, that when there is no offence, the law should impose a penalty, severe in proportion to the inability of the party to pay it. The public have duties to perform towards individuals, and should be governed by the same equity and justice which regulate the duties of individuals to the public. The protection of the innocent, is one of the chief objects to be attained in civilized society. The innocent are not protected when the costs of proving their innocence may be ruinous to their pecuniary prospects in life. It sometimes happens that the worst passions which can find a place in the human breast, induce the finding of a Grand Jury, and the skill and power of discrimination of our ablest and most indefatigable public prosecutors, have not been sufficient to detect the influence of such passions and thereby to prevent the presentment of a citizen for an offence, which necessarily subjects him to a trial to establish his innocence. In such a case the accused ought to be indemnified for necessary costs.

The power to grant amendments upon such terms as may be equitable, in the course of the proceedings in a trial, of such errors and mistakes as cannot now be rectified by the court, seems to me to be one, the exercise of which could not but be attended with advantage to the public. This is, in its broadest sense, a power to do good—to relieve the merits of a case from such technicalities as stand in the way of justice—to ensure correctness in legal proceedings, by such penalties as may render it for the interest of all parties to exercise proper caution—and to expedite the trial of causes, by avoiding the necessity of driving a party out of court and forcing him to commence a new suit, by reason of an error which has no connection with the question at issue.

It is also matter worthy of careful inquiry whether a reform might not be effected by abolishing some of the forms of action, to which it is now necessary to resort, by blending two or more of them in one comprehensive form, or by permitting counts in different actions to be joined in one suit.

This subject has engaged the attention of some of the ablest jurists in England and America, and a reform in this particular has been considered by them one of the most substantial improvements, they could recommend. Mistakes in forms of action will occasionally be committed by the most careful and learned men, and a system which should avoid such mistakes, and yet require a reasonable certainty in the statement of the causes of action, would be of essential benefit to the public. My own experience has convinced me, that the statute allowing all actions to be reviewed and again tried, after a fair trial and a verdict by the jury, is an obstacle to the administration of justice. The operation of it is prejudicial to the parties, to witnesses and to the public. The first trial is too often regarded by each party as a trial of skill alone, in endeavoring to ascertain the strength or weakness of his opponent. Knowing that if vanquished he has another chance for victory, he sometimes at first suppresses testimony, that he may afterwards surprise his opponent, and be more certain of final success, or if of another character, he is lax in his preparations for trial, unacquainted with the points of his case, and disposed to postpone his labors until the final struggle, the result of which is to repay him for his want of industry at first. All persons, therefore, are insensibly operated upon by a calculation of chances, motives which, however largely they may enter into the springs of human actions, should be carefully guarded against in the administration of justice. The verdict of a jury should have a stability in itself, and a title to respect, not easily to be shaken or diminished—it should be the solemn conclusion to which twelve intelligent men have arrived, upon faithful investigation, and as such, as far as the facts are concerned, an end to litigation.

But the public soon lose all respect for legal investigation when results are so uncertain—witnesses are operated upon to procure a little more evidence from the reluctant, or a little less from the willing, and suits are thus protracted until even success is ruin. The power to grant new trials, when the merits of the case require it, might be vested in the Superior Court, to be exercised under proper limitation, looking to the entire indemnity of the party against whom the new

trial proceeds, if he shall ultimately succeed.

I would also call the attention of the Legislature to some

of the penal provisions of our laws. The right to take the life of a fellow-citizen for any crime—to destroy that which emanated from an authority above all human power, has been doubted by good and learned men. Certain it is, that such a degree of punishment defeats the very object of punishment. It takes away human life when its object is and should be human reform and amendment. Capital punishment is not in unison with that spirit of justice, humanity and christian feeling, which should ever characterize the acts of the legislator. I would, therefore, recommend the abolition of capital punishment, and the substitution of a penalty, which shall not destroy all hope in the offender, but which at the same time, shall be proportionate to the nature of the offence.

The interests of our militia I would commend to your favorable consideration. Congress is authorized "to provide for organizing, arming, and diciplining the militia." But upon the action of the State Legislature, depends whether this "arm of our defence" shall become efficient. I would especially recommend to the Legislature, a careful revision of this system. There are among you some who are filling offices in that corps, and who will be able to suggest from their own experience, any deficiencies which may exist in the details of our militia system. All such defects should be remedied without delay. No effort should be wanting on the part of the Representative body of the people to animate the zeal, and to inspire the confidence of those connected with our militia. This reserved force is essential for the maintenance of public order and for the security of the rights of freemen.

All the penal enactments, which might be passed by any Legislature, would prove wholly ineffectual in the preservation of public law and public liberty, without the existence of this strong and efficient physical force. I deem it essential, for the due preservation of our free government, that our militia should not only be encouraged by our Legislature, but sustained by the respect and confidence of our community. The moral influence of such a power is felt by the people.

It is to be hoped that in this peaceful and patriotic member of the confederacy, there will occur no such exigency in all future time, as would give authority to Congress for calling forth our militia. But let us be prepared for any event. "Standing armies are dangerous to our liberty," but a well regulated militia is the natural, proper and sure defence of a State, and we have

had too much experience in our past history now to question the patriotism of this corps. It is composed of freemen, the owners and cultivators of our own soil, men who want protection, and who are ready to give protection. It should be our united effort to add to its efficiency, by lessening the burden and giving encouragement to those, who are called up to perform military

Trom a communication received from the Warden of the State Prison, it would seem that this establishment is now in a prosperous condition. "The convicts have been, usually, healthy during the past twelve months. No deaths, and no cases of sickness sufficiently severe to require the removal of the patient to the Hospital, have occurred. There has been no insubordination, escape or attempt to escape." The annual report of the Warden, giving the detail of receipts and expenditures, will be laid

before the Legislature early in the session.

In no State in this Union, are the means of education more universally diffused than in New-Hampshire. Every portion of our community participates in the privileges of our free schools. Our fathers were deeply impressed with the great benefits of knowledge and learning, in the preservation of a free government, and hence the duty was enjoined upon the Legislature in all future periods, to cherish the interests of literature and the sciences. This solemn injunction, which has come down to us from those venerated patriots who framed our constitution, has produc-

ed in our land the most happy and gratifying results.

Our free school system is a beautiful illustration of the democratic character of our free government. Without any of those adventitious distinctions and preferences which sometimes occur in society, our scholars in those primary seminaries meet on terms of strict equality, and mingle together for instruction. No invidious distinctions can there arise, no preferences can there be given, except to those meriting commendations for extraordinary industry and attainments. In those primary institutious are imparted to the youth of our State, that love of civil and religious liberty, that high devotion to human rights, which led to the unfailing exertion of their energies and of their efforts, for the preservation of our free institutions, and so long as the means of education shall be enjoyed as they now are; so long as intelligence and all the social virtues shall be diffused through the State by the influence of our schools and seminaries of learning, we can have no fear for the perpetuity of our government.

During the recess of our Legislature, the Hon. Franklin Pierce having resigned his office of United States Senator, my

predecessor made a temporary appointment to fill the vacancy thus occasioned. It will devolve upon the Legislature at its present session, to make an election permanently to supply the vacancy in the United States Senate, occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Pierce; and as the term of our late Senator would have terminated on the third day of March next, the duty will also devolve upon the present Legislature, to elect a Senator to represent this State in the Senate of the United States for a period of six years, commencing with the fourth of March, 1843.

In conformity to the resolve approved June 20, 1840, authorizing the Executive to appoint three suitable persons to "revise, codify and amend the Statute Laws of New-Hampshire, and report to the Legislature at some subsequent session," the Hon. Joel Parker, Samuel D. Bell and Charles J. Fox, Esquires, were appointed to perform that trust. It is understood that during the present session they will be prepared to submit their report. From the character of those charged with the execution of this responsible and laborious duty, there can be no doubt that the work will be satisfactorily performed, and will fully justify the expense which will have accrued. I will transmit to the Legislature the report of this committee as soon as I shall have received it, with such recommendations and suggestions as the importance of the subject, and the true interest of the State may in my judgment require.

Under the act passed in June, 1839, "to provide for the Geological and Mineralogical survey of the State," a Geologist of science and learning was appointed, who with such assistants as were necessary, commenced the execution of the trust cofided to him. His first report was laid before the Legislature at its last session, and since that report was published, he has been prosecuting this important work with all the skill, discrimination and research for which he is so justly distinguished. Although I am unable to communicate to the Legislature the present condition of this survey, yet I learn that within the last year, some further important discoveries have been made in the mineral resources of our State. I am informed that the final report of the State Geologist will be ready "by the end of the present year." Whatever appropriation may be necessary to aid him in the prosecution of his responsible and laborious duties, I trust, will be granted.

In the course of your present session, application will probably be made to the Legislature for a renewal of those Bank Charters, which are about to expire by their own limitation, and it may be considered necessary to make further provisions in relation to the general powers and duties of private corporations, with a view to the entire security and protection of the people, in the enjoyment of their rights of property. It is undoubtedly known to every member of this assembly, that, in an answer given by me to certain interrogatories, submitted by a respectable portion of my fellow-citizens, I have already explicitly promulgated to the public my opinions upon these subjects. Although these opinions remain unchanged, although subsequent reflection has confirmed me in their correctness, yet in making this official communication I feel it to be my duty, inasmuch as the question of renewing some, and of amending other charters of private corporations in this State, may engage the consideration of the Legislature—further, to express my views upon a subject of such vital importance to the future liberty, interest and happiness of our people.

A disposition to multiply private corporations is one of the great evils in the legislation of the most of the States. The history of the past should admonish us of our duty. For the mere purpose of private speculation and for avoiding all personal responsibility, many of these acts of special legislation have been sought for, and too readily obtained. Could those patriotic statesmen who have gone before us, have foreseen the disastrous and demoralizing effects of creating these irresponsible bodies, they would have never lent their aid in the accomplishment of so inglorious a work, and as the friends of social order, of sound morals and of equal justice, we should, guided by the lights of experience, avoid as far as practicable, this system which has proved so debasing to the character of our community, so ruinous to the hopes and so destructive to the interests of our confiding population. I would not indiscriminately oppose every private charter; corporations of this description have been, and may be established to promote the well being of society. But they have been too frequently granted with a view to the exclusive interest of the corporators, not regarding the rights or the interests of the people. The business operations of our community may be prosecuted with rauch more security to the people, and with equal convenience and safety to those concerned, without, as with, the shield of such a monopoly. The exclusive privileges usually conferred by acts of incorporation make them obnoxious to the honest hearted yeomanry of the country, and they should therefore be withheld except in cases of public necessity. If the unhallowed influence of this system shall continue unrestrained and unabated, the rights of individual property, and the honest enjoyment of individual liberty will exist only in name. The object of the Legislature should be to give protection to

the interests of the people, and maintain with unyielding pertina-

city their just privileges.

This is the great practical reform now demanded, and this reform is what we should be solicitous to see accomplished. It would not be a difficult work, if we are ready to apply to private corporations those principles, which necessarily govern the transactions of individuals. The stockholders of all private business corporations should be made liable for the debts and liabilities of their respective corporations. There is no good reason against this principle. In the transactions which occur between man and man, there exists a direct responsibility—and when capital is concentrated, which looks to enlarged and extensive operations, beyond the means of single individuals, this liability is continued.

It is the life spring of the concern—it inspires confidence and commands support, and it is difficult to conceive of any sufficient reason why this principle, applicable to partnerships created by voluntary association, should not extend to partnerships created by law-why individuals acting unitedly for their own interest should be made liable for their doings as natural persons, from which they should be exempted under a charter of incorporation.

This want of responsibility has been a fruitful source of the embarrassment and distress, which has pervaded and is now pervading our land. The banking corporations in this State, are unquestionably private in their character and in their purposes. Their capital is private, and their gains are all private. Created as they have been for private benefit, their stockholders, like private individuals, should be liable for the debts they contract. They only can know the exact state of their concerns. When successful, they alone share the gains, and when overtaken by reverses, there can be no justice in visiting their misfortunes upon their confiding creditors. This doctrine of the personal liability of stockholders in private corporations is founded upon the principles of immutable right. It is no new doctrine. It is the doctrine of the common law of England. It is the general principle upon which private corporations are now established in that country. The joint stock banks of Great Britain are based on this great principle. These companies are banks of issue, they emit much of the paper circulation of the country, and the redeeming feature in all these legal partnerships is, that the partners are liable, individually, to the full amount of their property, for the debts of their respective companies; and as an additional security to the public, the names of all the stockholders are registered in the public archives, that the creditors of such institutions may know to whom they shall look for the payment of their liabilities. The

beneficial consequences of such a provision, would be to induce that vigilance and supervision indispensably necessary to the success of the institutions, as well as to the safety of the public.

In one of the States of this Union there are but three incorporated banks. The charter of one imposes the unlimited liability of the stockholders for the debts of the corporation, while the charters of the other two are in that respect similar to the bank charters of New England. In 1837, the latter suspended specie payment, and after renewing for a short time, again suspended in 1839, and are now in a state of suspension, while the former has

never suspended specie payment at all.

A principle which has worked so well elsewhere, should not be regarded as of a dangerous tendency if adopted in this State. It is true, and the fact is highly creditable to the banking corporations in New Hampshire, that with few exceptions, the people have suffered no loss through their agency—that the concerns of these institutions have been generally so well managed, as to have secured the confidence of our community. But these considerations ought not to deter us from the establishment of a principle important to the protection and well being of society—a principle which would secure the confidence of the public, and thus

advance the true interest of the corporators.

But the operations of some of the banking institutions of the country, within a few years past, have been most disastrous to the interests, and most debasing to the moral sense of the community, and cannot fail to induce this patriotic assembly to do all in their power, to secure, hereafter, our common country from such disgrace, and the people from such sacrifice. It cannot be necessary for me, after having so fully expressed my views in relation to these private corporations, and the obligations which ought to rest upon the corporators, to recommend to the Legislature any particular banking system. The details of such a system are within your province, and should this Legislature, at its present session, see fit to renew the bank charters about expiring, or to establish other institutions in their stead, it is to be hoped the present system will be so improved, that such a responsibility will be imposed upon the stockholders, and such a restraint upon officers connected with these institutions, as shall effectually protect the public from all pecuniary loss.

In addition to the mere question of policy touching the renewal of the bank charters about to expire, and of introducing further provisions to afford indemnity to the people, another, graver and more important question may engage your attention at the present session-a question involving the constitutional right

of the Legislature to confer upon a private corporation the power to take individual property, and approppriate it to its own use and benefit, without the owner's consent. If such a power exists, it must be conferred upon the Legislature by the direct provisions of our Constitution-no such power can properly be implied. In the language of that instrument, "every member of the community has a right to be protected in the enjoyment of life, liberty and property." "The right of acquiring property is a natural and inherent right." "When men enter into a state of society, they surrender up some of their natural rights to that society, in order to ensure the protection of others." "No part of a man's property shall be taken from him, or applied to public uses, without his own consent or that of the representative body of the people." These are among the fundamental principles of our State constitution, and are the only provisions in reference to this subject. When taken in connection, they establish the doctrine that every man shall be protected in the acquisition and possession of property. His right of control cannot be invaded, except when the public use shall require. Then, and then only, he may he compelled to surrender such parts as may be necessary for such use. Highways, wrought at the public expense, kept in repair at the public charge, and for which the public are liable for injuries sustained through their insufficiency, comprehend that description of ways dedicated exclusively to the public use, demanded by public necessity-and which every individual who enters into and becomes a member of a political community, is bound to aid in constructing. The existence of such ways is essential to the security and well-being of society. They are the work of public corporations, and are wholly distinguishable in their character, uses and purposes, from ways wrought by individuals or by private corporations. These are constructed with private means, and for private benefit, and do not afford such a public use as is contemplated in the constitution. Of this description are the railroads which have been constructed in this State. They are the work of private corporations, and are wrought for the interest of the corporators. The public are shut out from a participation in their government and direction. Upon such a corporation power cannot be conferred to take individual property for its use, without the owner's consent. The Legislature could not confer upon a single individual for a private purpose, the right to take the property of another for his use, without the assent of its owner, nor could this power be conferred upon a voluntary association of individuals. On what better principle could it be conferred upon individuals, united under a

charter of incorporation, for the accomplishment of the same purpose? The powers which are granted by the Legislature to a private corporation, are in truth conferred upon the individual corporators by the name of the corporation. The same specific powers, described in their charters, would not be granted to the corporators as natural persons. Such grants would be regarded as transcending the constitutional right of the Legislature. When conferred upon the corporators by the name of their corporation, can the power of the Legislature be any less confined within the limits of the Constitution? It would seem that if a grant of the specific power in the one case would be unwarranted, so would it be in the other.

The authority to establish private corporations, cannot give to the representative body of the people any new powers over the private rights of individuals. If the right exists to appropriate private property, according to the mere will and pleasure of the Legislature for the time being, it can by no means be necessary, for a constitutional exercise of the right, that there should be created by law a private corporation upon which to confer the power. No consideration of public expediency, or public policy, should swerve the representative body of the people from the plain straightforward road of constitutional duty. The plea of public use, or public benefit, is always urged upon the Legislature as a reason for the establishment of these private corporations.

There is no difference in principle whether this power shall be conferred upon a manufacturing or a railroad corporation. They will each to some extent advance the public convenience. If the Legislature, upon the ground of public use, can constitutionally confer upon private corporations the power to take for their benefit the property of individuals, without their consent, there is no principle in the way of giving the same power to all private corporations.

The principle that individual property shall not be taken except for public use is in a republic the surest guaranty of individual independence. It is in the truest sense of the word conservative, and not anarchical. Without this principle every citizen would hold his dearest rights at the shifting will and temporary caprice of Legislative assemblies. The protection of individual rights against the excitements of party and the fancied interests of those who for the time may be in power, and the determination of those rights by reference to established principles, are privileges without which a republic is but a name. It is the conviction that our rights cannot be invaded, nor our property taken

from us but by the necessity that the public good should predominate over private convenience, that makes each citizen lay down his head in peace at night, trusting to the supremacy of the law alone

for his protection.

The tendency of our legislation is to disregard individual rights—and unless they are sacredly preserved, we deprive the citizen of that confidence and self reliance which should characterize the freeman, and we lose one of the most substantial distinctions between a free and despotic government. Nor can the effect of this doctrine be to drive capital from our State. It would rather tend to invite investments, than to discourage them. But should the views which I have put forth in this official communication, in effect, drive capital from New Hampshire, for the reason that private corporations cannot here be established without the responsibility of the corporators, and without protection to the rights of property, it would be better to submit to that privation, than to be made to endure the greater evils resulting from the unnecessary sacrifice of individual rights.

I cannot perceive that the interests of the manufacturing classes of our community could be unfavorably affected, by imposing further restrictions upon private corporations. In England, all branches of manufacture are more extensively pursued, larger capitals invested, and a greater number of operatives employed in the same branches of business, than in this country. In a single year, the value of her cotton, woolen, linen and iron manufactures, exceeded three hundred millions of dollars, and this immense business was carried on by private individuals and by pri-

vate capital, without the aid of a single corporation.

In one of the States of this Union, the manufactures of cotton and wool, the iron and coal business, are prosecuted by individu-

al enterprise, unaided by acts of incorporation.

The same description of business may be as well done in the same manner here as elsewhere. I am not, however, for destroying, but for so far improving the charters of private corporations, that whatever may hereafter be done, should be done with a view to the security and to the protection of the public. This is the great object I have in view. This is the reform demanded by every consideration which can enter into the mind of the patriot.

This is what the moral sense of the community requires; what

the just and equal rights of the people demand.

It is to be hoped that there will be no occasion for a protracted

session of the Legislature at this time.

There is more danger to be apprehended from too much than too little legislation.

But coming as you do, direct from the people, you cannot fail to be conversant with their wants, and all your energies, I trust, will be exerted to carry out their will.

Whatever may occur to me as necessary hereafter to communicate in aid of the performance of your public trusts, shall be laid before you by special message.

I shall be ready to co-operate with you in the adoption of all such measures, and in the passage of all such constitutional acts, as shall be promotive of the general interests.

While in public life, it has ever been and will ever continue to be my effort, first to learn, and then to do, the will of my constituents.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 2d, 1842.

His Excellency then delivered to the President of the Senate and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives severally a written copy of the foregoing address.

His Excellency the Governor attended by the Honorable Coun-

cil then returned to the Council Chamber.

On motion of Mr. M'Daniel of the Senate— The Convention rose and the Senate withdrew.

#### IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Norris-

Ordered, That the Address of his Excellency the Governor lie on the table, and that the Clerk be directed to procure one thou-

sand printed copies for the use of the House.

Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, from the committee appointed to invite the several clergymen who are members of the House, to officiate as Chaplains during the present session, reported that they had attended to the duty assigned them, by giving invitation to the several reverend gentlemen belonging to the House, to officiate as Chaplains alternately, that the invitation had been accepted by them and that they would commence their duties to-morrow morning at the time and place assigned by the resolution of the House.

Which report was accepted.

On motion of Mr. Farley—

Resolved, That a committee be appointed, to inform His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Council and Senate, that prayers will be offered in the Representatives' Hall at a quarter before ten o'clock in the forenoon of each day of the session, and invite their attendance.

Ordered, That Messrs. Kingsbury, Hoyt of Northfield and Savage be the committee. I stored advisor bas been a sain

On motion of Mr. Adams-

Resolved, That each member of the House be required to leave with the doorkeeper his name, place of residence and boarding house immediately after the adjournment this afternoon.

A message in writing from His Excellency the Governor was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as fol-

44 To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives :

I herewith transmit the report of the Commissioners, appointed under the resolve of the Legislature "to revise, codify and amend the Statute Laws."

It seems to my mind, considering the great importance of the subject, that the report or such parts of it as may be necessary may be printed with as little delay as practicable, and I would recommend that the printing be conducted under the supervision of the Commissioners themselves.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 2, 1842."

Mr. Wells moved, that His Excellency's message with the accompanying report lie on the table.

But before the question was taken, The and The To Mr. Wells withdrew said motion.

Mr. Bordman submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That his Excellency's message with the accompanying report be referred to a select committee, with instructions to report what disposition shall be made thereof.

The question being upon the passage of the resolution,

Before the question was taken,

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the resolution lie on the table.

And then on motion-

The House adjourned.

If the Speaker doubte, or a division be called for the

#### and stend till they be cocated, and all FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1842.

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the unfinished business of yesterday, the message of His Excellency the

Governor with the report of the Commissioners appointed to revise, amend and codify the Statute Laws of this State, and the accompanying papers.

The reading of the report was called for,

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover-

Resolved, That the Message of His Excellency the Governor with the accompanying documents be referred to a select committee of ten, with such as the Senate may join, to examine the same and report as soon as may be what action is expedient thereon.

Ordered, That Messrs. Porter of Derry, Norris, Peirce of Dover, Jones of Bradford, Burleigh of New Market, Weymouth, Steele, Parker of Fitzwilliam, Blaisdell of Hanover and Wells be

the committee.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Ptice, from the select committee, appointed to prepare and report rules for the government of the House during the present session, by leave, reported the following

#### RULES FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE HOUSE.

#### OF THE DUTY OF THE SPEAKER.

1. The Speaker shall take the Chair precisely at the hour to which the House shall have adjourned, shall immediately call the members to order, and at the commencement of each day's session, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read.

2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak on points of order in preserve to other members, rising from his seat for that purpose, and shall deside questions of order subject to an appeal to the House by any two members. Questions shall be distinctly put in this form, to wit: "As many as are of opinion that (as the case may be,) say Aye;" and after the affirmative vote is expressed, "As many as are of a contrary opinion, say No." If the Speaker doubts, or a division be called for, the House shall divide; those in the affirmative of the question shall first rise from their seats, and stand till they be counted, and afterwards those in the negative shall rise and stand till they be counted. The Speaker shall then rise and state the decision of the House.

3. He shall rise to put a question, but may state it sitting.

4. All committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, unless

otherwise directed by the House.

5. The Speaker shall designate to which of the standing committees all memorials, petitions, accounts, or other matters shall be referred, unless otherwise ordered by the House.

6. The Speaker shall vote in no case, unless the House be equally divided, or unless his vote; if given to the minority, will make the division equal; and in case of such equal division, the

question shall be lost.

7. All acts, addresses, and joint resolutions shall be signed by the Speaker; and all writs, warrants or subpœnas, issued by order of the House, shall be under his hand and seal, attested by the Clerk.

8. In case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct in the galleries, the Speaker or Chairman of the committee of the whole House, shall have the power to order the same to be cleared.

9. No person but the members and officers of the House, members of the Council, and members of the Senate, the Secretary of State, Treasurer, and Clerks of the Senate, shall be admitted within the door of the Representatives' chamber, unless by invitation of the Speaker, or of some member of the House with the consent of the Speaker, except in public hearings, the parties, their counsel, and witnesses.

10. The Speaker shall have power to substitute any member to perform the duties of the chair, such substitution not to extend

beyond an adjournment.

### OF DECORUM AND DEBATE.

11. When any member is about to speak in debate, or deliver any matter to the House, he shall rise from his seat and respect-

fully address himself to Mr. Speaker.

Speaker shall, or any other member may call him to order; in which case the member so called to order, shall immediately sit down; and the question of order shall then be distinctly stated from the chair; after which the member so called to order, may explain, and the question shall be open to debate, as in other cases, and be decided by the Speaker, whose decision shall be submitted to, unless an appeal be made to the House by a member, in which case, the only question shall be, "Is the Speaker's decision correct?"—which shall be decided without debate. If the decision be in favor of the member so called to order, he may

proceed; if otherwise, and the case shall require it, he shall be liable to the censure of the House.

13. In all cases, the member first rising shall speak first. When two members rise at the same time, the Speaker shall name

the person to speak.

- 14. No member shall speak more than twice to the same question, without leave of the House, nor more than once until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken; and if a question be lost by adjournment of the House, and revived on the succeeing day, no member who shall have spoken thereon twice, on the preceding day, shall be permitted again to speak on it without leave.
- 15. While the Speaker is putting any question, or addressing the House, no one shall walk out of, or across the House; nor in such case, or when a member is speaking, shall entertain private discourse, nor whilst a member is speaking, shall pass between him and the Chair, nor shall any member leave his seat while the yeas and nays are calling.

16. No member shall vote on any question in the event of which he is directly interested; or in any case where he was not

present when the question was put.

17. Every member who shall be in the House, when a question is put, shall give his vote, unless the House, for special reasons, shall excuse him.

18. No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded and stated from the chair—and when a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing, if desired by the Speaker, or any member, delivered in at the table, and read by

the Speaker, before the same shall be debated.

19. No petition shall be received by the House, unless it be presented by a member thereof, and upon motion made for that purpose, nor until the substance of said petition be concisely minuted and the name of the member and town he represents recorded upon the back thereof: and it shall be the duty of the Speaker, whenever any motion relative to a petition is to be stated to the House, to state, in the first place, the substance of the petition, as minuted on the back thereof.

20. After a motion is stated by the Speaker, it shall be in possession of the House, but may be withdrawn at any time before

a division or amendment.

21. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received, but, 1st—to adjourn; 2d, to lie on the table; 3d, to postpone indefinitely; 4th, to postpone to a day certain; 5th, to

commit; and 6th, to amend; which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged. Motions to adjourn, and lie on the table, shall be decided without debate.

22. When a question is postponed indefinitely, the same shall

not be acted upon during the session.

23. Any member may call for the division of a question, when

the sense will admit of it.

24. A motion for commitment, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment of the main question—and all motions and reports may be committed at the pleasure of the House.

25. No new motion shall be admitted under color of amend-

ment, as a substitute for the motion under debate.

26. No vote shall be reconsidered, unless the motion for reconsideration be made by a member who voted with the majority, nor unless notice of such motion be given on the same day on which the vote passed, or on the next day between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock.

27. When the reading of a paper is called for and objected to by any member, it shall be determined by a vote of the House.

28. Any member may excuse himself from serving on any committee at the time of his appointment, if he is then a member of two other committees, who have not reported. No member shall nominate more than one person for the same committee, provided the person nominated shall be chosen—nor shall any person, after having been himself appointed, nominate one for the same committee.

29. Each member shall seasonably and punctually attend his duty in the House; and no one shall absent himself from the service of the House, unless he have leave, or be sick and unable to

attend.

30. When the House adjourns, each member shall rise and

keep his place until the Speaker leaves the chair.

31. The Speaker shall appoint a sergeant-at-arms whenever it may be necessary to execute the commands of the House, and process issued by authority.

#### OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

32. The following standing committees shall be appointed ear-

ly in the June session;

A committee on Elections; a committee on the Judiciary; a committee on Banks; a committee on the State Prison; and a committee on Public Lands—to consist of ten members each.

A committee on Agriculture and Manufactures; a committee on Finance; a committee on Military Affairs; a committee on Education; a committee on Incorporations; a committee on Towns and Parishes; and a committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals—to consist of nine members each.

A committee on Unfinished Business-to-consist of seven

members.

A committee on Bills on their Second Reading; a committee on Printers' Accounts; a committee on Military Accounts; and a committee on Claims—to consist of five members each.

A committee on the Alteration of Names, to consist of three

members.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Elections, to examine and report upon the certificates or other credentials of the election of the members returned to serve in this House, and to take into consideration all such petitions and other matters, in relation to elections and returns, as shall or may be presented, or come in question, and shall be referred to them by the House.

It shall be the duty of the committee on the Judiciary, to take into their consideration all matters in relation to the judiciary system of this State; to examine and report what laws have expired or are near expiring, and require to be revived or further continued, and report their opinion on all constitutional questions that

may be referred to them by the House.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Banks, to consider all applications for the incorporation of banks, and all subjects relating to such institutions, that may be referred to them by the

House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on the State Prison, to take into consideration all matters in relation to the State Prison, to examine all the reports and accounts that may be submitted by the Warden, and make such report, either by bill or otherwise, as they think the interest of the State requires.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Public Lands, to consider all proposals and applications for the sale of public lands, and every matter in relation to them, that may be referred to the

committee by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures, to take into their consideration all matters concerning the agricultural and manufacturing interests of the State, and the incorporation of agricultural societies and factories, that shall be referred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Finance, to examine

and take into their consideration the state of the treasury; to report what sum it may be necessary to raise as a State tax, and on every subject touching the financial interests of the State, that may be referred to them by the House.

It shall be the duty of the Military committee, to consider all applications for altering or amending laws regulating the militia of this State, and for the removal of militia officers, and to report

thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals, to consider all applications for the incorporation of turnpikes, railroads, bridges or canals, and for the alteration of tolls, and all matters relative thereto, that may be referred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Education, to consider all subjects relative to the regulation of school districts and schools, and all matters concerning education that may be referred to them

by the House, and report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Towns and Parishes, to consider all applications for the incorporation of towns or parishes, for the alteration of town or parish lines, that may be re-

ferred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Incorporations, to consider and report on all applications for acts of incorportion, and all other matters, which may come in question relative to bodies corporate, that may be referred to them by the House, excepting those relating to towns, parishes, turnpikes, railroads, canals, banks, agricultural societies and factories.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Unfinished Business, to examine and report from the journals of the last session, all

such matters as were then pending and undetermined.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Bills on their Second Reading, to take into consideration all bills on the second reading, that may be committed for amendment, or otherwise, and to make such report thereon as they may think expedient.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Printer's Accounts, to examine and adjust all accounts against the State for printing, and every subject relating to such accounts, that may be referred to them by the House and report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Military Accounts, to examine, adjust and report on all accounts relative to the militia,

that may be referred to them by the House.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Claims, to audit, adjust and report on all accounts and claims that may be presented for allowance, except accounts for printing, military accounts and accounts for engrossing bills.

33. All other committees shall consist of three members unless

otherwise ordered.

34. The standing committees shall attend at their respective committee rooms two hours before the meeting of the House in the morning, and at such other times as the House shall order, and no committee shall sit during the sitting of the House, unless

when the Speaker shall consider it to be necessary.

35. The first named member of any committee, appointed by the Speaker of the House, shall be the Chairman; and in case of his absence or being excused by the House, the next named member, and so on as often as the case shall happen, unless the committee, by a majority of the number elect a Chairman. And when any committee shall report otherwise, than by bill, they shall, if the subject admit of it, subjoin to their report a resolution making such disposition of the matter committed to them, as to the committee shall seem expedient.

#### ON BILLS.

36. Every bill shall be introduced by motion for leave, or by an order of the House, on the report of a committee; and no bill shall be introduced by any member, (except on the report of a committee,) unless he shall have given at least one day's notice of his intention, and the object of the bill to be introduced.

37. Every bill shall receive three several readings in the House previous to its passage; the first reading shall be for information, and if not rejected, a time shall be assigned for a second reading, and upon the second reading, if not rejected, or committed, or postponed, or laid on the table, a time shall be assigned for a third reading. And in all cases the time assigned for the third reading of a bill shall be on some subsequent day. And all bills for a second reading, shall be assigned for 11 o'clock in the foremoon, and all bills for a third reading for 3 o'clock in the afternoon, unless otherwise ordered by the House.

38 No amendment shall be made, but upon the second reading of a bill or joint resolution, and all resolutions shall be in writing, with the name of the member and the town he represents on the back thereof.

39. Before any bill, resolution or vote, shall be sent to the Senate, the Speaker shall read the vote, resolution, or title of the bill. All bills, and all votes and resolutions, that are necessary to

be carried to the Senate for their concurrence may be sent by the Assistant Clerk.

# OF COMMITTEES OF THE WHOLE HOUSE.

40. The House may resolve itself into a committee of the whole House, at any time, on the motion of a member made for that purpose; and in forming a committee of the whole House, the Speaker shall leave the chair, and a Chairman to preside in com-

mittee shall be appointed by the Speaker.

41. Upon bills and resolutions committed to a committee of the whole House, the bill or resolution shall be first read throughout by the Clerk, and then again read and debated by clauses, leaving the preamble of the bills to be last considered; the body of the bill or resolution shall not be defaced or interlined, but all amendments, noting the page and line, shall be duly entered by the Clerk on a separate paper, as the same shall be agreed to by the committee, and so reported to the House. After report, the bill or resolution shall again be subject to be debated and amended by clauses, before a question to pass it to a third reading be taken.

42. The rules of proceeding in the House, shall be observed in a committee of the whole House, so far as they may be appli-

cable, except the rule limiting the time of speaking.

43. No standing rule or order of the House shall be rescinded, without one day's notice being given of the motion therefor; nor suspended, unless by a vote therefor of two thirds of the members present.

## ORDER OF BUSINESS OF THE DAY.

44. As soon as the journal is read, the Speaker shall call for petitions from the members of the respective counties, beginning with the county of Rockingham. The petitions having been presented and disposed of, reports, first from the standing, and then from the select committees shall be called for and disposed of. And the above business shall be done in no other part of the day, except by permission of the House.

45. The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the last preceding adjournment, shall have the preference over all other business, except the general order of the day, and no motion on any other business, except the general order of the day shall be received without special leave of the House, until the

former is disposed of.

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford—
Resolved, That said rules be adopted as the rules for the government of the House during the present session.

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-

Resolved, That the House are now ready to meet the Senate in Convention, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution.

Ordered That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

A message in writing from His Excellency the Governor was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:

## "To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives :

I transmit herewith the annual report of the Warden of the State Prison, giving an exhibit of the receipts and expenditures at that institution for the year ending April 30th, 1842, accompanied with communications from the Physician and the Chaplain of the same institution.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 3, 1842."

n ing fromse was

On motion of Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover— Ordered, That His Excellency's message, with the accompanying documents, lie on the table.

#### IN CONVENTION.

The Senate and House of Representatives being assembled in Convention in the Representatives' Hall, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution,

Mr. Colby of the Senate, from the committee appointed to receive the returns of votes for Counsellors in the several Council Districts in this State, with instructions to sort and count their numbers and cast the same, and report thereon,

#### REPORTED,

That in District No. 1, the whole number of votes returned is

Necessary to a choice

9781
4891

FRIDAY, JUNE 3, 1842.	49
Estimated as scattering the state and said and Takes	64
John Folsom has	400
Arthur Branscomb has	897
Richard Jenness has	3711
Cyrus Barton has	4709
and there is no choice.	
Cyrus Barton and Richard Jenness are the two highest	candi-
lates. We shall we space and has been notice and	ed T
In District No. 2, the whole number of votes returned is	9011
Necessary for a choice	8911
Estimated as scattering	4456 92
Josiah Dearborn has a san san hand and hand middle anad mid	
	465
Josiah H. Hobbs has Samuel G. Berry has	2268 5480
and is elected.	3480
- uting same nonemp ea	
In District No. 3, the whole number of votes returned is	11387
Necessary for a choice	5694
Estimated as scattering	76
Jesse Woodbury has — (2000) M to 2010	662
Henry B. Chase has	3467
James M'K. Wilkins has	7182
and is elected.	
In District No. 4, the whole number of votes returned is	ne Con
Necessary for a choice	8504
Estimated as scattering	4253
Milan Harris has	39.11
Alveh Smith has	545
Samuel Franton has	3731
nd there is no choice	4227
THE TO JIEG OFF BOY DESTROYED TO POSTURE OF LINE A WAY	Resol
In District No. 5, the whole number of votes returned is	8733
Necessary for a choice	4367
Estimated as 'scattering	142
Moses Webster has midd amy to a contract a mon't	450
Aaron Southard has	2457
James H. Johnson has Manage Straw spinaled areas	5684
nd is elected.	

On motion of Mr. Perley of the Senate—

Resolved, That the foregoing report be accepted. On motion of Mr. M'Daniel of the Senate—

The Convention proceeded by ballot to the choice of Counsellor from District No. 1, and Hon. Cyrus Barton was elected.

On motion of Mr. McDaniel of the Senate-

The Convention proceeded by ballot, to the choice of Counsellor from District No. 4, and Hon. Samuel Egerton was elected.

On motion of Mr. Warner of the Senate— The Convention rose and the Senate withdrew.

#### IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Burnham submitted the following resolution-

Resolved, That the Representatives' Hall be opened to the public this evening at half past seven, for the purpose of listening to an address from Mr. John Houston, of Enfield, on the subject of Temperance;

And the question being put,
Shall the resolution pass?
It was decided in the negative.
So the resolution was rejected.
On motion of Mr. Greenough—

Resolved, That a select committee be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to procure three hundred printed copies of the rules of the House and the joint rules of the two Houses, the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of this State, the names of the several members of the Legislature and its officers, with a list of the standing committees in each of its branches, for the use of both branches of the Legislature the present session.

Ordered, That Messrs. Blaisdell of Hanover, Bordman and

Greenough be the committee.

On motion of Mr. Glidden-

Resolved, That a committee be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait upon His Excellency the Governor, and inform him that the following gentlemen are elected Counsellors for the ensuing political year, namely:

From District No. 1, Cyrus Barton. From District No. 2, Samuel G. Berry.

From District No. 3, James M'K. Wilkins.

From District No. 4, Samuel Egerton.

From District No. 5, James H. Johnson golden at

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

On motion of Mr. Glidden-

Resolved, That the use of the Representatives' Hall be granted to none during the present session, except for literary purposes and subjects connected with legislation.

On motion of Mr. Johnson-se to most adilo saigoo balang

The House adjourned.

## AFTERNOON. and not those with limit

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a resolution, appointing a joint select committee to consider the message of His Excellency the Governor, enclosing the report of the commissioners appointed to revise, codify and amend the statute laws of this State, with the accompanying documents, and report what action is expedient thereon, and have, on their part, joined Messrs. Brown and Batcheller.

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a committee, to wait on His Excellency the Governor and inform him, that the following gentlemen are elected Counsellors for the ensuing political year, viz:

Cyrus Barton, for District No. 1;
Samuel G. Berry, for District No. 2;
James M'K. Wilkins, for District No. 3;
Samuel Egerton, for District No. 4, and
James H. Johnson for District No. 5;
and have on their part joined Mr. M'Daniel."

Mr. Bordman gave notice, that he will on Tuesday next ask leave to introduce a bill, to repeal the act of the last June session of the Legislature, making void all settlements of paupers gained under any law of this State, passed prior to 1796.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield, from the joint select committee on the part of the House appointed to wait, on His Excellency the Governor and inform him of the election of Counsellors,

Reported, That they had attended to the duty assigned them.

Mr. Porter of Derry, from the joint select committee appointed to examine and consider the message of His Excellency the Governor, enclosing the report of the commissioners appointed to

revise, amend and codify the statutes of this State, and report what action is expedient thereon, reported in part discharge of

their said duty, the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That the Clerk of the House be directed to procure, under the supervision of the commissioners appointed to revise the laws, three hundred printed copies of the report of said commissioners, with the accompanying documents, as soon as may be, and lay the same before the Legislature.

On the question—

Shall the resolution pass?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

On motion of Mr. Parker of Fitzwilliam-

Ordered, That the Clerk procure three hundred printed copies of the message of His Excellency the Governor, enclosing the report of the Warden of the State Prison and of said report, for the use of the House.

And then on motion,

The House adjourned.

#### SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1842.

Agreeably to the rules of the House, the Speaker announced of the appointment of the following

#### STANDING COMMITTEES.

On Elections—Messrs. Pierce of Hillsborough, Butler, Foss of Strafford, Morrison, Beacham, Clough of Loudon, Mason, Hamlin, Lang, Glines.

On the Judiciary—Messrs. Norris, Perce of Dover, Felton, Porter, Wells, Tuck, Tyler, Ladd of Epping, Tebbetts of Gilmanton, Atwood of Hillsborough.

On Banks—Messrs. Waldron, Tebbetts of Rochester, Noyes of Chester, Foss of Stratham, Dickey, Gove, Farley, Butterfield, Golddwaite, Bissell.

On the State Prison—Messrs. Laighton, Sanborn of Hampton Falls, Allen, Ainsworth, Young of Barnstead, Wiggin of Ossipee, Gutterson, Felt, Cutler, Goodwin.

On Public Lands—Messrs. Haley, Osgood, Charles, Bailey, Langley, Watson, Thompson, Emerton, Sanborn of Campton, Evans of Shelburne.

On Roads, Bridges and Canals—Messrs. Blodgett, Bordman, Blaisdell of Hanover, Clark of Atkinson, Foss of Greenland, Day, Prentiss, Adams, Jones of Goffstown.

On Towns and Parishes—Messrs. Davis of Cornish, Poor, Bixby, Clark of Landaff, Garland, Clough of Barrington, Ladd of Holderness, Morgan, Cole.

On Education—Messrs. Parker, Price, Barber, Palmer, Davis of Antrim, Edgerly, Shannon, Sherburne, Drake of Effingham.

On Incorporations—Messrs. Glidden, Baker, Rollins of Barnstead, Hoyt of Newtown, Pevey, Cotton of Claremont, Woodbury, Page, Hoit of Northwood.

On Agriculture and Manufactures—Messrs. Jones of Bradford, Boyd, Jones of Farmington, Davis of Alton, Cross, Kingsbury of Temple, Marston, Prescott, Little.

On Finance—Messrs. Chandler, Evans of Piermont, Low, Paine, Grannis, Mooney, Stevens, Hussey, Eastman.

On Military Affairs—Messrs. Sanborn of Deerfield, Sanborn of East Kingston, Young of Meredith, Robinson of Poplin, Patten, Pillsbury, Durgin, Barker, Atwood of Pelham.

On Unfinished Business—Messrs. Wilson of Hopkinton, Wiggin of Portsmouth, Savage, Johnson, Marden, Buzzell, Follansbee of Peterborough.

On Bills on their Second Reading-Messrs. Flanders, Moulton, Clark of Manchester, Brackett, Mack.

On Printers' Accounts—Messrs. Wight, Rawlins of Deerfield, Surtevant, Torr, Peaslee.

On Military Accounts—Messrs. Doe, Colby of Weare, Thurston, Rogers, Wallace.

On Claims—Messrs. Hoyt of Northfield, Dennett, Drake of Moultonborough, Marsh, Knowlton.

On the Alteration of Names—Messrs. Emery of Jackson, Moor of Bristol, Sargent of Chesterfield.

Joint Committees on Engrossed Bills—Messrs. Gibson of Newbury, Burnham of Enfield.

On the Library-Messrs. Steele, Kimball, Greenough.

On the State House and State House Yard—Messrs. Weeks, Smith of Dalton, Daniell.

On motion of Mr. Parker of Fitzwilliam-

Resolved, That when the House adjourn this forenoon, they adjourn to meet again on Monday next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

On motion of Mr. Foss of Greenland-

Resolved, That a select committee be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to assign committee rooms to the several standing committees.

Ordered, That Messrs. Foss of Greenland, Cook of Richmond and Clough of Orange be the committee on the part of the

House.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a resolution, appointing a joint select committee to prepare and report rules for the government of the two Houses the present session, and have on their part joined Mr. Hatch.

The Senate concur with the House in the passage of a resolution, directing the Clerk of the House to procure under the supervision of the commissioners appointed to revise the laws, three hundred printed copies of the report of said commissioners with

the accompanying documents."

Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, from the committee appointed to inform His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Council and Senate, that prayers will be attended in the Representatives' Hall, at a quarter before ten o'clock in the forenoon of each day of the session and invite their attendance, reported that the committee have attended to the duty assigned them.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a committee, to procure three hundred printed copies of the rules of the House, and the joint rules of the two Houses, the Constitution of the United States, the Constitution of this State, the names of the several members of the Legislature and its officers and their boarding houses, with a list of the standing committees in each of its branches, for the use of both branches of the Legislature the present session, and have on their part joined Mr. Hale.

The Senate also concur with the House, in the appointment of a committee to assign committee rooms to the several standing

committees, and have on their part joined Mr. Smith."

On motion of Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, The House adjourned.

Excellency's Message with the accompa

## aving Report lie o MONDAY, JUNE 6, 1842.

appointed on the part of the Mr. Page presented the petition of Thomas J. Chadwick, pray-

ing for the removal of an officer.

Mr. Barker presented the petition of John Cowdery and others, officers of the 20th Regiment of N. H. Militia, praying for , the removal of an officer.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the Committee on

Military Affairs.

Mr. Glidden presented the petition of sundry inhabitants of Unity, praying for an alteration of the law authorizing school districts to build and repair school houses, passed July 6, 1827.

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Lang presented the petition of Samuel M. Bartlett and others, praying to have the farm of said Bartlett disannexed from the town of Bath and annexed to the town of Landaff, for the purpose of schooling. as anomalia un

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on Education. Mr. Barber presented the petition of Nathaniel Prime, Jr.,

praying for the alteration of his name.

Mr. Bordman presented the petition of Stephen Leavitt, jr., praying for the alteration of his name.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on the alteration of names. has amido no accommon

The following message in writing from His Excellency the Governor was received by the Secretary of State, which was read: No. 10, by the committee on the Judiciary.

"To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives :

I herewith transmit a report, recently made to me by the State Geologist, giving an account of the operations of the last year and the present condition of the Geological survey of the State.

The report contains many valuable suggestions in relation to the completion of the work and which may aid the Legislature in

their further action upon this subject.

In the communication, accompanying the report which I receivfrom Dr. Jackson, he remarks that the amount of three thousand dollars may be required to meet the expenses of the survey for HENRY HUBBARD. the present year.

Council Chamber, June 6, 1842."

The reading of the report was called for,

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston,

Resolved, That His Excellency's Message with the accompanying Report lie on the table.

On motion of Mr. Sawver,

Resolved, That a committee be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to audit the accounts of the Treasurer of this State.

Ordered, That Messrs. Goldthwaite, Sawyer and Kimball be

the committee on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate

Mr. Foss of Greenland, from the joint select committee appointed to assign committee rooms to the several standing committees, by leave

Reported the following resolution,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That committee rooms numbered 6, 7 and 8, be occupied by committees of the Senate, and the following rooms by committees of the House of Representatives-viz:

No. 1, by committees on Elections and Banks

No. 2, by committees on Incorporations and the alteration of

No. 3, by committees on Agriculture and Manufactures and on

No. 4, by committees on Roads, Bridges and Canals, and on Public Lands de or berreler ed anomie

No. 5, by committees on Claims and on Printers' Accounts. No. 9, by committees on Unfinished Business, on the State Prison and on Bills on their Second Reading.

No. 10, by the committee on the Judiciary.

No. 11, by committees on Military Affairs and on Military Accounts.

No. 12, by committees on Education and on the Library.

No. 13, by committees on Towns and Parishes and the Select committees.

No. 6, by the committee on Engrossed Bills.

No. 8, by the committee on the State House and the State House Yard.

On the question,

Shall the resolution pass?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Tebbetts of Rochester submitted the following resolution: Resolved, That the committee on Education, be instructed, to inquire into the expediency of expending the literary fund in purchasing selections from the several school district libraries, and distributing the same among the several towns in this State, in the same manner the said fund has been heretofore distributed, and to report by bill or otherwise.

On the question,

Shall the resolution be adopted? It was decided in the negative.

So the resolution was not adopted. On motion of Mr. Clark of Landaff-

Resolved, That a select committee be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, for the purpose of fixing on a day on which the business of the present session may be brought to a close.

Ordered, That Messrs. Parker, Clark of Landaff and Flan-

ders be the committee.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

On motion of Mr. Butler-

Resolved, That the committee on the Judciary be instructed, to inquire into the expediency of so amending the law, that towns shall not be liable to pay any individual the damages assessed by reason of any highway having been laid out over such individuals land, until said land shall be entered upon for the purpose of making such highway, and report by bill or otherwise.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate have passed a joint resolution as-

signing Wednesday next at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, as the time for proceeding in the choice of a Senator to the Congress of the United States, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the Hon. Franklin Pierce, in which they ask the concurrence of the House.

The Senate concur with the House in the appointment of a committee to audit the account of the Treasurer of this State

and have on their part joined Mr. Warner."

On motion of Mr. Wight-

Resolved, That the House concur with the Senate in the passage of said resolution.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate have passed the resolution, reported by the joint select committee, assigning committee rooms to the several standing committees of the Legislature."

On motion of Mr. Tuck-

Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary be instructed, to inquire what alteration, if any, is expedient to be made in the Judiciary of this State, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Savage-

Resolved, That a select committee be appointed, to take into consideration the message of His Excellency the Governor and report what disposition shall be made of the several subjects embraced therein.

Ordered, That Messrs. Davis of Cornish, Tyler and Gove be

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, from the joint select committee, appointed to procure three hundred printed copies of the rules, &c. for the use of the House,

Reported, that they have attended to the duty assigned them,

and that said rules are now ready for distribution.

Which report was accepted.

And then on motion-

The House adjourned.

## TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1842.

Mr. Tilton presented the petition of Edward Chase and oth-

are such highway, and report by hill or otherwise

ers, praying for the repeal of an act passed at the last session of the Legislature, entitled "An act to prevent the destruction of fish in Winnipisseogee Lake and the Bays of the Winnipisseogee River;"

Also, the petition of Ezekiel Dow and others, and the petition of Thomas Wilder and others, praying for the same object;

Mr. Torr presented the petition of Daniel Rogers and others,

praying for a bounty on crows killed in this State;

Mr. Hamlin presented the petition of Samuel Wilbur and others, praying for a bounty on the growth of silk;

Mr. Goldthwaite presented the petition of Amos Gleason and

others, praying for the same object;

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committe on

Agriculture and Manufactures.

Mr. Steele presented the petition of Joel Brown and another, officers of the 22d regiment N. H. militia, praying for the removal of an officer;

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield, presented the petition of Sewall P. Flanders and others, officers of the company of cavalry in the 18th regiment N. H. militia, praying for the removal of an officer;

Mr. Porter of Derry, presented the petition of Truman Corning and others, officers of the 8th regiment of N. H. militia, praying for the removal of an officer;

Also, the petition of James M. Murphey and others, officers of

the same regiment, praying for the removal of an officer;

Mr. Bordman presented two several petitions of William A. White and another, each praying for the removal of an office;

Mr. Little presented the petition of Jacob Reddington and others, field officers of the 31st regiment of N. H. militia, praying for the removal of an officer;

Mr. Hoyt of Northwood, presented the petition of C. L. Brown and others, praying that the 7th company in the 18th regiment may be divided;

Mr. Barker presented the petition of Levi Barker, Col. of the 20th regiment of N. H. militia, and another, praying for the removal of an officer;

Mr. Cummings presented the petition of George W. Stearns and others, praying for the removal of two officers of the 12th regiment;

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, presented the petition of E. G. Wood and others, officers of the 23d regiment of N. H. militia, praying that the Artillery company belonging to said regiment be

annexed to the Granite Guards, and for power to appoint an additional officer;

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Military Affairs.

Mr. Dame presented the petition of Benjamin Lucas and others, inhabitants of school district No. 5, in the town of Rumney, and inhabitants of school district No. 7, in the town of Wentworth, praying to be incorporated into one school district;

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Education.

Mr. Porter presented the the petition of Moses C. Pillsbury and others, praying for the incorporation of a Mutual Fire Insurance Company at Derry;

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Incorpora-

tions.

Mr. Daniell presented the petition of Simeon Brown, praying that his farm be disannexed from the town of Andover and annexed to the town of Franklin;

Mr. Laighton presented the petition of Richard Pickering of Newington, praying that his farm may be disannexed from the town of Newington and annexed to the town of Portsmouth;

Mr. Huntington presented the petition of Samuel Abbott and

others, praying for an act of incorporation of a new town;

Also, the petition of John Dodge and others, praying for

the same object;

Mr. Booth presented the petition of Stephen and J. Collins and others, praying that a tract of land may be severed from the town of Newbury and annexed to the town of Goshen;

Mr. Glines presented the petition of Phineas Rosebrook, Jr., and others, praying that Nash and Sawyer's Location may be annexed to the town of Carroll;

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Towns and Parishes.

Mr. Andrews presented the petition of William Boardman, Charles F. Gove, Samuel Merrill and 473 others, legal voters of the town of Nashua, praying that said town be divided and a new town constituted;

Mr. Noves moved that said petition lie on the table, com

And the question being put, and between a summer of the

So the motion was not adopted.

Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Todd presented the petition of Nelson Richardson and 95

others, praying for a right of ferry across the Connecticut River at Hinsdale;

Mr. Austin presented the petition of Hezekiah Colby and others, praying for a grant of a toll bridge across the Merrimack

River at Hooksett Falls:

Mr. Clark of Manchester, presented the petition of Isaac Riddle and others, praying for the extension of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the proprietors of Litchfield and Merrimack Bridge ;"

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Wiggin of Ossipee, presented the petition of John M'-

Norton of Ossipee, praying for the alteration of his name;

Mr. Jones of Bradford, presented the petition of Peter Codanian, praying for the alteration of his name, and that of his family; Mr. Ladd, of Epping, presented the petition of John D. F.

Barker, praying for the alteration of his name;

Mr. Barrett of Wilton, presented the petition of Orlando

Smith, praying for the alteration of his name;

Mr. Woodbury presented the petition of John H. Fifield and two others, praying for the alteration of their names;

Mr. Cole presented the petition of Sally Moody, praying

for the alteration of her name and that of her child;

Mr. Hammond presented the petition of Samuel Hartshorn, praying for the alteration of the name of Wellington Hartshorn;

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, presented the petition of William

W. Patch, praying for the alteration of his name;

Ordered That said petitions be referred to the committee on the Alteration of names.

Mr. Laighton presented the annual report of the Directors of the Eastern Railroad in New Hampshire;

Mr. Peirce of Dover presented the annual report of the Direc-

tors of the Boston and Maine railroad;

The speaker laid before the House the report of the Directors of the Concord railroad, which had been made to the House, agreeably to the charter of said railroad:

The reading of said reports was called for,

Which were severally read. On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That said reports be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals. .

On motion of Mr. Porter-

Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary be instructed, to inquire into the expediency of so amending the law, relative to the descent and distribution of estates, that mothers shall be entitled to the same share in the estates of their children dying while minors, that they now are or may be entitled to, in the estates of their children dying after full age. bird flot a lo many a tol yeaver and

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston, gave notice, that he will tomorrow ask leave to introduce a bill, entitled "An act in addition

to the several acts relating to taxation." 101 mileta and bee sib

Mr. Wells gave notice, that he will to-morrow ask leave to introduce a bill, entitled "An act relating to banking institutions."

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Resolved, That the Clerk be instructed to procure, as early as possible, the printing of so much of the report of the Commissioners on the revision of the laws, as relate to the militia. I homov

Agreeably to previous notice, and by leave, and by leave,

Mr. Bordman introduced a bill, entitled "An act to repeal an act, entitled an act to render void the settlements of paupers gained under any law passed prior to 1796, and to prevent litiga-Mr. Barrett of Wilton, presented the penning of O. M. noit Which was read a first time. As not provided and pully and admit

On motion of Mr. Waldron and batasand wandhoo W . M. Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a second time at the present time by its title.

The bill was then read a second time. In the lo not significant and to

On motion of Mr. Waldron-1 and banasana banagasti all

Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on the Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, presented the pet Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Pillsbury - smalls add to gaiveng dois?

Resolved, That a select committee consisting of the delegation from the county of Rockingham, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of altering the times of holding the Court of Common Pleas in the county of Rockingham. was at bacadis A material and And then on motion—

The House adjourned. Las consed ed to 210: The speaker laid before the House the report of the Direc-

## AFTERNOON. Wall to motion of Ordered, That said reports be referred to the conmittee on

agreeably to the charter of said carin

Which were severally read.

The reading of said reports was called for

Mr. Wilson of Hopkinton, from the committee on Unfinished Business, by leave, made a report, Whereupon -- no expediency of so exceeding the law-noquerah W

Resolved, That the bill, entitled "An act to recharter the President, Directors and Company of the New Hampshire Union Bank -the petition of Ambrose Cossitt and others, praying for an act incorporating the Sullivan County Bank-the bill entitled "An act to incorporate the Amoskeag Savings Bank"-also the petition of Nathaniel Batchelder and others, praying for an act incorporating the Swamscot Bank, be referred to the committee on Banks. Mr. Wilson from the same committee made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petition of Benjamin Clendennin and others, praying for a division of the town of Salem—the petition of Orrin Garnsey and others, praying for the severance of a part of the town of Lisbon and annexing the same to the town of Franconia -the petition of Jeremiah Herrick and William Tenney of Marlborough, praying that a piece of land belonging to them, lying in the town of Swanzey, be disannexed from the town of Swanzey and annexed to the town of Marlborough-the petition of William Emerson and others-the petition of Richard Pickeringthe petition of Samuel Osgood-and the petition of William How and others, be referred to the committee on Towns and Parishes.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate have adopted the joint rules reported by the joint select committee appointed for that purpose, for the government of the two Houses the present session, with an amendment, in which they ask the concurrence of the House."

The rules were as follows:

### JOINT RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

1. When a Convention of the two Houses is to be formed, whether by requirement of the Constitution, or by a vote or resolve of the two Houses, a message shall be sent from the House of Representative to the Senate, giving notice when the House will meet the Senate in Convention. As soon thereafter as the convenience of the Senate will permit, they will attend in the House. The Speaker of the House shall be Chairman of the Convention, and shall state the reason for forming the Convention. When the House and Senate are thus formed in Convention, the rules adopted as the rules of the House, shall be considered the rules of the Convention, so far as they may be deemed applicable, and the Convention shall accordingly be governed thereby.

2. Messages shall be sent by such person or persons, as a sense of propriety, in each House, may determine to be proper.

3. When a message shall be sent from either House, to the other, it shall be announced at the door of the House to which it

may be sent by the door-keeper.

4. While bills are on their passage between the two Houses, they shall be under the signature of the Clerk of each House res-

bills, consisting of two members of each House. All bills that pass both Houses shall be delivered to said committee, be by them engrossed, carefully examined, and reported to the respective Houses; and shall be signed, first by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, then by the President of the Senate.

6. There shall be a committee, to consist of three member of the Ilouse and one of the Senate, on each of the following subjects, to wit:—

On all matters relative to the State Library, and on all matters

relative to the State House and State House Yard.

7. When a bill or resolve, which shall have passed in one House, is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given to the House in which the same may have passed.

S. Each House shall transmit to the other, all papers on which

any bill or resolve shall be founded.

9. Each House shall transmit to the other all bills which have passed their several stages in the House in which they originated, at least twenty-four hours before the time fixed on for adjournment.

10. After each House shall have adhered to their disagreement,

a bill or resolve shall be considered lost.

Said amendment was by striking out the words "twenty four" in the 9th rule and inserting instead thereof the "words forty-eight."

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-

Resolved. That the House concur with the Honorable Senate in the adoption of the foregoing report, by striking out the foregoing amendment proposed by the Honorable Senate.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

On motion of Mr. Dow-

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire whether persons who are exempted by law from the performance of military duty, be entitled to a bounty under the

act of June session, 1837, provided they do perform said duty, and report by bill or otherwise.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate insist on their amendment to the joint rules, reported by the joint select committee."

On motion of Mr. Parker-

Ordered, That said report lie on the table.

On motion of Mr. Haley-

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending the militia laws of this State, as to make it the duty of the captains or commanding officers of companies, to sign and issue the warrants to the sergeants in their respective companies; also, to make it the duty of the commanding officers of companies to make (in conjunction with the annual return which they are now by law required to make to the selectmen) a return of the delinquents of their several companies, with the fines attached to such delinquencies, and to make such fines payable to the selectmen or to their order.

On motion,

The House adjourned.

# return of sondry inhabitants of the four of Williams WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1842.

Mr. Cross presented the memorial of Zebediah Shattuck and others, remonstrating against the right of Leonard W. Noyes of Nashua, to a seat in this House

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on Elections. Mr. Parker presented the petition of the Fitzwilliam Artillery Company, praying for an appropriation for a gun house.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Military

Affairs.

Mr. Drake of Effingham presented the petition of Josiah Dearborn and others, praying for additional provision in suits at law, wherein the plaintiff lives out of the State.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on the Judi-

ciary.

Mr. Cotton of Danville presented a petition signed "A. S. F.," relating to the Exeter Savings Bank.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Banks.

Mr. Neal presented the petition of Nathaniel G. Corliss and others, praying for the repeal of an act, passed at the last session of the Legislature, entitled "An act to prevent the destruction of fish in the Winnipissiogee Lake and the bays of the Winnipissiogee River.

Mr. Chandler presented the petition of Calvin Clement and others, praying for the passage of a law, making penal the shoot-

ing of pigeons or other birds.

Mr. Grannis presented the petition of George S. Chase and others, praying for a bounty on the raising of silk.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Agriculture and Manufactures.

Mr. Parker presented the petition of H. Carpenter and others, praying for the removal of a Justice of the Peace, with the accompanying papers.

Ordered, That the petition, with the accompanying papers, be

referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Chandler presented the petition of Thomas Rundlett and others, praying for an act, incorporating a branch Railroad from Goff's Falls to Piscataquog Village.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Roads,

Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Emerton presented two petitions of sundry inhabitants of

the town of Columbia, praying for a division of said town;

Also, the petition of sundry inhabitants of the town of Kilkenny and others, praying that a part of said town be annexed to the town of Jefferson.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Towns and Parishes.

Mr. Poor presented the petition of Elijah Hogg, praying for the alteration of his name and of the names of his children.

Mr. Wilkins presented the petition of Reuben Hodgman, pray-

ing for the alteration of his name.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on the Alteration of Names.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed an address, for the removal of John T. Burnham, from the office of Justice of the

Peace, in which they ask the concurrence of the House.

"The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a committee, for the purpose of fixing on a day on which the business of the present session may be brought to a close, and have on their part joined Mr. Colby."

The question being, on concurring with the Honorable Senate in the passage of said address—

Before the question was taken, On motion of Mr. Parker—

Ordered, That the address, with the accompanying papers, be

referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Norris, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act, to repeal an act entitled an act, to render void the settlement of paupers, gained under any law passed prior to 1796, and to prevent litigation," reported the following resolution:

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject

of the bill at this time.

The question being upon the passage of the resolution,

Mr. Wells moved, that the report and resolution lie on the table.

And the question being put— It was decided in the negative, So said motion was not adopted.

Mr. Wells moved, that the further consideration of the report and resolution be postponed to Friday next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and made the special order of the day at that time.

And the question being put,
It was decided in the negative.
So said motion was not adopted.
The question recurring—

Shall the resolution pass?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution passed.

Mr. Parker, from the committee on Education, to whom was referred the petition of Samuel M. Bartlett and others, praying that the farm of said Bartlett may be disannexed from the town of Bath and annexed to the town of Landaff, for the purpose of schooling, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. Wilson of Hopkinton, from the committee on Unfinished
Business, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the bill, entitled "An act, to constitute the County of Stark," the bill entitled "An act, authorizing the stewards of churches to hold lands for certain purposes;" the bill, entitled "An act, to establish a new organization of the Courts of Common Pleas;" the bill, entitled "An act, giving further powers to Justices of the Peace," and the petition of Josiah Dear-

born, praying for an act, in relation to the repairing of meeting houses, be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Wilson of Hopkinton, from the same committee, made a

further report,
Whereupon—

Resolved, That the petition of John Greenfield and others, praying for a grant of a Railroad from Great Falls to Rochester; the bill, entitled "An act, in addition to and in amendment of an act, entitled an act, to incorporate the Granite Bridge, passed June, 1839;" and the petition of R. Armington and others, praying for a bridge between Lyman, N. H., and Barnet, Vt., at or near Stevens' Island, so called, be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Wilson of Hopkinton, from the same committee, made a

further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petition of James Page and others, praying that a tract of land be severed from the town of Albany, and annexed to the town of Tamworth; and the petition of William Emerson and others, praying that the farm of Daniel McNeal may be severed from the town of Barnstead and annexed to the town of Alton, be referred to the committee on Towns and Parishes.

Mr. Wilson of Hopkinton, from the same committee, made a

report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petition of the fifth company of infantry, praying to be disannexed from the 19th and annexed to the 29th regiment; the petition of the field officers of the 31st regiment of N. H. militia, praying for an amendment of the militia law; the petition of the field officers of the first regiment of N. H. militia, praying for the removal of an officer; the petition of Benjamin F. Phelps and another, praying for a new piece of ordnance for the artillery company in the 28th regiment; the petition of Moses Page, colonel of the 7th regiment, praying for the removal of an officer; the petition of Smith M. Glidden and others, praying for an appropriation for musical instruments; also the petition of Joseph Montgomery and others, praying for the removal of an officer, be referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Wilson of Hopkinton, from the same committee, made a

further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the bill, entitled "An act, relating to Railroad corporations," be referred to the committee on Incorporations.

Mr. Chandler presented the report of the Directors of the Granite Bridge.

On motion of Mr. Chandler-

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Carals.

On motion of Mr. Norris-

The House proceeded to the special order of the day, to choose by ballot, a Senator to the Congress of the United States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. Franklin Pierce, and Hon. Leonard Wilcox was elected.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

On motion of Mr. Sargent-

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of authorizing towns, by a vote of the town, to empower their selectmen or their agents, to give bonds in behalf of the town, for the State arms, in the same manner as individuals are now authorized to do, and to report by bill or otherwise.

On motion-

The House adjourned.

# AFTERNOON.

The Speaker laid before the House the seventh annual report of the Directors of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad corporation, which had been presented to the House, agreeably to the charter of said railroad.

On motion of Mr. Parker-

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Liscomb presented the account of the expenditures and profits of the fourth Turnpike Road in New Hampshire.

On motion of Mr. Emerton—

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Roads,

Bridges and Canals.

A message in writing, from His Excellency the Governor, was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:

"To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives:

I herewith transmit a communication from the Board of visitors

of the New Hampshire Asylum for the Insane, accompanied by a report from a committee appointed to superintend the erection of the public building connected with that institution, and also a report from the Board of Trustees.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 8, 1842."

On motion of Mr. Waldron-

Ordered, That His Excellency's message, with the accompanying report, lie on the table, and that the Clerk be directed to procure three hundred printed copies of the same for the use of the House.

Agreeably to previous notice, and by leave, Mr. Wells introduced a bill, entitled "An act, relating to banking institutions,"

Which was read a first time. On motion of Mr. Wells—

Ordered, That the bill lie on the table, and that the Clerk be directed to procure three hundred printed copies of the same for the use of the House.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston-

The House resumed the consideration of the message of His Excellency the Governor, with the report of the Warden of the State Prison and the accompanying documents.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston-

Ordered, That the same be referred to the committee on the State Prison.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that Mr. Wells have leave at this time, to introduce four several bills.

Mr. Wells introduced a bill, entitled "An act in amendment of an act entitled an act, to incorporate the Nashua and Lowell Railroad corporation," approved June 23, 1835.

Which was read a first time. On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That said bill lie on the table, and that the Clerk be directed to notify two of the Directors of said corporation, by mail, of the pendency of said bill.

Mr. Wells introduced a bill, entitled "An act in amendment of an act entitled an act, to incorporate the Eastern Railroad in New-Hampshire, approved June 18, 1836."

Which was read a first time. On motion of Mr. Wells—

Ordered, That said bill lie on the table, and that the Clerk be

directed to inform two of the Directors of said corporation, by

mail, of the pendency of said bill.

Mr. Wells introduced a bill, entitled "An act in amendment of an act entitled an act, to incorporate the Concord Railroad corporation, approved June 27, 1835."

Which was read a first time.
On motion of Mr. Wells—

Ordered, That said bill lie on the table, and that the Clerk be directed to notify, by mail, two of the Directors of said corpora-

tion of the pendency of said bill.

Mr. Wells introduced a bill, entitled "An act in addition to and in amendment of an act entitled an act, to incorporate the Boston and Maine Railroad, approved June 27, 1835."

Which was read a first time. On motion of Mr. Wells—

Ordered, That said bill lie on the table, and that the Clerk be directed to notify, by mail, two of the Directors of said corporation of the pendency of said bill.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate have chosen the Hon. Lecnard Wilcox a Senator from this State to the Congress of the United States, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the Hon. Franklin Pierce."

On motion of Mr. Young of Meredith-

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of dividing the second division of the New Hampshire militia into two divisions, and each division into two brigades, and report by bill or otherwise.

Agreeably to previous notice, and by leave, Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston, introduced a bill, entitled "An act in addition to

the several acts relating to taxation."

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That it be read a second time to-morrow forenoon at eleven o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Bordman-

Resolved, That the House are now ready to meet the Senate in Convention for the purpose of reading, counting and recording the votes of the several towns in this State, upon the subject of a revision of the Constitution.

Ordered, 'That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

#### IN CONVENTION.

The Senate and House of Representatives being assembled in

Convention in the Representatives' Hall,

The Secretary of State came in and laid before the Convention the returns of votes given ni,ni the several towns and places in this State, on the second Tuesday of March last, on the question of a revision of the Constitution of this State.

On motion of Mr. Perley of the Senate-

Ordered, That said returns be referred to a select committee, with instructions to sort and count the same, and cast and compare their numbers and report thereon.

Ordered, That Messrs. Smith of the Senate, Bordman, Ham-

mond and Nay of the House, be the committee.

On motion of Mr. M'Daniel of the Senate— The Convention rose and the Senate withdrew.

#### IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

A message in writing from His Excellency the Governor, was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:

"To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives :

I herewith transmit the report of the commissioners of the Literary fund, agreeably to the act of June 29, 1841.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 8, A. D. 1842."

On motion of Mr. Hoyt of Northfield-

Ordered, That His Excellency's message, with the accompanying report, be referred to the committee on Education.

And then on motion-

The House adjourned.

in Convenient for the purpose of took or, counting and recording

#### THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1842.

Mr. Felton presented the petition of Joel Angier, Jr., praying

for an alteration of the laws relating to taxation, so as to require the deduction from each person's inventory of the amount of his debts, to the extent of the inventory of his personal property, and no more.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on the Judi-

ciary.

Mr. Kingsbury presented the petition of Daniel Holt and another, praying to be severed from District No. 4 in Temple, and

annexed to the West Wilton School District.

Mr. Felton presented the petition of Cephas Cummings and several others, praying for the repeal of an act passed at the June session, 1841, severing a part of school district No. 16, in Haverhill, from said district, and annexing the same to district No. 11, in Bath, for the purpose of schooling.

Ordered That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Education.

Mr. Davis presented the petition of Timothy Danforth and others, praying for a railroad from Wilton to Merrimack or Nashua;

Also, the petition of Josiah Russell, Jr., and others, praying for

the same object;

Also, the petition of J. C. Patterson and others, praying for a railroad in Merrimack, Amherst Milford and Wilton;

Also the petitition of Paul Fuller and others, praying for a rail-

roand from Wilton to Merrimack or Nashua.

Mr. Clark of Manchester, presented the petition of Levi Wilkins and others, praying for a charter of a railroad from Nashua and Merrimack to Wilton;

Also, the petition of George Griffin and others, praying for a toll bridge over the Merrimack river, between the towns of Litch-

field and Merrimack;

Also, the petition of David A. Gregg and others; Also, the petition of Samuel Dickey and others;

All praying for the same object.

Mr. Bassett presented the petition of Ephraim Hackett and 90 others, praying for a railroad from East Wilton to Nashua.

Mr. Bordman presented the petition of Ebenezer S. Lawrence and 139 others, praying for an act of incorporation of a railroad from Concord to Meredith.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the Committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Parker, from the committee on Education, to whom was referred the petition of the inhabitants of school district No. 5, in Rumney, and No. 7, in Wentworth, reported a bill, entitled "An

act, to unite school district No. 5, in the town of Rumney, with school district No. 7, in the town of Wentworth."

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That it be read a second time this forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of Moses Page, Colof the 7th Regiment N. H. Militia, praying for the removal of an officer, made a report.

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioner have leave to withdraw his peti-

Mr. Porter, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred a resolution, instructing them to inquire into the expediency of so amending the law, that towns shall not be liable to pay any individual the damage assessed by reason of any highway having been laid out over his land, until said land shall be entered upon for the purpose of making the highway, reported a bill, entitled.

"An act relating to damages occasioned by the laying out of highways."

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That it be read a second time this forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Norris, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Josiah Dearborn, praying for an act of the Legislature for the purpose of repairing meeting houses, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioner have leave to withdraw his peti-

The following message in writing from His Excellency the Governor was received by the Secretary of State,

Which was read, and is as follows:-

### "To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives:

I herewith transmit to the Legislature the Reports of the Bank Commissioners, showing the condition of the several Banks in this State, at the time of their last examination.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 9, 1842."

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That His Excellency's message with the accompanying documents be referred to the committee on Banks.

Mr. Norris, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill entitled "An act to constitute the county of Stark," made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be requested to lay before the House the returns of votes from the several towns in the counties of Rockingham and Hillsborough and from the town of Hooksett, in the county of Merrimack, given in in said towns at the last annual meetings in said towns, upon the following question, to wit: "Is it expedient that a new county should be formed, to consist of parts of Rockingham, Hillsborough and Merrimack counties?"

On motion of Mr. Sanborn, of East Kingston-

Resolved, That a committee be appointed on the part of the House with such as the Senate may join, to wait on His Excellency the Governor and inform him that the Hon. Leonard Wilcox is elected Senator to the United States Senate, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the Hon. Franklin Pierce.

Ordered, That Messrs. Blodgett, Sanborn of East Kingston

and Bissell, be the committee on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a committee, to wait on His Excellency the Governor and inform him, that the Hon. Leonard Wilcox is elected Senator from this State to the Congress of the United States to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of the Hon. Franklin Pierce, and have on their part joined Mr. Treadwell.

On motion of Mr. Butler-

Resolved, That the House are now ready to meet the Senate in Convention, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution.

# IN CONVENTION.

The Senate and House of Representatives being assembled in Convention in the Representatives Hall,

On motion of Mr. Gibson, of the House-

The Convention proceeded by ballot to the choice of Secretary of State, and Josiah Stevens, jr. was elected.

On motion of Mr. M'Daniel of the Senate-

The Convention proceeded by ballot to the choice of State Treasurer, and Zenas Clement was elected.

On motion of Mr. Treadwell, of the Senate—
The Convention rose and the Senate withdrew.

#### IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Glidden-

The House proceeded by ballot to the choice of State Printers, and Messrs. Carroll & Baker were elected.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

On motion of Mr. Wallace-

Resolved, That when the House adjourn this forenoon they adjourn to meet again at four o'clock this afternoon.

On motion-

The House adjourned.

#### AFTERNOON.

mote the tree Senate by their Clerk:

Mr. Clark of Manchester moved, that the House adjourn.

And the question being put,

It was decided in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Rawlins—

Resolved, That a committee be appointed on the part of the House with such as the Senate may join, to wait on the Secretary and Treasurer elect and inform them of their election to their respective offices, and if they accept, to receive of them the customary bonds and lay the same before the Convention.

Ordered, That Messrs. Rawlins, Clark of Manchester and Hoyt of Northfield, be the committee on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

Mr. Bordman gave notice, that he will to-morrow ask leave to introduce a bill in relation to Railroads.

On motion of Mr. Parker-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended,

that all bills, which were in order for a second reading at eleven o'clock this forenoon, be read a second time at the present time.

The House accordingly proceeded to the order of the day, upon the bill entitled "An act in addition to the several acts relating to taxation."

Which was read a second time. On motion of Mr. Blaisdell—

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on the Ju-

diciary.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the bill entitled "An act to unite School District No. 5, in the town of Rumney and School District No. 7, in the town of Wentworth."

Which was read a second time.

Ordered, That the bill be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the bill, entitled "An act relating to damages occasioned by the laying out of Highways."

Which was read a first and second time. Mr. Parker moved an amendment to the bill.

And the question being put, Shall the amendment be adopted?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the amendment was adopted.

Ordered, That the bill be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Tebbetts of Gilmanton-

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed, to inquire into the expediency of making an appropriation for the erection of a gun house in the 10th Regiment 2d Brigade and 2d Division of the N. H. Militia, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Edgerly-

Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the office of crier in our Superior Court and in the several County Courts.

Mr. Flanders gave notice, that he will to-morrow ask leave to introduce a bill entitled "An act allowing a certain premium for

killing foxes."

Mr. Bordman introduced sundry resolutions which were read and are as follows:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the true object of all government is the protection and security of individuals in their lawful pursuits: the inherent rights of all are the same; favors should not

therefore be bestowed upon individuals or classes which are not equally open to all; all laws therefore which have for their object the accumulation of wealth in great masses, or which serve to promote private pecuniary interests alone, are contrary to the genius and spirit of a democratic government, and ought never to be enacted.

2. Whatever advantages other governments may derive from a great national debt, a democracy has no favors to expect from this quarter. The true theory of our government in this respect is to pay down and no trust. Its expenditures should therefore in time of peace, be limited to its ability of immediate and prompt

payment.

3. As government is established for the benefit of the people and the whole people, and not for the private interests of those who may be entrusted with the administration of its affairs, an adequate compensation should be provided for their labors. But neither salaries or per diem allowances should be so great, as to

make office desirable for the wealth it may bestow.

4. If the blessings of freedom are to be enjoyed and perpetuated, prudence and economy must mark our course both in the public and private walks of life. As extravagance of expenditure in the domestic circle is the precursor of ruin to the individual, so a careless regard for the public interests and prodigality in the expenditures of the government are the sure road to polit-

ical death.

- 5. That the distribution of any of the revenue belonging to the general government, from whatever source that revenue may have been devived, is not authorized by the constitution; that its influence is highly prejudicial to a healthful state of public sentiment; that such distribution at the present time when our credit and character are severely suffering from want of ability to meet our pecuniary engagements, would be a foul blot upon our fair fame, which we have labored hard to earn and are still willing to labor hard to maintain, and that the bill passed at the extra session of Congress in 1841, authorizing the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, meets our entire disapproval, and we can never consent to receive any portion thereof.
- 6. That it would be more in accordance with our views and feelings if Congress should devise some means for the payment of the public debt, for restoring our credit and maintaining our honor unsullied, than attempt to fill our pockets from an empty treasury.

7. That it is of the highest importance, that our public engagements should be held sacred; the breath of suspicion should not

be allowed to fall upon them. A State would be authorized to refuse a fulfilment of its contracts, only in cases so palpable that the whole country shall respond a hearty amen to it. Such a case we do not think has yet occurred in this country.

8. That the history of the past political year of our country has served greatly to increase our confidence in the Independent Treasury; that its repeal has in our view been attended with disastrous consequences to the interests of the people, and our only

safety lies in a speedy return to its principles.

9. That neither the constitution or sound policy authorize a duty for any other purpose than revenue. That individuals when left free to manage their business in their own way will take better care of it than the government can for them. That the cause of the present depressed state of our manufacturing interests is to be sought for in some other quarter than want of governmental patronage.

10. That our Senators in Congress be instructed, and our Representatives be requested, to use their efforts to obtain a repeal of

the distribution and bankrupt acts.

11. That the Secretary be directed to furnish each of our delegation in Congress with a copy of the foregoing resolutions.

On motion of Mr. Flanders-

Ordered, That said resolutions lie on the table.

On motion of Mr. Haley—

Resolved, That the committee on Education be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending the laws, relating to primary schools, so as to make it punishable by fine, for any scholar (after having been expelled from any school by the superintending school committee of the town where such scholar resides) to re-enter such school until such scholar has been restored, either by said committee, or the instructor of such school, and that the parent, master or guardian of such scholar shall be liable for said fine.

On motion of Mr. Davis of Cornish— The House adjourned.

# FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1842.

Mr. Durgin presented the petition of Caleb Smart and others, praying that a gore of land be severed from the town of Waterville and annexed to the town of Thornton.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield, presented the petition of Lowell Eastman and others, praying that a portion of the town of Deerfield be severed from the town of Deerfield and annexed to the town of Epsom;

Also, the memorial of Ira St. Clair and others, remonstrating

against the granting of the prayer of said petition.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on Towns and Parishes.

Mr. Kingsbury presented the petition of George Barrett and 119 others, praying for a Railroad from Nashua to East Wilton.

Mr. Fisk presented the petition of James Simpson and 97 others, praying for the incorporation of a Railroad from Concord to Meredith Bridge.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Parker presented the petition of the Cheshire Turnpike

Corporation, praying for relief in a certain case.

Mr. Palmer presented the petition of John Sawyer and others, praying for the repeal of the law now in force, relating to license for the sale of ardent spirits.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

the Judiciary.

Mr. Eastman presented the petition of Benjamin Gould and others, praying for an act of incorporation for an academy, in the

town of Conway.

Mr. Tenney presented the petition of Jacob Emerson and others, praying for an act of incorporation of a Mutual Fire Insurance Company in Salem.

Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on

Incorporations.

Mr. Waldron presented the petition of Richard Pickering, of Newington, praying that his farm be disannexed from said town of Newington and annexed to the town of Portsmouth, for the purpose of schooling.

Ordered, That said petitition be referred to the committee on

Towns and Parishes.

Mr. Cotton of Claremont presented the memorial of Asahel Dodge, relating to certain alleged improper and illegal conduct of Joel Parker, Chief Justice of New Hampshire, John J. Gilchrist, one of the associate Justices of the Superior Court of said State, and Charles F. Gove, Attorney General of said State.

Mr. Cotton called for the reading of said memorial,

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the petition be referred to a select committee,

consisting of the delegation from the county of Cheshire.

Mr. Woodbury of Acworth presented the petition of I. G. Silsby and others, praying for an amendment of the militia laws, relating to wearing uniform.

Mr. Blodgett presented the petition of the field officers of the 37th regiment of N. H. militia, praying for the removal of an of-

ficer.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield presented the petition of James Drake, colonel of the 18th regiment of N. H. militia, praying for

the removal of an officer in said regiment.

Mr. Peirce of Dover presented the petition of the Dover Artillery, praying for a grant of a gun, and for an appropriation for the purpose of building a gun house.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Military Affairs.

Mr. Garland presented the petition of Thomas Ira Parsons, praying for the alteration of his name.

Mr. Peaslee presented the petition of Alonzo Eaton;

Mr. Gookin presented the petition of Malinda Stevens, praying for the same object.

Mr. Palmer presented the petition of Chellis Currier, praying

for the alteration of the name of Warren O. Currier.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on the Alteration of Names.

Mr. Glidden, from the committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act relating to Railroads," made a report, referred to be a second of the bound of the second of the se

Whereupon-

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject, at this time.

Mr. Glidden, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Moses C. Pillsbury and others, praying for the establishment of a Fire Insurance Company in the town of Derry, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, from the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals, to whom was referred the account of the expenditures and profits of the Fourth Turnpike Road in New Hampshire, made a report,

Wheruepon-

Resolved, That said account is satisfactory, and that the same be placed on file in the office of the Secretary of State.

Mr. Blodgett, from the same committee, to whom was referred the report of the Directors of the Concord Railroad, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the report of the Directors of the Concord Railroad is sufficient and satisfactory, and that the same be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

Mr. Blodgett, from the same committee, to whom was referred the report of the Directors of the Eastern Railroad in New

Hampshire, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the report of the Directors of said Railroad is not satisfactory, inasmuch as it has not given to the Legislature an account of their receipts and expenditures, according to the requirements of their act of incorporation, and that the Clerk notify by mail, two of the Directors of said Railroad, of the passage of this resolution.

Mr. Blodgett, from the same committee, to whom was referred the report of the Directors of the Boston and Maine Railroad, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the report of the Directors of the Boston and Maine Railroad is not satisfactory, inasmuch as it has not given to the Legislature an account of their receipts and expenditures, according to the requirements of their act of incorporation, and that the Clerk notify by mail, two of the Directors of said Railroad, of the passage of this resolution.

Mr. Blodgett, from the same committee, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the report of the Directors of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad is sufficient and satisfactory, and that the same

be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

Mr. Norris, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the resolution, instructing them to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the office of crier in our Superior and several county Courts, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That it is expedient to abolish the office of Crier in the several courts in this State, and that all the duties now performed by such criers be performed by the sheriffs of the several counties, and that said sheriffs receive no additional compensation by reason of the performance of such duties, and that the sesolution be referred to the committee which shall have com-

mitted to them that part of the revised statutes, relating to the subject matter of the resolution.

Mr. Tuck submitted the following resolutions:

1. Resolved, That the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals be discharged from the further consideration of all petitions for Railroads, which shall have been referred to them by the action of this House.

2. Resolved, That the Justices of the Superior Court of Judicature be required to deliver to this House, as soon as may be practicable, their opinions in writing, upon the following questions

of law, to wit:

First-Can the Legislature of this State constitutionally grant to Railroad corporations the power to take, by any process whatever, for the use of such Railroads, the land of private individu-

als without their consent?

Second-Can the Legislature of this State constitutionally grant to Railroad or other private corporations, constituted with the powers and liabilities of those heretofore erected in this State, the right to take, for the use of such Railroads, the land of private individuals without their consent? My molf to nouse areas

On motion of Mr. Norris- and value of behavior bad services

Ordered, That the resolutions lie on the table.

Mr. Parker, from the joint select committee, appointed for the purpose of fixing on a day, on which the present session may be

brought to a close, reported the following resolution: from a special

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the business of the present session may be brought to a close on Saturday, the second day of July next.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the resolution lie on the table.

Mr. Grannis, from the committee on Finance, reported a bill entitled,

"An act, entitled an act providing for the compensation of the officers of the civil list;"

Which was read a first time.

Mr. Grannis moved, that the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a second time at the present time by its title, and laid on the table.

Mr. Wells called for a division of the question.

On the question,

Shall the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a second time at the present time by its title? It was decided in the affirmative and an assuments add

The bill was then read a second time.

On the question,

Shall the bill lie on the table? It was decided in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a third time at the present time.

The bill was then read a third time.

On the question, Shall the bill pass?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the bill passed.

Resolved, That the title of the bill be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

ate therein.

Mr. Blodgett, from the joint select committee, appointed to wait on His Excellency the Governor and inform him, that Hon. Leonard Wilcox is elected Senator from this State to the Congress of the United States to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. Franklin Pierce, reported that the committee had attended to the duty assigned them.

Mr. Gove, from the select committee, to whom was referred the message of His Excellency the Governor, to see what disposition should be made of the several subjects embraced therein,

made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor, as relates to the distribution of the proceeds of the sale of the public lands, a protective tariff, and the bankrupt act, be referred to a select committee consisting of one from each county; that so much as relates to the Judiciary, amendment of laws, increase of the salaries of the justices of the Superior Court, abolishing capital punishment, the appointment of an additional Judge of the Superior Court, the constitutional right of the Legislature to confer upon a private corporation the power to take individual property and appropriate it to its own use and benefit without the owners consent, and that so much as relates to private corporations, be referred to the committee on the Judiciary; that so much as relates to the apportionment of the representation of the country among the respective States, be referred to a select committee; that so much as relates to the militia, be referred to the committee on Military Affairs; that so much as relates to the Geological and Mineralogical survey of the State, be referred to the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures; that so much as

relates to banks and banking, be referred to the committee on Banks; and that so much as relates to the State of Rhode Island, be referred to a select committee consisting of one from each county.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate have on their part elected Messrs. Carroll & Baker, State Printers, for the ensuing political year.

They have also accepted the report of the joint select committee, appointed to audit the accounts of the Treasurer of this

The Senate concur with the House in the appointment of a committee to wait on the Secretary and Treasurer elect, and inform them of their election to their respective offices, and if they accept said offices, to receive of them the customary bonds, and lay the same before the convention, and have on their part joined Mr. Hale."

On motion-

shall be established by law, by one of the loc The House adjourned. attend ; and court to have all the original and appellate presdic-

# in the trial of cases shall be brought before the Superior Court of AFTERNOON.

ed, here said cours so to be established, questions of law arsing

The House proceeded to the order of the day on the bill, entled "An act, relating to damages occasioned by the laying out of highways." Court shall consist of one chief metice and two

Which was read a third time. To the property bing soft

The question being upon the passage of said bill,

Before the question was taken, reonado ar seem ha box media

On motion of Mr. Porter—

Ordered, That the bill lie on the table.

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the bill, entitled "An act, to unite School District No. 5, in the town of Rumney, and School District No. 7, in the town of Wentworth;"

Which was read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass, and that its title be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Manning, by leave, presented the account of John F. personal or transitory actions, where the plaintil is not an aloH Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Military Accounts.

On motion of Mr. Porter— Manon stories and beautiful and

Resolved, That the committee on Education be instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law additional security to prevent money, appropriated by law for the support of schools, from being paid to instructors not furnishing the proper and legal testimonials of their qualifications, and also to prevent such money from being expended in places other than the school houses in the respective school districts, without good cause therefor, approved by the selectmen.

Mr. Norris, from the committee on the Judiciary, submitted

the following resolutions:

Resolved, That it is expedient to abolish the present Court

of Common Pleas as now established in this State.

Resolved, That it is expedient to establish a Court of Common Pleas for the State, to consist of three Judges, the terms of which court shall be holden in the several counties as often as shall be established by law, by one of the Judges thereof, except on trials for treason and murder, at which, two of said judges shall attend; said court to have all the original and appellate jurisdiction exercised by the Court of Common Pleas, as now established, from said court so to be established, questions of law arising in the trial of cases shall be brought before the Superior Court of Judicature for its decision by order of transfer, bill of exceptions, writ of error, certiorari, or otherwise, as now or may be provided by law.

That whenever from any cause, the number of the justices of the Superior Court shall be reduced to three, the said Superior Court shall consist of one chief justice and two associate justices. The said Superior Court to hold two terms a year in each county in the State, for the decision of all questions of law coming before them, and all cases in chancery, and all other matters within the jurisdiction of said Superior Court, as now or may be provided

by law.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the resolutions lie on the table, and be made the special order of the day for Tuesday next at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Porter, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the petition of Josiah Dearborn and others, reported the

following resolutions:

1. Resolved, That it is expedient to provide by law, that all personal or transitory actions, where the plaintiff is not an inhab-

itant of this State, shall be brought in the county where the defend-

ant is an inhabitant, and not elsewhere.

2. Resolved, That it is not expedient to provide by law, that where the owner or payee of any negotiable security for money, shall endorse or assign the same to another, without the intention to make an actual bonafide transfer of the beneficial right or interest therein, but for the purpose of causing an action to be brought thereon for the benefit of the endorser, or some person other than the plaintiff, it shall be the duty of the court, on discovery of that fact, in any stage of the proceedings, to order a nonsuit to be entered, and to render judgement for the defendant for his costs.

3. Resolved, That the foregoing resolutions be laid upon the table, in order that they may be taken up hereafter and referred to such committee on the revised statutes, as shall be appointed to take into consideration the subject matters embraced therein.

On the question,

Shall the last of said resolutions pass?

It was decided in the affirmative,

So the last of said resolutions passed, and the first and second of said resolutions were laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

The House resumed the consideration of the resolution, fixing on a day on which the business of the present session may be brought to a close.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, moved that the resolution be amended by striking out the word "July" and inserting instead thereof the

word "September."

And the question being put, Shall said amendment be adopted? It was decided in the negative. So the amendment was not adopted.

Mr. Foss of Greenland, offered an amendment to the resolution.

An amendment was proposed to said amendment;

But before the question was taken upon the adoption of the amendment to the amendment,

Mr. Foss of Greenland, withdrew his said amendment.

Mr. Glidden moved, that the resolution be amended by striking out the words "Saturday the second day of July next," and inserting instead thereof the words, "the eighteenth day of June in-Young of Harnstead

On the question, Shall the amendment be adopted? It was decided in the affirmative.

So the amendment was adopted. Shall the resolution pass? "Mysels for bas ampidates on a re-The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in the affirmative are-Messrs.

Pattern of police as a line of Young of Meredith Noves of Chester Pillsbury and go mos and to Calley and liste in thite signed Porter menon's table of spark Charles de lo opele was at 136 Taylor of Derry Robinson of Exeter Foss of Greenland Drake of Effingham Sanborn of Hampton Falls

Boyd and became Oliver Towle

Hoit of Newtown Leavitt

Wiggin of Portsmouth Waldron

Garland Foss of Stratham

Tenney ad goifuleser ent tails

Dinsmoor Peirce of Dover

Edgerly Hussey Jenness

Smith of Durham

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Wiggin of Ossipee Cook of Tamworth

Haley Sawyer Thurston Cate Cate Marden

Taylor of Canterbury

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Davis of Antrim

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Kingman Low Woodbury of Acworth Wells Hamlin Pike dependelliH to orac Cotton of Claremont Evans of Shelburne

Grannis Tyler

Those who voted in the negative are—Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson Robinson of Poplin Cotton of Danville Sanborn of Deerfield Clough of Barrington Rawlins of Deerfield Ladd of Epping Shannon Shannon Gove Butler Downing

Palmery nonuloty; edi baA

Watson

Sherburne

Jones of Farmington, Allen Buzzell

Peaslee Tebbetts of Rochester

Mahhatta of Gilmanton	Raymond
Tebbetts of Gilmanton	Atwood of Pelham
W ight	Follansbee of Peterborough
Weymouth Neal	Nay
Morrison Mahbilo	Woodbury of Weare
Robinson of Brookfield	Colby nostel to differe
Sceva	Huntington meadest
Greenough	Barker
Price notamed to moduse	Goldthwaite noesW
Morgan	Cutler
Gutterson gable H	Minusbury of Gusum smbA
Austin wowast to Hahamita	Rogers
Wilson of Hopkinton	Whitcher
Knowlton dissorbit	Blodgett
Clough of Loudon Hedenial	Curtis
Gibson of Newbury	Burnham
Hoit of Northfield	Follansbee of Grafton
Norris Skinner	Dow baomanth to noou
Doe	Felton
Gookin mommel lo ansval	Weeks
Page niwhood	
Thompson dems W lo denoit	Savage
Stewart	Clough of Orange
Langley notical looking	Durgin
Chandler	Dana bieltsentel
Peavey	Gray
Bassett	Ctones
Pierce of Hillsborough	Glines
Atwood of Hillsborough	Emerton
Farley nosta //	Day
Bixby	Cole

Ayes, 133. Noes, 80. Avissement in betor odw ecod E

So the affirmative of the question prevailed, and A to have

And the resolution passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

A communication from the Secretary of State was received by the Speaker and laid before the House, which was read and is as follows:—

"To the Speaker of the House of Representatives:

Sir:-A resolution of June 8, has been received, requesting

me to lay before the House the returns of votes from the several towns in the counties of Rockingham and Hillsborough and from the town of Hooksett in the county of Merrimack, given in, in said towns at the annual meetings, on the expediency of forming a new county. In answer to this request, I would hereby inform the House of Representatives, that no such returns of votes have been received by me.

JOSIAH STEVENS, Jr.

Secretary of States' Office, June 10, 1842.

Mr. Barker, by leave, presented the account of Elijah Carpenter, sheriff of the county of Cheshire.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Claims.

A message in writing from His Excellency the Governor was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:—

## "To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives:

My immediate predecessor directed Josiah Stevens, jr., the Inspector of Ordnance, to make a thorough examination of the piece of Ordnance, and its appendages, belonging to the State and now in the use of the Artillery Company attached to the 31st Regiment of our Militia. The report of the Inspector I herewith transmit for the consideration of the Legislature.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 9, 1842."

The reading of the report was called for. Deep zew denied

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the message and report be referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Tenney- White your set most delign

Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of altering the law, relating to the fees of County Road Commissioners, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

The House resumed the consideration of that part of the report of the committee on the revision of the law, which relates to the militia, being that part thereof entitled "Title XII."

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the same be referred to the committe on Military Affairs.

Mr. Weeks gave notice, that he will to-morrow ask leave to introduce a bill entitled "An act in amendment of an act, entitled an act to incorporate sundry persons by the name of the proprietors of the New Chester Union Bridge, passed Dec. 24, 1824."

And then on motion—

JUSIAH STEVENSE DE

The House adjourned.

# SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1842.

Mr. Smith of Dalton, presented the account of Josiah Stevens, Jr.

Mr. Barker, by leave, presented the account of Elliph C

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Wells presented the account of John H. White.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Military Accounts.

Mr. Glines presented the petition of C. C. Chase;

Mr. Waldron presented the petition of Nathan Chandler, praying for the alteration of their respective names.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

the Alteration of Names.

Mr. Goldthwaite, from the joint select committee, appointed to audit the accounts of the Treasurer of this State, made a report.

The reading of the report was called for.

Which was read. got halfs as a trought and to puller off

On motion of Mr. Parker-

Resolved, That the report be accepted. M. to account to

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Pillsbury, from the select committee, consisting of the delegation from the county of Rockingham, to whom was referred the resolution instructing them to inquire into the expediency of altering the times of holding the courts of Common Pleas in that county, reported a bill entitled "An act to alter and establish the times of holding the court of Common Pleas in the county of Rockingham."

Which was read a first and second time.

Ordered. That the bill be read a third time on Monday next at three o'clock in the afternoon.

Pursuant to previous notice, and by leave, M to morrow no

Mr. Weeks introduced a bill entitled "An act in amendment of an act, entitled an act to incorporate sundry persons by the

name of the proprietors of the New Chester Union Bridge, passed Dec. 24, 1824."

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That it be read a second time this forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Norris submitted the following resolution.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That an extra session of the Legislature the present year is inexpedient, as such extra session will tend largely to increase the expenses of the State in the transaction of its business, which might as well and faithfully be done at the present session.

On motion of Mr. Norris-

Ordered, That the resolution lie on the table.

Agreeably to a vote of the House,

The Speaker announced the appointment of the following se-

lect committees:

On so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor, as relates to the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, a protective tariff, and the bankrupt law, Messrs. Felton, Downing, Peaslee, Weymouth, Cate, Taylor of Merrimack county, Noyes of Hillsborough county, Davis of Cheshire county, Booth and Haines.

On so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor, as relates to the apportionment of the representation of the country among the respective States, Messrs. Bordman, Bassett and

Peabody.

On so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor, as relates to the State of Rhode Island, Messrs. Tebbetts of Rochester, Oliver, Calley, Robinson of Carroll county, Gookin, Morrill, Todd, Woodbury, Whitcher, Stokes.

On motion of Mr. Colby-

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of furnishing the Cavalry Companies with arms from the Arsenal as other uniformed companies are now furnished, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

The House reconsidered the vote of yesterday, referring the part of the report of the committee on the revision of the laws entitled "Title XII," to the committee on Military Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Norris-

The House resumed the consideration of the bill reported by said committee, the same being entitled "The Revised Statutes of the State of New Hampshire."

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a first time by its title.

The bill was then read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a second time at the present time by its title.

The bill was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the part of said bill, entitled "Title XII" be referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Felton-

Ordered, That the part of said bill, entitled "Title I" be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the remainder of said bill lie on the table.

Pursuant to previous notice, and by leave,

Mr. Lang introduced a bill entitled "An act to annex a part of School District No. two in Bath to School District No. three in Landaff."

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That it be read a second time Monday forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Bassett submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That when the House adjourn this forenoon, they adjourn to meet again on Monday next at three o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Wells moved, that the resolution be amended by striking out the words, "at three o'clock in the afternoon" and inserting instead thereof the words "at ten o'clock in the forenoon."

On the question,

Shall the amendment be adopted?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the amendment was adopted.

And on the question,

Shall the resolution as amended pass?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution passed.

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the second reading of the bill entitled "An act in amendment of an act entitled an act to incorporate sundry persons by the name of the proprietors of the New Chester Union Bridge, passed Dec. 24, 1824."

Which was read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Blaisdell, of Hanover-

Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

On motion of Mr. Bordman-

Resolved, That the House are now ready to meet the Senate in Convention, for the purpose of hearing the report of the committee to whom were returned the votes of the several towns and places in this State upon the subject of a revision of the Constitution, and to take such action thereon as may be thought advisable.

#### IN CONVENTION.

The Senate and House of Representatives being assembled in

Convention in the Representatives Hall,

Mr. Smith of the Senate, from the committee appointed to receive and sort the votes given in the several towns and places in this State on the second Tuesday of March last, upon the

question of a revision of the Constitution,

Reported, that they had attended to the duty assigned them, and that they found the whole number of votes returned in favor of a revision of the Constitution, to be one thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight, and the whole number of votes against a revision of the Constitution, to be ten thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

The following towns made no returns, to wit:

Francestown, Mason, Bath, Benton, Bethlehem, Dorchester, Franconia, Hanover, Holderness, Landaff, Lisbon, Lyman, Lyme, Orford, Piermont, Thornton, Cornish, Goshen, Langdon, Lempster, Plainfield, Seabrook, Salem, Brentwood, Kingston, Londonderry, New Castle, Northwood, Plaistow, Effingham, Rochester, Somersworth, Middleton, Sandbornton, Meredith, Gilford, Barnstead, Marlborough, Walpole, Bradford, Chichester, Dunbarton, Franklin, Hooksett, Hopkinton and Newbury.

In the following towns no vote was taken, to wit:

Goffstown, Hudson, Mont Vernon, Croydon, Unity, Exeter, Newington, Ossipee, Tamworth and Strafford.

On motion of Mr. Treadwell of the Senate-Resolved, That the report be accepted.

On motion of Mr. Colby of the Senate-

The Convention rose and the Senate withdrew.

# IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Butler-

The House resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled "The Revised Statutes of the State of New-Hampshire."

On motion of Mr. Butler-

Ordered, That the part of said bill, entitled "Title VI," be referred to the committee on Elections.

On motion of Mr. Blodgett-

Ordered, That the part of said bill, entitled "Title VII," be

referred to the committee on Towns and Parishes.

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, gave notice, that he will on Monday next, ask leave to introduce a bill, to alter the time of holding the fall term of the Court of Common Pleas in the Eastern Judicial District of Grafton. And then the House adjourned. The part and the box swisses

# MONDAY, JUNE 13, 1842.

Reported, that they had attended

On motion of Mr. Blaisdell, of Har

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of Lowell Eastman and others, praying that a portion of the town of Deerfield be severed from said town of Deerfield, and annexed to the town of Epsom, made a report,

and that they found the whole number of votes returned in favor

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Stephen and J. Collins, praying that a tract of land be severed from the town of Newbury, and annexed to the town of Goshen, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be postponed to the next June session of the Legislature, and that said petitioners give notice of the pendency of the same to the selectmen of said towns of Newbury and Goshen, on or before the first day of February next.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the same committee, to whom was

referred the petition of Caleb Smart and others, praying that a gore of land be severed from the town of Waterville, and annexed to the town of Thornton, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Benjamin Clendennin and others, praying for a division of the town of Salem, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Richard Pickering, praying to be disannexed from the town of Newington, and annexed to the town of Portsmouth, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioner have leave to withdraw his petition.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Orrin Garnsay and others, praying that a tract of land be severed from the town of Lisbon, and annexed to the town of Franconia, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of sundry inhabitants of the town of Kilkenny, praying that a part of said town be disannexed therefrom, and annexed to the town of Jefferson, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Richard Pickering, praying that his farm be severed from the only school district in Newington, and annexed to school district No. 1, in Portsmouth, reported a bill, entitled "An act, to annex Richard Pickering of Newington, to school district numbered one, in Potrsmouth,"

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That the bill be read a second time this forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Sturtevant, from the select committee, consisting of the delegation from the county of Cheshire, to whom was referred the memorial of Asahel Dodge, relating to certain alleged improper and illegal conduct of Joel Parker, Chief Justice of New Hampshire,

John J. Gilchrist, one of the aforesaid justices of the Superior Court of said State, and Charles F. Gove, Attorney General of said State, reported, that they have had the same under consideration, and are unanimously of opinion, that the allegations contained in said memorial are false, and altogether unsupported by evidence.

Whereupon—
Resolved, That said memorialist have leave to withdraw his

A message in writing, from His Excellency the Governor, was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:

"To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives:

I transmit herewith the proceedings of the Legislatures of South Carolina, Alabama, and Maine, relative to the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 13, 1842."

The reading of said proceedings was called for,

Which were read.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That His Excellency's message, with the accompanying documents, be referred to the select committee who have under consideration that part of the message of His Excellency the Governor, relating to the subject of the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands.

A further message, in writing, from His Excellency the Governor, was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives :

Since the close of the session of our Legislature in 1841, my predecessor received from the executive departments of the States of Maine, Maryland, Mississippi and Arkansas, communications giving information, that certain books therein named, had been forwarded for the use of our State. These books, I learn, have been received and added to our public library. I now transmit to the Legislature these communications for their information, and I would take the liberty to recommend, that such grants be reciprocated, by furnishing in exchange our own statutes and our judi-

cial decisions, (books similar in kind to those received,) for the use of those States respectively.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 13, 1842." The bearings decisiones

On motion of Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover-

Resolved, That His Excellency's message, with the accompanying document, be referred to the committee on the Library.

A further message in writing, from His Excellency the Governor, was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is follows:

"To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives:

Communications have been received from the Governors of Rhode Island, Vermont and Massachusetts, upon the subject of designating the same day throughout the United States, for the choice of Electors of President and Vice President of the United States, which I now transmit to the Legislature.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 13, 1842." Appoint in The organity

On motion of Mr. Emerton-

Ordered, That His Excellency's message, with the accompanying documents, be referred to the committee on Elections.

A further message in writing, from His Excellency the Governor, was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:

"To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives:

Resolutions have been adopted by the Legislatures of the States of Tennessee, Mississippi and Alabama, in relation to the admission of Texas into the Union, which have been communicated to the Executive Department, with a request that they should be transmitted for your information.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 13, 1842."

The reading of said resolutions was called for,

Which were read.

It was moved, that His Excellency's Message with the accompanying documents, be referred to a select committee consisting of one from each county.

And the question being put,

No quorum of the House appeared to be present.

Mr. Baker moved a call of the House,
Which was accordingly ordered.

The Clerk proceeded to call the House when the following gentlemen appeared in their seats and answered to their names, to wit: Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson
Pillsbury
Porter
Taylor of Derry
Foss of Greenland

Sanborn of Hampton Falls

Gove and some state of the Oliver as the most seen of the Oliver as the

Hoitt of Northwood

Peaslee Laighton

Wiggin of Portsmouth

Waldron Palmer

Jones of Farmington

Ricker

Davis of Alton Bordman of Gilford

Charles

Robinson of Brookfield

Eastman

Blaisdell of Eaton
Drake of Effingham

Cook of Tamworth

Sawyer GAUR YAVO Sceva Price

Morgan
Jones of Bradford

Bailey Austin

Clough of Loudon

Gookin Page Stewart Langley Bassett Bixby

Smith of Mason

Walker Ramsdell Gage Steele

Follansbee of Peterborough

Nay

Kingsbury of Temple

Barrett

Smith of Alstead

Jackson
Sargeant
Mason

Kingsbury of Gilsum

Todd Felt

Davis of Keene Sturtevant Cummings Mack Osgood

Cook of Richmond

Howe Reed

Wilson of Sullivan

dford Baker Stearns Merriam Barker Butterfield Kingman

Woodbury of Acworth Felton state Dated States to doil Clark of Landaff Hamlin Cotton of Claremont Kimballul redmed O komoo Grannis Tyler Savage Davis of Cornish and bollso as Peabody and to gather out on monom of Mr. Booth Skinner Ved lad I beach Moulton Clough of Orange **Prentiss** Goldthwaite Bissell Cutler Durgin Clough of Warren Diverbloodse Adams Glidden Dana Gray Rogers Stokes Crawford Lang Jointy Lang lo visiaroa Glines Green Emerton read and is as follow Whitcher Smith of Dalton Prescott Emery a stand moll sat all Blodgett Low Wells Curtis Pike Burnham Evans of Shelburne Wallace Watson bent teniper of dideenes Follansbee of Grafton Blaisdell of Hanover Day There have also been Cole-124 other resolutions upo

It appeared from the call of the House, that a quorum of the House was present.

On motion of Mr. Waldron-

It was voted to dispense with further proceedings in the call of the House.

The question being again put, upon referring the Message of His Excellency the Governor, with the accompanying documents, to a select committee, consisting of one from each county,

It was decided in the affirmative.

A further message in writing from His Excellency the Governor was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:

#### 46 To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives:

The general assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky havepassed resolutions, proposing sundry amendments to the constitution of the United States, which have been received from the Governor of that State with a request that they shall be laid before our Legislature.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 13, 1842."

The reading of the resolutions was called for, which were read. On motion of Mr. Page—

Ordered, That they be referred to the committee on the Ju-

diciary.

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the bill, entitled, "An act, to annex Richard Pickering of Newington to school district No. 1, in Portsmouth."

Which was read a second time.

Ordered, That it be read a third time Monday afternoon at three o'clock.

The following message in writing from His Excellency the Governor was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:

#### "To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives:

There have been receieved from the Executive Department of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts certain resolutions which have passed the Legislature of that State, relating to the imprisonment of citizens of that commonwealth in other States, and agreeably to request made, I communicate them to our Legislature. There have also been passed by the same Legislative Assembly other resolutions upon the subject of a tariff of duties, which I have received from the Governor of that State and I now transmit them for your information.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 13, 1842."

The reading of the resolutions was called for, Which were read.

On motion of Mr. Davis of Cornish-

Ordered, That the resolutions relating to the imprisonment of the citizens of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in other States, be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Bissell-

Ordered, That the resolutions relating to the subject of a Tariff of duties, be referred to the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures.

A further message in writing from His Excellency the Govnor was received by the Secretary of State, Which was read, and is as follows:-

"To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives:

I herewith transmit the quarterly returns of the Cashiers of the Banks in this State, (as far as they have been received at the office of the Secretary of State,) showing the condition of said banks as they existed on the first Monday of June instant.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 13, 1842."

On motion-

Ordered, That His Excellency's message with the accompanying returns be referred to the committee on Banks.

On motion of Mr. Clark of Landaff-

The House resumed the consideration of the bill entitled, "The

Revised Statutes of the State of New Hampshire."

Mr. Clark of Landaff moved that the part of said bill entitled, "Title XXVI," be referred to the committee on the State Prison.

And the question being put, and a boundaries serios and

It was decided in the negative. On motion of Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover-

Ordered, That said title be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Day-

Ordered, That the part of said bill entitled, "Title XXI," be referred to the same committee.

On motion of Mr. Page-

Ordered, That the portion of said bill entitled, "Title XXVIII," be referred to the committee on the State Prison.

On motion of Mr. Clark of Landaff-

Resolved, That a select committee to consist of five members be appointed, to designate and report to the House to what committees the several titles of the revised statutes not already referred, should be referred.

Ordered, That Messrs. Blaisdell of Hanover, Tebbetts of Rochester, Davis of Keene, Clark of Manchester, and Ladd of

Epping, be the committee.

The Speaker laid before the House a copy of the record of votes given in the town of Derry, on the second Tuesday of March last, relative to the formation of a new county, which had been received by the Secretary of State, and transmitted to the House by him.

The reading of said return was called for, which was read.

On motion-

Ordered, That the same be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Blodgett-

Blodgett—
The House adjourned.

#### AFTERNOON.

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the bill, entitled "An act, to alter and establish the times of holding the Court of Common Pleas in the county of Rockingham,"

Which was read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass, and that its title be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Agreeably to a resolution of the House,

Mr. Porter introduced a bill, entitled "An act to incorporate the Derry Mutual Fire Insurance Company,

Which was read a first and second time.

On motion of Mr. Pillsbury-

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Incorpora-

Mr. Wight gave notice, that he will to-morrow ask leave to introduce a bill, entitled "An act to incorporate the Gilmanton Centre Cemetery.

Mr. Flanders, by leave, presented the petition of Austin De

Wolf, praying for the alteration of his name.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on the Altera-

tion of Names.

Mr. Flanders, by leave, presented the petition of Jonathan G. Hunting and another, praying that his farm be severed from school district No. 2, in the town of Sutton, and annexed to school district No. 4, in New London, for the purpose of schooling;

Also the petition of Matthew Trow and another, praying that a part of his farm be disannexed from a school district in New London, and annexed to school district No. 9, in Springfield, for the purpose of schooling.

On motion of Mr. Flanders-

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on Education.

Mr. David, by leave, presented the petition of the President, Directors and Company of the Farmers' Bank, praying for an extension of the duration of their charter.

Ordered, That it be referred to the Committee on Banks.

Mr. Bissell submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, That Thursday next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, be assigned as the time for proceeding in the choice of a Senator to represent this State in the Congress of the United States, for six years from and after the third day of March, 1843.

On the question,

Shall the resolution pass?

It was decided in the negative, So the resolution was rejected.

Mr. Flanders submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That when the House adjourn in the afternoon, they adjourn to meet at eight o'clock the next morning; and that when they adjourn in the forenoon, they adjourn to meet at two o'clock in the afternoon, until otherwise ordered.

On the question,

Shall the resolution pass? pages a resolution pass?

It was decided in the negative. So the resolution was rejected.

And then on motion-

The House adjourned.

# TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1842.

Seth Kingsbury of Roxbury, having been duly qualified as a member from that town, was introduced by the Secretary of State, and took his seat.

Mr. Kingsbury of Temple announced the death of William Ainsworth, late a member of this House from the town of New

Ipswich.

On motion of Mr. Kingsbury of Temple-

Resolved, That this House receive, with feelings of deep regret, the melancholy intelligence of the death of William Ainsworth, late a respected and worthy member of this House.

Resolved, That our unfeigned sympathy attends the afflicted family of the deceased, under the painful trial to which they are subjected on this mournful occasion.

Resolved, That a select committee of ten, one from each coun-

ty, be appointed, to confer with the friends of the deceased, and make such arrangements as may be deemed appropriate on the part of this Legislature, to testify their respect for the memory of the deceased.

Ordered, That Messrs. Patker, Waldron, Tebbetts of Rochester, Young of Meredith, Eastman, Wilson, Ramsdell, Glid-

den, Blaisdell of Hanover and Wells be the committee.

On motion of Mr. Parker-

It was voted, that the House do now take a recess of one half an hour, or until ten o'clock this forenoon.

The House then took a recess accordingly.

#### TEN O'CLOCK IN THE FORENOON.

Mr. Parker, from the select committee, appointed to confer with the friends of the deceased member, Mr. Ainsworth, and make arrangements to testify respect for his memory, made the following report:

1. The committee have appointed as Marshals, and and book

Messrs. Ramsdell, Bissell, Pierce of Hillsborough, Patten, and Noyes of Nashua.

As Chaplain, Mr. Davis of Antrim.

As Pall Bearers, Messrs, Porter, Peirce of Dover, Mooney, Wiggin of Ossipee, Pierce, Chandler, Davis of Keene, Tyler, Kimball, Johnson.

- 2. That the committee of arrangements and pall-bearers, under the direction of the Marshals, will proceed to the late residence of the deceased, receive the body, and convey it to the area of the State House, where prayers will be offered in the presence of the several branches of the Legislature, at half past eleven o'clock this forenoon.
- 3. A procession will then be formed in front of the State House, consisting of the several branches of the Legislature, in the following order:
  - 1. The Committee of Arrangements.
  - 2. The Governor, Council, and Heads of Departments.

- 3. The members of the Senate. or at smedel A time coccessed !
- 4. The members of the House. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at to motion at
- 5. The Pall-Bearers and Hearse.
- 6. Mourners, et a second reading at the present of The House accordingly proceeded to the order of the House
- 7. Citizens and Strangers. Second of the na P. belline Hid and

The procession to be formed two abreast, and proceed through the front gate, up Park Street, down State Street to the junction of Pleasant Street, where the members will take leave of the remains of the deceased, and return in the same order, up Main Street to the area of the State House.

A. A. PARKER, for the Committee. proceed with the several titles of the

Shall the resolution pass

On motion of Mr. Gibson-mi a or made even or as an oz sell d

Resolved, That said report be accepted. britis a of bases of ships

On motion of Mr. Parker - sale sons mano sol stand on Resolved, That said Marshals be requested to give notice of said funeral arrangements to His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Council and to the Honorable Senate, and to invite their attendance.

On motion of Mr. Hoyt of Northfieldnot remeved and oThe House adjourned, pages night vo becare

## AFTERNOON. and to hebisch as will Ordered. That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the bill entitled "An act to annex Richard Pickering of Newington to school district numbered one in Portsmouth.

Which was read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass, and that its title be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Agreeably to a resolution of the House, the Speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Tuck, Jenness, Tilton, Lord, Stewart, Nay, Smith of Alstead, Davis of Cornish, Savage and Pike, as the select committee to take into consideration the message of His Excellency the Governor, transmitting certain resolutions, adopted by the Legislatures of the States of Mississippi,

Tennessee and Alabama, in relation to the admission of Texas into the Union. On motion of Mr. Gibson \_\_ swoH add to stadement

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that all bills which were in order for a second reading this forenoon, be in order for a second reading at the present time.

The House accordingly proceeded to the order of the day upon the bill entitled, "An act to annex a part of School District No. two in Bath, to School District numbered three, in Landaff."

Which was read a second time.

Ordered, That the bill be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

Mr. Norris submitted the following resolution:-

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the House of Representatives shall proceed with the several titles of the revised statutes, as separate bills, so far as to pass them to a third reading; that so soon as any title is passed to a third reading in the House, it shall be sent to the Senate for concurrence—that the Senate shall proceed with such title to the same stage, and after concurrence by both branches, it shall be engrossed; that when all the titles shall have been engrossed, the whole bill shall be reported to the House, as engrossed, and then be in order for a third reading; and when the bill shall have been finally passed by both branches, it shall be signed by their respective officers, and sent to the Governor for his approval.

On the question,

Shall the resolution pass?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Wells, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill entitled "An act authorizing the stewards of churches to hold lands for certain purposes," reported the same bill, in a new draft.

Which was read a first and second time.

Ordered, That the bill be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Jones of Bradford-

The House resumed the consideration of the message of His Excellency the Governor, enclosing the report of Dr. Jackson, in regard to the Geological Survey of the State.

On motion of Mr. Jones of Bradford-

Ordered, That the same be referred to the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures.

Pursuant to previous notice, and by leave,

Mr. Wight introduced a bill, entitled "An act to incorporate the proprietors of Gilmanton Centre Cemetery."

Which was read a first and second time.

Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on Incorporations.

Mr. Tuck gave notice, that he will to-morrow ask leave to introduce a bill, relating to the disturbance of religious meetings and assemblies.

Mr. Atwood of Hillsborough, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the petition of John Sawyer and others, praying for a repeal of the License Laws, by leave, made a report.

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary, be instructed to inquire into and report to this House, whether, when lands shall have been taken from individuals, for the use of Turnpike corporations, absolute right to such lands does not revert to such owner whenever such corporate right shall cease, and if so, is it constitutional to appropriate such lands to public use, without just compensation.

A message in writing, from His Excellency the Governor, was received by the Secretary of State,

Which was read and is as follows:

#### " To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives:

I herewith transmit the annual returns of the Adjutant and Quarter Master General, and also the annual return of the Commissary General, which give an abstract of the returns of our militia, for the present year, an account of the ordnance, arms, equipments, and other public property, now in the charge of the Commissary General, and also an account of the present condition of the ordnance, arms, equipments, and other public property, now under the control of different companies and regiments, connected with our militia.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 14, 1842."

On motion-

Ordered, That His Excellency's message and accompanying documents be referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

A further message in writing from His Excellency the Governor, was received by the Secretary of State, which was read, and is as follows:

"To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives:

I herewith transmit a communication, which has been received at the Executive Department, from the Common Council of Alexandria in the District of Columbia, upon the subject of a retrocession of the town and county of Alexandria, to the State of Virginia.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 14, 1842."

The reading of said communication was called for.

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Waldron-

Ordered, That His Excellency's message, with the accompanying document be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

A further message from His Excellency the Governor, was received by the Secretary of State, which was read, and is as follows:

"To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives:

The General Assembly of the State of New York, have passed certain resolutions upon the subject of the franking privilege and in relation to the rates of postage as now established by law, which have been transmitted to the Executive Department, from the Governor of that State, with a request that the same may be laid before the Legislature.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 14, 1842."

On motion of Mr. Atwood of Hillsborough

Ordered, That His Excellency's message, with the accompanying resolutions, be referred to a select committee.

Ordered, That Messrs. Atwood of Hillsborough, Dana, and

Dinsmoor be the committee.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House of Representatatives in the passage of bills of the following titles, to wit:

"An act, to unite School District No. 5, in the town of Rumney, and School District No. 7, in the town of Wentworth."

"An act, entitled an act providing for the compensation of the officers of the civil list."

The Senate have passed a resolution, relative to the Rockingham Mutual Fire Insurance Company, in which they ask the concurrence of the House."

The House proceeded to the consideration of the foregoing resolution, which came down from the Honorable Senate.

Which was read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Pierce of Dover- was an annual of the or

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolution be read a second time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a second time.

Mr. Davis of Cornish moved, that the resolution lie on the table.

And the question being put,
It was decided in the negative. Size and become also will

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-gold notes up and ball

Ordered That the same be referred to a select committee of en.

Mr. Greenough, from the committee on the Library, reported

the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That Jacob C. Carter be and hereby is appointed Librarian for the ensuing year.

Which was read a first time. sailog lameter of paimage of ber

Ordered, That it be read a second time to-morrow forenoon at eleven o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Norris-

The House resumed the consideration of the resolutions, submitted by Mr. Norris, relating to a new organization of the Courts in this State.

The question being upon the passage of said resolutions-

Mr. Norris called for a division of the question.

On the question,

Shall the first of said resolutions pass?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution passed. To the passed with the second subject to the second subject to

The question being upon the passage of the second of said resolutions,

Mr. Wells moved that said resolution be amended by striking out the words "for the State to consist of three Judges" and inserting instead thereof the words, "two judicial districts of three Judges in each district."

The question being upon the adoption of said amendment—

The ayes and noes were called for.

But before the question was taken,

Mr. Flanders moved, that the resolution lie on the table.

Before the question was taken,

Mr. Flanders withdrew said motion.

Mr. Blaisdell renewed the same motion.

And the question being taken,

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolutions were laid on the table.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the board of Directors of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad, which had been issued by the Clerk, relating to the subject matter of the bill entitled, "An act in amendment of an act entitled an act to incorporate the Nashua and Lowell Railroad corporation, approved June 23, 1835."

Mr. Wells moved that said communication lie on the table.

And the question being put,

It was decided in the negative.

The reading of the communication was called for,

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the same lie on the table.

On motion of Mr. Laighton-

Resolved, That the committee on the State Prison be instructed to examine the internal police of the State Prison, and that said committee be authorized to send for persons and papers, should they deem it necessary.

And on motion-

The House adjourned.

The operior being door the action of said resolutions

Was stol pulses gira A

#### WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1842.

Mr. Buntin presented the petition of James Eaton and others, Trustees of the second Methodist Society at Manchester, praying for leave to hold property, the annual increase of which may amount to two thousand dollars.

Mr. Blodgett presented the petition of Obadiah Eastman and others, praying for the passage of a law providing for laying out and making highways through Dame's Gore, a tract of unincorporated land in the county of Grafton.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

the Judiciary.

Mr. Mallard presented the petition of John Evans and others, praying for a charter for a Railroad from Concord to Meredith;

Also, the petition of Samuel Bean and others;

Also, the petition of Stephen Gale and S4 others, praying for the same object.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Laighton presented the petition of William D. Foster and others, members of the Portsmouth Artillery, praying for the removal of an officer.

Mr. Towle presented the petition of Alfred Robie and others, officers of the 4th Regiment of N. H. Militia, praying for the removal of an officer.

Mr. Hoyt of Northfield presented the petition of Asa P. Cate and another, officers of the 38th Regiment, praying for the removal of an officer.

Mr. Andrews presented the petition of Ignatius Bagley and others, officers of the Nashua Artillery company, praying for the removal of an officer.

Mr. Barker presented the petition of Levi Barker and others, officers of the 20th Regiment of N. H. Militia, praying for the removal of an officer.

Mr. Ladd of Holderness presented the petition of John Prescott and others, praying for the removal of an officer in the 14th Regiment of N. H. Militia.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee

on Military Affairs.

Mr. Blodgett presented the petition of Levi Wilson and others, praying that a tract of land be severed from the town of Orange and annexed to the town of Canaan.

Mr. Durgin presented the petition of Stephen Danford and another, praying that their farms be severed from the town of

Sandwich and annexed to the town of Thornton.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on Towns and Parishes.

Mr. Hoit of Newtown presented the petition of Simmons S. Peaslee, of Kingston, and others, praying for the passage of a law to prevent the taking of pickerel from County Pond, so called, in the towns of Kingston and Newtown.

Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on

Agriculture and Manufactures.

Mr. Buzzell presented the petition of Charles P. Ricker; Mr. Leavitt presented the petition of John Hobbs, 3d; Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield presented the petition of John B. Hill, all praying for the alteration of their respective names.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

the Alteration of Names.

Mr. Norris, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the message of His Excellency the Governor, enclosing certain resolutions passed by the common council of the town of Alexandria, in the District of Columbia, in relation to a retocession of the town and county of Alexandria to the State of Virginia, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject. Mr. Robinson, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petiton of Benjamin F. Phelps and another, praying for a new piece of ordnance for the Artillery company in the 28th Regiment, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Durgin, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of the officers and soldiers of the 5th company in the 19th Regiment of N. H. Militia, praying to be disancexed from the 19th Regiment and annexed to the 29th Regiment, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Young of Meredith, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of James Drake and another, praying for the removal of an officer in the 18th Regiment, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Page, from the committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred the petition of Benjamin Gould and others, praying for an act of incorporation, by the name of the South Conway Seminary, made a report,

Whereupon—

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. Jones of Bradford, from the committee on Agriculture and

Mr. Jones of Bradford, from the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures, to whom was referred the petition of Daniel Rogers and others, praying for a bounty on crows killed in this State, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject. Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, from the committee on Claims, to

whom was referred the account of Elijah Carpenter, made a report,

Whereupon-

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Resolved, That the report and account be recommitted to the

same committee.

Mr. Barker, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of the field officers of the 31st regiment of New Hampshire militia, praying for an amendment to the militia laws, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their

petition.

Mr. Patten, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Smith M. Glidden and others, praying for an appropriation for Musical instruments for the use of the company of Cavalry in the 29th regiment, 2d brigade and 2d division, made a further report.

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their

petition.

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, from the committee appointed to designate and report to what committees the several titles of the Revised Statutes, not already referred, should be referred, reported, that when printed,

Title II, be referred to the committee on Public Lands;

Title III, be referred to the committee on Elections;

Titles IV and V, be referred to the committee on Towns and Parishes;

Title VIII, be referred to the committee on Finance;

Title IX, be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals:

Title XI, be referred to the committee on Education;

Titles XIII and XVI, be referred to the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures;

Title XXVIII, be referred to the committee on the State

Which report was, on motion, accepted.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate have passed a bill entitled, "An act, suspending for a limited time the operations of an act entitled an act, prohibiting the emission and circulation of bank bills of a small denomination, passed January 13, 1837," in which they ask the concurrence of the House."

The House proceeded to the consideration of the foregoing bill, which came down from the Honorable Senate.

The bill was read a first and second time. On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover—

Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on Banks.

Agreeably to a resolution of the House,

The Speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Pillsbury, Cotton of Danville, Taylor of Derry, Robinson of Exeter, Gilman, Foss of Stratham, Leavitt, Austin, Wilkins and Clough of Orange, as a select committee of ten, upon the resolution relating to the Rockingham Mutual Fire Insurance Company, which came down from the Honorable Senate.

The Speaker also announced the appointment of Mr. Clark of Manchester, as a member of the committee on the State Prison, to supply the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. Ainsworth.

Mr. Jones of Bradford, from the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures, to whom was referred the petition of Calvin Clement and others, praying for a penal enactment against the killing of pigeons and other birds, by leave, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

On motion of Mr. Pillsbury-

Voted, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, as to allow Mr. Pillsbury, at this time, to move a reconsideration of the vote of this House on Monday last, adopting the resolution, reported by the committee on Towns and Parishes, upon the petition of Lowell Eastman and others, praying to be severed from the town of Deerfield, and annexed to the town of Epsom, two thirds of the whole House voting in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Pillsbury-

The House reconsidered the vote adopting said resolution.

On motion of Mr. Pillsbury-

Ordered, That said report and petitition be recommitted to the

committee on Towns and Parishes.

Mr. Watson, by leave, presented the memorial of Thomas Carlisle, praying for a grant of land north of the 45th degree of north latitude.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Young of Meredith, presented the petition of Thomas P. Hill and others, officers of the Artillery company in the 11th regiment of N. H. militia, praying for an appropriation to erect a Gun House.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Hoyt of Northfield-

Resolved, That the House are now ready to meet the Senate in Convention, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

#### Thebas IN CONVENTION.

The Senate and House of Representatives being assembled in Convention in the Representatives Hall, On motion of Mr. Perley of the Senate— M to motion of

The Convention proceeded by ballot to the choice of Commissary General, and Perley Robinson was elected.

On motion of Mr. Gibson of Newbury, of the House-The Convention rose and the Senate withdrew.

#### on the resolution, appointing Jacob C. Certer Librarian for the IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. Somene

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-Mr. Blodgett presented a supplemental report of the Directors of the Boston and Maine Railroad, showing the receipts and expenditures of that corporation for the past year.

The reading of said report was called for, which the said report was called for,

Which was read not entered the Older the Market O

On motion of Mr. Blodgett-

Ordered, That the same be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

On motion of Mr. Blodgett-

Ordered, That the annual report of the Directors of said Railroad, be recommitted to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Drake of Effingham, gave notice, that he will to-morrow,

ask leave to introduce a bill, to prevent the destruction of fish in the Provance Pond and South River in Exeter.

And then on motion-

The House adjourned. Hill and others officers of the Artillers company in the 11th re-

### AFTERNOON.

ered. That it be referred to the consumes on Military

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon bills of the following titles, to wit:

"An act, authorizing Stewards of Churches to hold lands for

certain purposes ;"

"An act, to annex part of school district numbered two, in Bath, to school district numbered three, in Landaff;"

Which were severally read a third time.

Resolved, That they pass, and that their titles be as aforesaid. Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

On motion of Mr. Gibson-10 value 4 and

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that all resolutions which were in order for a second reading at eleven o'clock this forenoon, be in order for a second reading at the present time.

The House accordingly proceeded to the order of the day upon the resolution, appointing Jacob C. Carter Librarian for the ensuing year.VITATVARRAGARA TO SECON VI

Which was read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolution be read a third time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass. We saw aroust him to make a subset to

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

ate therein.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the President of the Boston and Maine Railroad, which had been received by the Clerk of the House, relating to the subject matter of the bill, entitled "An act in addition to and in amendment of an act, entitled an act to incorporate the Boston and Maine Railroad, approved June 27, 1835."

The reading of said communication was called for,

Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the same be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

The House resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled "An act, in addition to and in amendment of an act, entitled an act to incorporate the Boston and Maine Railroad, approved June 23,

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That said bill be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

The House resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled "An act, in amendment of an act entitled an act, to incorporate the Nashua and Lowell Railroad Corporation," approved June 23,

On motion of Mr. Wells- Imones a basis Ordered, That said bill be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals. On motion of Mr. Wells- and the contract the band quartal or

The House resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled "An act, in amendment of an act entitled an act, to incorporate the Concord Railroad Corporation, approved June 27, 1835."

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That said bill be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals. On motion of Mr. Wells-1 no see and add add and I

The House resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled "An act, in amendment of an act entitled an act, to incorporate the Eastern Railroad in New Hampshire, approved June 18, 1836." On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That said bill be referred to the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Price, by leave, presented the petition of Juliana Augusta George, praying for the alteration of her name.

Ordered, That the petition be referred to the committee on the Alteration of Names.

Mr. Wells, by leave, presented the account of John F. Brown. Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Goodwin, by leave, presented the petition of Asa Dolloff aud others, field officers of the 35th regiment of N. H. militia, praying for the removal of two officers of said regiment.

Ordered, That the petition be referred to the committe on Mil-Ordered That the same itary Affairs.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk :

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives, in the passage of the bill, entitled "An act to annex Richard Pickering, of Newington, to school district No. one, in Portsmouth."

The Senate have rejected the resolution, fixing on a day when the business of the present session of the Legislature may be brought to a close."

Pursuant to previous notice, and by leave,

Mr. Bordman of Gilford introduced a bill entitled "An act relating to Railroad Corporations,"

Which was read a first time.

On the question,

Shall the bill be read a second time? W. 116 30 normal at

It was decided in the affirmative, of the big and I have been Mr. Bordman of Gilford, moved that the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a second time at the pres-

ent time by its title, and be made the special order of the day for Tuesday next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

And the question being put, a monetoqued immedial become

The ayes and noes were called for, and to annous at

But before the question was taken, in the seal of breaked

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the bill lie on the table. And to notion at

Mr. Young of Meredith moved, that the rules of the House be so far suspended, that he be allowed to introduce a bill at the preo Rairoad in New Hampshire sent time. ... On motion of Mr. Wells-

And the question being put,

It was decided in the affirmative, two thirds of the whole House voting in favor of said motion.

Mr. Young of Meredith accordingly introduced a bill, entitled

"An act to repeal an act therein named,"

Which was read a first time. I so more page and tast?

On the question,

Shall the bill be read a second time ? ... sweet yet sells W AM.

The ayes and noes were called for. and a party complete.

But before the question was taken, what we may be all all and the same and the same

Mr. Norris moved that the bill lie on the table. A profite bare

And the question being put, no gas to isvomes and solveng

The ayes and noes were called for.

#### Those who voted in the affirmative are-Messrs

I nose who voted in the amri	mative are—Messrs.
Clark of Atkinson	Paine Mains (
Pillehurr	Tebbetts of Gilmanton
Cotton of Danville	Waymouth
Rawlins of Deerfield	Weymouth Mallard
Porter	Fisk
Foss of Greenland	
Shannon Manager Company	Morrison
Sanborn of Hampton Falls	Morrison Charles
Boyd deigroo to sive(	Robinson of Brookfield
Towle	Eastman
Burleigh	Blaisdell of Faton
Hoit of Newtown	Drake of Effingham
Butler strawdybloss	Lord Linigham
Peaslee	Drake of Moultonborough
Robinson of Poplin	William C O
Dennett	Cook of Townswouth
Laighton	Haley
Wiggin of Portsmouth	Courses Monthly IV Hellice
Waldron	The same of the sa
Gilman	Coto
Foss of Stratham	Marden Roman to asyov
Dinsmoor	Sceva
Peirce of Dover	Greenough
Edgerly	Price Morgan
Hussey	Morgan
Jenness	Bailey
Smith of Durham	Gutterson
Jones of Farmington	Dickey
Allen	Marsh Leotal A 30 dim 2
	Austin
Downing	Wilson of Hopkinton
boomman	Knowlton
Plumer	Clough of Loudon
Tebbetts of Rochester	Gibson of Newbury
Torr Madani M	Flanders
Berry	Hoit of Northfield
Foss of Strafford	Norris

Mooney Doe Rollins of Barnstead Gookin Young of Barnstead Thompson Stewart Langley

Daniell
Davis of Antrim

Wilkins

Jones of Goffstown

Poor Peavey Bassett

Pierce of Hillsborough

Atwood of Hillsborough

Farley
Cross
Bixby
Manning
Buntin

Clark of Manchester

Judkin Morrill

Smith of Mason

Ramsdell Raymond

Noyes of Nashua

Andrews Dodge Steele

Follansbee of Peterborough

Nay

Woodbury Colby

Huntington Smith of Alstead

Jackson Sargeant Mason

Parker Kingsbury of Gilsum

Todd

Davis of Keene
Sturtevant
Cummings
Mack

Osgood

Cook of Richmond
Kingsbury of Roxbury

Reed
Barber
Barker
Butterfield
Kingman

Woodbury of Acworth Cotton of Claremont

Grannis

Davis of Cornish

Booth Moulton Prentiss Goldthwaite

Little
Cutler
Adams
Glidden
Rogers
Crawford
Lang
Whitcher

Moor

Sanborn of Campton

borough Blodgett
Curtis
Burnham
Wallace

Follansbee of Grafton

Holden

Blaisdell of Hanover

Felton Hammond Weeks

Clark of Landaff

Kimball
Savage
Peabody
Stevens
Skinner

Clough of Orange

Emerton los es lo macolimente Smith of Dublin Bissell Goodwin

Haines M. la nonce of Durgin Emery Clough of Warren Low

Dana Jan yen webu I no lliw Pike Gray to appropriate off and Evans of Shelburne

Stokes Day Glines Cole of Missing

## Those who voted in the negative are-Messrs.

Patten of the sign about Beacham have remove and

Noves of Chester Jones of Bradford Taylor of Derry Daniell

Page was a source of Sanborn of East Kingston Chandler mous nebbild al Ladd of Epping

Walker Walker Robinson of Exeter Atwood of Pelham

Kingsbury of Temple Marston Barrett Gove Oliver Felt

Hoit of Newington

Howe Wilson of Sullivan Leavitt Hoitt of Northwood Baker anitsisano bodsildatan ac

Tenney. Stearns doisean ad aO Clough of Barrington Hamlin appeloeer selt Hade Sherburne Tyler, at a beblook asw H Buzzell

Prescott was and as all of Davis of Alton Ladd of Holderness

Wight and to the mission Liscomb ameet sand Had? Bordman of Gilford Johnson Young of Meredith Wells Tilton Watson Watson

Neal wear is maxifed and and the session will read Ment

Ayes, 188. Noes, 45. ness, which might as well and faithfully be done at t

So the affirmative of the question prevailed, and the bill was laid on the table. as of actioness set into the herom revents

On motion of Mr. Adams-

The House resumed the consideration of the communication of the President of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad Corporation, relating to the subject matter of the bill, entitled "An act, in amendment of an act to incorporate the Nashua and Lowell Rail-road Corporation, approved June 23, 1835."

On motion of Mr. Adams-

Ordered, That the same be referred to the committee on Roads,

Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Low gave notice, that he will on Friday next ask leave to introduce a bill, entitled "An act for the encouragement of raising oxen within this State."

On motion of Mr. Peaslee-

Resolved, That the committee on Incorporations be instructed to inquire into the expediency of extending the duties of Bank Commissioners, so that it shall be made their duty to examine annually into the management, state and condition of the several Insurance companies in this State, and to make return of the same to the Governor, and report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Glidden submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary be instructed to report to this House a bill providing for an additional Judge on the Bench of the Superior Court.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the resolution lie on the table. Mr. Day submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That it is expedient to abolish the present Superior Court, as now established within this State, and that a similar Court be established consisting of one Chief Justice and two associates.

On the question,

Shall the resolution pass?

It was decided in the negative.

So the resolution was rejected. On motion of Mr. Norris—

The House resumed the consideration of the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That an extra session of the Legislature the present year is inexpedient, as such extra session will tend largely to increase the expenses of the State, in the transaction of its business, which might as well and faithfully be done at the present session.

Mr. Sawyer moved, that the resolution be amended by striking out the word "extra," wherever the same occurs and insert instead thereof the word "adjourned."

And the question being put, and so the source of the

Shall the amendment be adopted? saide who guides and

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the amendment was adopted.

Mr. Wells moved, that the resolution be amended by adding at the close thereof the words following, to wit: "and that the several committees having under consideration any portion of the revised statutes be discharged from further consideration thereof, and that the further consideration of the bill entitled "The revised statutes of the State of New Hampshire," be postponed to the next session of the Legislature, and that the Secretary of State be instructed to transmit the several titles thereof, printed by order of this House, to such members as may be elected to this House for the year 1843 as soon as may be convenient after the next annual election."

And on the question,
Shall the amendment be adopted?
It was decided in the negative.
So the amendment was rejected.
The question recurring,
Upon the passage of the resolution,
And the ayes and noes having been called for,
Before the question was taken,
On motion of Mr. Davis of Cornish—
Ordered, That the resolution lie on the table.
And then on motion—

The House adjourned.

## THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1842.

donors respecting the naving out of the Literary Fund

Mr. Weeks presented the petition of George M. Phelps and others, inhabitants of the town of Hill, praying for the incorporation of a Railroad from Concord to Franklin and Meredith:

Mr. Daniell presented the petition of Josiah Evans and 125

others, inhabitants of the town of Franklin;

Also, the petition of Enoch Merrill and others, inhabitants of the town of Andover, praying for the same object.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Evans presented the petition of A. P. Gould and another, Field officers of the 13th Regiment:

Mr. Durgin presented the petition of Jonathan French and another;

Mr. Palmer presented the petition of Thomas S. Woodwards and others, officers and privates of the 6th company of Infantry in the 2d Regiment of N. H. Militia, praying for the removal of officers.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Military Affairs.

Mr. Jackson presented the account of the town of Chesterfield. Ordered, That the same be referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Parker, from the committee on Education, to whom was referred the petition of Daniel Holt and another, praying to be severed from school district No. 4, in Temple, and annexed to the West Wilton school district, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Parker, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Cephas Cummings and others, praying for the repeal of an act passed at the June session, 1841, severing a part of school district No. 16, in Haverhill, from said school district and annexing the same to district No. 11, in Bath, for the purpose of schooling, reported a bill entitled "An act to repeal an act therein named."

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That it be read a second time this forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Edgerley, from the same committee, reported sundry resolutions respecting the paying out of the Literary Fund.

Which was read a first time. On motion of Mr. Wells—

Ordered, That the resolutions lie on the table.

Mr. Clark of Atkinson, from the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals, to whom was referred the report of the Directors of the Eastern Railroad in New Hampshire, together with the supplemental report of said Directors, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the report of the Directors of said Eastern Railroad, with the supplement thereto, is full and satisfactory, and that the report with the accompanying papers be filed with the Secretary of State.

Mr. Bordman of Gilford, from the same committee, to whom was referred the report of the Directors of the Boston and Maine Railroad, together with the supplementary report thereto, made a further report,

Wheruepon-

Resolved, That the first together with the supplemental report of the Boston and Maine Railroad are full, explicit and satisfactory, and that the same be placed on the files in the Secretary's

Mr. Blodgett, from the same committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled "An act in addition to and in amendment of an act entitled an act to incorporate the Granite Bridge, passed June 1839, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the further consideration of said bill be indefi-

nitely postponed.

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of the officers of the 20th Regiment, praying for the removal of an officer, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston, from the same committee to whom was referred the message of His Excellency the Governor, enclosing the report of the Inspector of ordnance relating to the piece of ordnance in the 31st Regiment, reported a joint resolution making an appropriation for repairing said piece of ordnance, carriage and harness.

Which was read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended that the resolution be read a second time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a second time.

Ordered, That the resolution be read a third time to-morrow

afternoon at three o'clock.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of William Emerson and others, praying that a part of the farm of Daniel McNeal be severed from the town of Barnstead and annexed to the town of Alton, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of William Bordman, Charles F. Gove and 474 others, legal voters of the town of Nashua, praying that said town may be divided, and a new constituted, reported a bill, entitled "An act to constitute the town of Nashville."

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That the bill be read a second time this forenoon at

eleven o'clock.

Mr. Kingsbury of Temple, from the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures to whom was referred the message of His Excellency the Governor, accompanying a report of Dr. Jackson, State Geologist, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the report of Dr. Jackson, State Geologist, be laid upon the table, and that three hundred copies thereof be

printed for the use of the members of this Legislature.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of John Dodge and others, and also the petition of Samuel Abbott and others, praying for the establishing of a new town, made a report.

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the foregoing petitioners be heard before the committee on Towns and Parishes at the next session of the Legislature, and that said petitioners give notice thereof, by publishing this order, and the substance of said petition, in the New-Hampshire Patriot and State Gazette, printed at Concord, three weeks successively, the last publication to be at least two months prior to the next session of the Legislature, and that if any alteration in the boundaries of the proposed new town are contemplated, the petitioners shall give notice of such alteration in writing to each landholder who may be numbered within the new lines, and also to the town Clerk of the town within whose limits such territory may be situated, at least thirty days before any hearing shall be had upon said petitions.

Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, from the committee on Claims, to whom were referred the accounts of Elijah Carpenter, Samuel S. Dow and Josiah Stevens, jr., reported a joint resolution in favor of said Elijah Carpenter, Samuel S. Dow and Josiah Ste-

vens, jr.

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That the resolution be read a second time this forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Waldron, from the committee on Banks, to whom was referred the bill entitled "An act, suspending for a limited time the operation of an act entitled an act, prohibiting for a limited time the emission and circulation of bank bills of a small denomination, passed January 13, 1837," reported the same bill withtown may be divided, and a new constituted reportingment uo Ordered, That the bill be read a third time to-morrow after-

noon, at three o'clock.

Mr. Waldron, from the same committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled "An act, in addition to an act, approved June 28, 1821, entitled an act in addition to an act entitled an act to incorporate sundry persons by the name of the President, Directors and Company of the New-Hampshire Union Bank, approved June, 1802," reported the same bill in a new draft.

Said bill was then read a first and second time.

On motion of Mr. Norris-

Ordered, That the bill lie on the table.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate have postponed indefinitely the bill entitled "An act authorizing the stewards of churches to hold lands for certain purposes."

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-

The House resumed the consideration of the resolution, submitted by Mr. Norris, declaring that it is inexpedient to hold an

adjourned session of the Legislature, the present year.

Mr. Peirce of Dover moved, that the resolution be amended, by striking out the word "inexpedient" and inserting instead thereof the word "expedient"—and also by striking out all that part of said resolution after the word "inexpedient." .

On the question,

Shall the amendment be adopted? The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in the affirmative are, Messrs.

Patten Burleigh Noves of Chester Dennett Pillsbury Laighton Porter

Wiggin of Portsmouth Taylor of Derry

Waldron Robinson of Exeter Gilman Foss of Greenland Garland

Foss of Stratham Sanborn of Hampton Falls Dinsmoor

Boyd Peirce of Dover Oliver

Edgerly Hoit of Newington Hussey Towle Jenness

Smith of Durham

Ricker Buzzell Downing hardangs 202 08

Shorey the me believe, Plumer Torr

Berry

Foss of Strafford Davis of Alton

Mooney

Rollins of Barnstead Young of Barnstead,

Paine

Bordman of Gilford

Mallard

Young of Meredith

Fisk Calley composer ed lo no

Robinson of Brookfield

Eastman

Blaisdell of Eaton

Drake of Moultonborough

Beacham

Wiggin of Ossipee Cook of Tamworth

Sawyer Thurston Cate Marden Price

Jones of Bradford

Marsh Flanders David

Davis of Antrim

Wilkins

Jones of Goffstown

Poor Pevey Manning Buntin

Clark of Manchester

Mr. Waldron, from

Judkin declare coult as moon Morrill

Smith of Mason

Walker of the ne believe , lad Ramsdell.

Noves of Nashua

Andrews Gage whose and any Mid hise Dodge no M ale notom of Steele IIId adr sail brished Barrett

Smith of Alstead

Mason AT The leader of the Mason Parker

Kingsbury of Gilsum

Todd Felt sone q . M to notion no

Davis of Keene Sturtevant and All yd besim

Cummings to sorsess beamofbe Mack Osgood To a sense 1 .1M

Cook of Richmond Kingsbury of Roxbury

Wilson of Sullivan

Barber I he syes and noes we Baker Stearns of hotowood w second Merriam Butterfield Kingman . Hamlin

Cotton of Claremont

Grannis Tyler

Davis of Cornish

Sendorn of Hampton

Hois of Newmeron

Moulton Prentiss Cutler

> Glidden Crawford

Adams

Green and to endensite Goodwin Moor Durgin Sanborn of Campton Clough of Warren Blaisdell of Hanover Johnson Ladd of Holderness Smith of Dalton Liscomb Haines Kimball Report to stafflow dirowal to yandboow Skinner Wells Bissell Pike Evans of Piermont Watson

Those who voted in the negative are, Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson Morgan Sanborn of Deerfield Gutterson Cotton of Danville Dickey Rawlins of Deerfield Daniell Sanborn of East Kingston Austin Ladd of Epping Wilson of Hopkinton Tuck Knowlton Shannon Clough of Loudon OEL 201A Gove Gibson of Newbury Leavitt Hoyt of Northfield Hoitt of Northwood Norris Doe 2014 To a syst 3714 Gookin as berefic ashid aM Peaslee Manufacture bing of in Page Thompson Stewart Langley Robinson of Poplin Tenney Clough of Barrington Sherburne State of nothelose Jones of Farmington Chandler Bassett Managed and Allen Tebbetts of Rochester Pierce of Hillsborough Tebbetts of Gilmanton

Tebbetts of Rochester
Tebbetts of Gilmanton
Wight
Weymouth
Tilton
Neal

Tebbetts of Rochester
Pierce of Hillsborough
Atwood of Hillsborough
Farley
Cross
Bixby
Raymond

Morrison
Charles
Atwood of Pelham
Follansbee of Peterborough

Drake of Effingham Nay Sceva

Sceva Kingsbury of Temple Woodbury of Weare

Colby
Huntington
Follansbee of Grafton
Holden

Jackson
Sergeant
Howe
Barker
Weeks

Woodbury of Acworth Clark of Landaff

Booth Savage Goldthwaite Stevens

Little Clough of Orange

Adams
Rogers
Cary
Lang
Whitcher
Prescott
Blodgett

Dana
Gray
Stokes
Glines
Emerton
Emery

Curtis Evans of Shelburne

Burnham Day Cole

Ayes, 130. Noes, 98.

So the amendment was adopted.

The question being upon the passage of said resolution,

Mr. Davis of Alton moved a further amendment.

Mr. Butler offered an amendment to said amendment,

But before the question was taken on the adoption of the amendment to the amendment,

Mr. Davis of Alton withdrew his said amendment.

Mr. Flanders moved, that the resolution be referred to a se-

But before the question was taken, Mr. Flanders withdrew said motion.

Mr. Blodgett moved, that the resolution lie on the table.

And the question being put—
It was decided in the negative.
The question recurring,
Shall the resolution pass?

The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in the affirmative are-Messrs.

Patten
Noyes of Chester
Pillsbury
Porter

THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1842.		
Taylor of Derry	Charles devoting	
Robinson of Exeter	Robinson of Brookfield	
Foss of Greenland		
Marston	Blaisdell of Eaton	
Sanborn of Hampton Falls	Drake of Moultonborough	
Boyd astares to andres	Beacham	
Oliver Sevens II to Habatata	Wiggin of Ossipee	
Hoit of Newington	Sawyer BEVILLE TO HOSLI W	
Towle	Thurston	
Burleigh Medmin	Cate	
Leavitt	Marden	
Dennett A Hozeit		
Laighton - A stylbook		
Wiggin of Portsmouth		
Waldron agan W to dator	Flanders	
Gilman	2414	
Garland notice to dimi	Davis of Antrim	
Foss of Stratham	Wilkins	
Dinsmoor	Jones of Goffstown	
Dinsmoor Peirce of Dover	Poor A delined to sived	
Edgerly	Pevey	
Hussey	Pevey Manning Buntin	
	Danien	
Smith of Durham		
Ricker Buzzell	Judkin and below odw seed I	
Buzzell	Morrill	
Downing	Smith of Mason Walker	
Shorey	Walker Walker	
Torr doings 10 10 strade	Ramsdell 10 mod 10	
	Noyes of Nashua 10 and wast	
Foss of Strafford	Gage Share The blad	
Poss of Stranord	Gage	
Davis of Alton	Dodge Steele	
Mooney Rollins of Barnstead	Dieele	
Vouna of Darnstead	Smith of Alstead	
Young of Barnstead Paine	Mason	
Bordman of Gilford	Parker Octoo	
Mallard	Kingsbury of Gilsum	
Young of Meredith	Todd	
Fisk doznatio	Felt coigninal to agento.	
Calley	Davis of Keene sundred	
Ourie	Davis of Recite	

Sturtevant	Glidden	Taylor of Derry
Cummings on To	Rogers	Robinson of Exerci-
Mack	Crawfor	Pess of Greenland b
Osgood gols To		Marston
Cook of Richmond		Sanborn of Hampton
Kingsbury of Roxbu		of Campton
Reed aggiss of	Rlaisdell	of Hanover
Wilson of Sullivan	Ladd of	Holderness
	Liscomb	
Baker	** Kimball	
Stearns	Skinner	Leavitt Tivee J
Merriam	Bissell	Dengett
Barker brothers	lo sogo Goodwin	Laurinton
Butterfield		Waggin of Portsmout
Kingman		of Warren normaw
Hamlin	Johnson	nsmit)
Cotton of Claremont		Dalton [melaci)
Grannis	Haines	
Tyler awasenoù		Tonesand!
Davis of Cornish	Wells	Place of Dover
Moulton	Pike	Edgerly
Prentiss	Watson	Hussoy
Cutler	Hunting	
		Jenness
Manchesser	10 JULEN	madmed to dame

Those who voted in the negative are-Messrs.

Ricker

Those who voted in the negative are—Nessis.		
Clark of Atkinson	Jones of Farmington	
Cotton of Danville	Allen	
Sanborn of Deerfield	Tebbetts of Rochester	
Rawlins of Deerfield	Tebbetts of Gilmanton	
Sanborn of East Kingston	Wight	
Ladd of Epping	Weymouth brotteriz to aso	
Tuck	Tilton noulA to sive(	
Shannon	Neal	
Gove	Morrison bastagraff to anilla.	
Hoitt of Northwood	Drake of Effingham	
Butler	Cook of Tamworth	
Peaslee	Sceva brother to membrull	
Robinson of Poplin	Greenough	
Tenney	Morgan diberell to prive Y	
Clough of Barrington	Gutterson	
Sherburne aman to give	Dickey	

Dan	ie	11	
Ana	+::	•	

Wilson of Hopkinton

Knowlton

Clough of Loudon Gibson of Newbury Hoyt of Northfield

Norris Doesda goog was set to selve Blodgett second earth sell Gookin nous and a continuous Curtis al troger a yellosoforta Page Thompson

Stewart is worrower some but Langley

Chandler Bassettaiteler toe of the helican

Pierce of Hillsborough Atwood of Hillsborough

Farley Cross Bixby

Raymond Atwood of Pelham

Follansbee of Peterborough

Nav Kingsbury of Temple Woodbury of Weare

Colby Huntington Jackson

Sargeant Howe

Ayes, 132. Noes, 94.

So the affirmation of the question prevailed,

And the resolution passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein. The lo mis

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the bill, entitled, "An act, to incorporate the town of Nashville,"

Which was read a second time.

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, moved that the bill lie on the table,

Woodbury of Acworth

Booth

Goldthwaite Little behavior evoll ad I Adams o daily to novel of not

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Burnham as leager of the sale Wallace & host and main W

Follansbee of Grafton

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Clark of Landaff

Savage Stevens de la bebiest

Clough of Orange Evans of Piermont

Dana Gray Stokes Glines Emerton Emery

Evans of Shelburne

Mr. Chandler submitted the for

Resolved by the Senate and II

Day Cole

And the question being put,

It was decided in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-Ordered, That the bill lie on the table.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the resolution in favor of Elijah Carpenter and others,

Which was read a second time.

Ordered, That it be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the bill, introduced by a report from the committee on Education, entitled "An act to repeal an act therein named,"

Which was read a second time.

Ordered, That it be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

Pursuant to previous notice, and by leave,

Mr. Tuck introduced a bill, entitled "An act, relating to disturbance of religious meetings and assemblies,"

Which was read first time.

Mr. Foss of Greenland, moved that the bill lie on the table,

And the question being put, It was decided in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Glidden-Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

On motion-

The House adjourned.

#### AFTERNOON.

Mr. Chandler submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That Friday, the seventeenth day of June instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned as the time for going into the election of a Senator to represent this State in the Congress of the United States, for the term of six years, to commence on the fourth day of March next

And on the question, and an arrangement of the name of the state of th

Shall the resolution pass?

Winch was read a second time. It was decided in the affirmative. The property to the best of the state of the sta

So the resolution passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston-

Resolved, That a committee be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait on Perley Robinson, Esq., and inform him of his election to the office of Commissary General, and if he accept, to receive of him the customary bonds, and lay the same before the Convention.

Ordered, That Messrs. Sanborn of East Kingston, Butler and

Colby, be the committee on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Agreeably to a resolution of the House,

Mr. Durgin introduced a bill, entitled "An act, to sever a gore of land from the town of of Waterville in the County of Grafton, and annex the same to the town of Thornton, in said county,"

Which was read a first time.

Ordered. That it be read a second time to-morrow forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Pursuant to previous notice, and by leave,

Mr. Drake of Effingham, introduced a bill, entitled "An act, to prevent the destruction of fish in Provance Pond and South River in Effingham,"

Which was read a first time.

On the question,

Shall said bill be read a second time?

It was decided in the negative.

So the bill was rejected.

Mr. Felt, by leave, presented the petition of the Cheshire County Association for the promotion of Agriculture and the Mechanic arts, praying for an act of incorporation.

Ordered, That the petition be referred to the committee on

Agriculture and Manufactures.

On motion of Mr. Davis of Cornish-

Resolved, That the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of restricting turnpike corporations from taking toll during the defective state of such turnpikes, and report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Felton gave notice, that he will on Tuesday next, ask leave to introduce a bill, entitled "An act, authorizing additional enlistments into the first company of Artillery in the 13th regiment, of

New Hampshire militia."

Pursuant to previous notice, and by leave,

Mr. Flanders introduced a bill, entitled "An act, allowing a certain premium for killing foxes,"

Which was read a first time.

Mr. Davis of Alton, moved that the bill be indefinitely postponed, House, with such as the

And the question being put,

It was decided in the affirmative. and amount has a part about

So the bill was indefinitely postponed.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives, in the passage of a bill, entitled "An act, to annex a part of school district numbered two, in Bath, to school district numbered three, in Landaff."

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives, in the passage of a resolution relating to an adjourned session of the Legislature, with an amendment, in which they ask the concurrence

of the House."

The amendment to said resolution proposed by the Honorable Senate, was by striking out the words "expedient" and inserting instead thereof, the words "inexpedient," and by adding at the close thereof, the words following, to wit: "as such adjourned session will tend largely to increase the expenses of the State in the transaction of its business, which might as well and faithfully be done at the present session."

Mr. Norris moved, that the House concur with the Honorable

Senate in the adoption of said amendment.

And the question being put,

The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in the affirmative are-Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson Sanborn of Deerfield Drake of Effingham Sanborn of East Kingston Greenough Tuck deliberated to vonsiber Cotton of Danville Gove pure evinceled and Rawlins of Deerfield Tenney Shannon Shannon Tebbetts of Rochester Tebbetts of Gilmanton Weymouth

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Wilson of Hopkinton	Langley
Clough of Loudon	Bassett
Hoyt of Northfield	
Doe	Cross Holla 10 MYELL
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Stewart	Follansbee of Peterborough
Chandler	Woodbury
Pierce of Hillsborough	Huntington
Farley	Sargeant
Bixby sigms The windayail	Barker
Atwood of Pelham	Booth Horses of Chester
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Colby	Crawford
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, Eisbuni	Mooney
Those who voted in the name	tivo oro Mozana

Those who voted in the negative are—Messrs. 187 to grate Y

Patten Young of Mendith . dilivery Patten
Pillsbury
Towle
Taylor of Derry
Hoit of Newtown
Manual Andrews
Hoit of Northwood

Sanborn of Hampton Falls
Hoitt of Northwood

Lord Lord Laighton Beacham Waldron Cook of Tamworth Garland Dinsmoor Thurston Edgerley Marden Jenness Jones of Bradford Jones of Farmington Marsh Buzzell David notaridadel lo nosli Shorey Wilkins Torr Poor . eyt of Northfield Manning Davis of Alton Rollins of Barnstead Clark of Manchester Paine prodicted to sedence Morrill Mallard Walker not some Andrews mondail II to see Fisk Dodge Charles Eastman Kingsbury of Temple Smith of Alstead Noves of Chester Parker Porter Marston Todd Davis of Keene Boyd Hoit of Newington Cummings Osgooddy Burleigh Kingsbury of Roxbury Leavitt and and lo sodeme hor Wilson of Sullivan Dennett emabA Wiggin of Portsmouth Baker Gilman Merriam Rehan I'm street Foss of Stratham Kingman Kingman Cotton of Claremont Peirce of Dover Drake of Moultonboro' Hussev Smith of Durham

Durham Wiggin of Ossipee
Sawyer
Cate
Price

Downing
Plummer
Price
Price
Bailey
Mooney
Flanders
Young of Barnstead
Davis of Antrim

Ricker

Bordman of Gilford Jones of Goffstown
Young of Meredith Pevey

Calley
Buntin
Robinson of Brookfield
Blaisdell of Eaton
Smith of Mason

Noyes of Nashua

Gage
Steele

Kimball
Skinner
Evans of Piermont

Barrett Durgin
Mason Dana

Kingsbury of Gilsum Smith of Dalton

Felt Low Sturtevant Pike

Mack
Cook of Richmond
Davis of Cornish
Prentiss

Reed Glidden
Barber

Stearns
Stearns
Butterfield
Sanborn of Campton
Blaisdell of Hanover
Liscomb

Hamlin
Grannis
Tyler
Moulton

Butterfield
Liscomb
Peabody
Bissell
Goodwin
Clevels of N

Moulton Clough of Warren

Cutler
Rogers
Moor
Ladd of Holderness

Johnson
Haines
Wells
Watson

Ayes 92, Noes 136.

So the negative of the question prevailed,

And the House refused to concur with the Hon. Senate in the adoption of the amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Bordman moved, that the House resume the consideration of the bill, entitled "An act to repeal an act therein named," which was introduced by Mr. Young of Meredith;

And the question being put,

The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in the affirmative were-Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson
Patten

Tuck
Gove

Shannon Hoit of Newtown

Hoit of Newington Peaslee.

Leavitt Laighton

Dennett Gilman

Wiggin of Portsmouth Tenney

Sanborn of East Kingston Sherburne

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Hussey	Madmi Neal	Noyes of Nashua
Downing	Charles	Gage
Torr Moonia 4	Eastman	Steele
Paine	Lord	Harrett
Wight	Beacham	Mason
Mallard gotie(I		Kingsbury of Gilar
Tilton	Cate	1104
Calley	Daniell	Sturteyant
Robinson of Brookfield	Knowlton	Mack
Drake of Effingham	Norris	Cook of Richmond
Drake of Moultonborough	Jones of Goffste	nwn
Wiggin of Ossipee	Poor Poor	Harber
Thurston Faigure	Bixby	Steams
Dickey Thye Lake 10	Raymond	Rutterfield
Wilson of Hopkinton	Atwood of Pelh	am
Clough of Loudon	Sargeant	The state of the s
Doe	Cook of Richm	ond
Chandler	Acwboo Barker	7.6
Cross	Davis of Corni	Cetier
Walker	Control Little	
Dodge	Whitcher	aragovi
Jackson	Wallace	10010
Felt	Was I have been a few to the contract of the c	asemiebioH lo bhad
Barber	Clark of Land	aff .
Grannis	Gray	Ayes 92, Noes 13
	Smith of Dalto	So the negative of
	Low	And the House refi
Prescott	Pike trong	doping of the amend
Clough of Barrington	Cole	Ordered, That the
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Buzzell manadi 198 t	Durgin	on of the bill, entitle
Plumer	Glines A vd	bessbound saw dom's
Mooney	Haines	And the question be
Tebbetts of Gilmanton	Wells	A be ayes and noes
Bordman of Gilford	Evans of Shel	Those who your
Young of Meredith	-919 W. SALISTELLIS WILL	II LUIS I SHARE
8		6 2 2 25-01

# Those who voted in the negative are-Messrs.

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awatwoW to lo Boyd Noyes of Chester Towle Sanborn of Deerfield Hoitt of Northwood Porter Waldron Ladd of Epping Foss of Stratham discountry to myg W Foss of Greenland

Smith of Durham	Gage
Allen	Follansbee of Peterboro'
Berry	Kingsbury of Temple
Rollins of Barnstead	Davis of Keene norman lo modhar
Weymouth	Cummings
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Cook of Tamworth	Reed wol
Sceva	Wilson of Sullivan buomast
Price	Stearns
Jones of Bradford	Butterfield
Gutterson	Woodbury of Acworth
	Cotton of Claremont spant to devol
	Moulton
Taylor of Derry	Goldthwaite morne W to dutrofO
Robinson of Exeter	Gibson of Newbury
Sanborn of Hampton Falls	Gookin
Oliver i mealin to gredays	Thompson
Burleigh	Langley
	Davis of Antrim   2000 78 894A
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Dinsmoor	Pierce of Hillsborough
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Tebbetts of Rochester	
Foss of Strafford	Judkin as or golder, polluloses ad
Young of Barnstead and mentions	
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Greenough	Woodbury   will mid howward
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Stewart sale of sugar and steeling	
David	Howe
Wilkins	The state of the s
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Atwood of Hillsborough	Kingman believe believe know it
Manning	So the House refused to milman
Clark of Manchester	Tyler beyom nordais. I and
Morrill	Prentiss greed nodesup and hard
Noyes of Nashua	Adams decided in the name Al
	So the House adjourned.
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Glidden Rogers
Crawford Lang
Green Moor
Sanborn of Campton Blodgett
Curtis Burnham

Follansbee of Grafton Blaisdell of Hanover

Dow Felton Hammond Weeks Liscomb Kimball Savage Peabody Stevens Skinner Clough of Orange Evans of Piermont Goodwin Clough of Warren Stokes Emery Day Mason

Colby Kingsbury of Gilsum

Huntington

Ayes 87, noes 133.

So the House refused to resume the consideration of said bill.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate insist upon their amendment to the resolution, relating to an adjourned session of the Legislature."

The Senate have rejected the resolution, fixing on a time to go into the election of a Senator to represent this State in the Congress of the United States."

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-

Resolved, That the House ask a conference with the Hon. Senate, respecting the disagreement between the two Houses, upon the resolution relating to the expediency of an adjourned session of the Legislature the present year, and appoint a committee of conference on their part.

Ordered, That Messrs. Peirce of Dover, Porter and Waldron

be the committee of conference on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk communicate the same to the Hon. Senate.

Mr. Young of Meredith moved that the House adjourn.

And the question being put, It was decided in the negative. So the House refused to adjourn.

Mr. Laighton moved that the House adjourn.

And the question being put, It was decided in the affirmative. So the House adjourned.

#### FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1842.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a committee upon the subject of the disagreement of the two branches of the Legislature, upon the resolution relative to an adjourned session, and have on their part joined Messrs. Colby, Treadwell and Warner.

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of the resolution appointing Jacob C. Carter Librarian

for the ensuing year."

Mr. Haley presented the petition of James French and others, praying for the passage of a law to prevent fishing by torch or other combustible light near buildings.

Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on the

Judiciary.

Mr. Mason presented the petition of Rufus Piper and 86 others, praying for the enactment of a law for the more effectual preservation of roads and bridges.

Mr. Cummings presented the petition of David Joslin and 90

others, praying for the same object.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Bassett presented the petition of Eben. G. Matthews and others, praying for a new piece of ordnance for the Hancock Artillery, with accompanying affidavits.

Mr. Price presented the petition of F. W. Coffin and others, Field officers of the 21st Regiment of New Hampshire Militia.

Mr. Stokes presented the petiton of Samuel P. Meserve and another officer of the 36th Regiment of N. H. Militia, praying for the removal of officers.

Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on

Military Affairs.

Mr. Bassett presented the petition of Jonas Wilson, praying for an alteration of the name of Franklin C. Turner.

Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on

the Alteration of Names.

Mr. Parker, from the committee on Education, to whom was referred the report of the commissioners of the Literary Fund, reported, that all the banks in this State have paid into the Treasury half of one per cent on their capital stock except the New Hampshire, Concord, Wolf borough and New Hampshire Union Banks. The whole amount of the Literary Fund to be divided among the several towns in the State, is twelve thousand one hundred and ninety-seven dollars and fifty-four cents. The committee are not aware that any legislative action upon the subject is at this time required.

Which report, was on motion, accepted.

Mr. Baker, from the committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred the petition of Jacob Emerson and others, praying for an act of incorporation of a Mutual Fire Insurance company in the town of Salem, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Pillsbury, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of Levi Barker and others, officers of the 20th Regimant of N. H. Militia, praying for the removal of an officer, made a report, was ad nothing bide and

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said petition be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of the officers of the Nashua Artillery company, praying for additional supplies, made a further report, Whereupon of barrelered another biss

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Pillsbury, from the select committee, to whom was referred the resolution, relative to the Rockingham Mutual Fire Insurance company, which came down from the Honorable Senate, reported the same resolution without amendment.

Ordered, That the resolution be read a third time to-morrow

afternoon at three o'clock.

Mr. Pevey, by leave, presented the petition of John Ramsey and others, inhabitants of the town of Greenfield, praying for a grant of a Railroad.

Ordered, That the petition be referred to the committee on

Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Dennett, by leave presented the account of Theodore F. Rowe.

Ordered, That the same be referred to the committee on Mil-

itary Accounts.

hat all the banks in this State Mr. Young of Meredith, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of Thomas S. Woodward and others, praying for the removal of an officer in the 2d Regiment, made a report, a torio all mon asvoll

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their pe-

Mr. Pierce of Hillsborough, from the committee on Elections, to whom was referred the remonstrance of Zebediah Shattuck, Jr. and others, against the right of Leonard W. Noyes, of Nashua, to hold a seat in this House, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That Leonard W. Noyes of Nashua, from the usual custom practiced there, in relation to the manner of counting votes, was elected a Representative from said Nashua for the year 1842.

Mr. Durgin, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of the Field officers of the 23d Regiment, praying that the Artillery company of said Regiment may be annexed to the Granite Guards, made a report, on word ?

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Norris gave notice, that he will to-morrow ask leave to introduce a bill, entitled "An act relating to the liabilities of members of corporations." Howard

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Resolved, That the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals be instructed to inquire into the expediency of prohibiting directors of Railroad corporations, from appointing a member of their board of Directors to any office of profit or emolument, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford-

The House resumed the consideration of the bill, entitled "An act to constitute the town of Nashville."

Mr. Bordman of Gilford offered sundry amendments to said bill. But before the question was taken upon the adoption of said amendments,

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford—

Ordered, That the bill be recommitted to the committee on Towns and Parishes.

The House proceeded to the order of the day on the bill, entitled "An act to sever a gore of land from the town of Waterville, in the county of Grafton, and annex the same to the town of Thornton, in said county."

Which was read a second time.

Ordered, That it be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at

three o'clock.

Mr. Peirce of Dover, from the joint select committee, appointed to confer with the Hon. Senate upon the disagreement of the two Houses upon the resolution relating to the expediency of an adjourned session of the Legislature the present year,

Reported, that said committee had met and conferred with the committee of conference on the part of the Hon. Senate, and that said committee had been unable to agree upon the subject of said disagreement between the two houses. Said committee also report the following resolution:

Resolved, That the House adhere to their disagreement to the

amendment made by the Hon. Senate to said resolution.

On the question,

Shall the resolution pass?

The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in the affirmative are-Messrs.

Patten Noyes of Chester

Porter

Taylor of Derry Robinson of Exeter Foss of Greenland

Marston

Sanborn of Hampton Falls

Boyd Oliver

Hoit of Newington

Towle

Hoit of Newtown

Leavitt Dennett Laighton

Wiggin of Portsmouth

Waldron Gilman Garland

Foss of Stratham

Dinsmoor

Peirce of Dover

Edgerly

Hussey Jenness

Smith of Durham

Ricker Buzzell Downing. Shorey Plumer Torr Berry

Foss of Strafford Davis of Alton

Mooney

Rollins of Barnstead

Paine

Bordman of Gilford

Mallard

Young of Meredith

Fisk Calley Charles

Robinson of Brookfield

Eastman

Blaisdell of Eaton

Lord Davis of Keene Drake of Moultonborough Sturtevant Beacham Cummings Wiggin of Ossipee Mack Cook of Tamworth Osgood Sawyer Cook of Richmond Thurston Kingsbury of Roxbury Cate Howe Marden Reed Price Wilson of Sullivan Jones of Bradford Barber Bailey Baker Marsh Stearns Flanders Butterfield Butterfield David Hamlin Davis of Antrim Cotton of Claremont Wilkins Grannis Jones of Goffstown Davis of Cornish Poor Moulton Pevey Prentiss Manning Cutler Buntin Glidden dolasarine la ser Clark of Manchester Moor Blaisdell of Hanover

Judkin Morrill Smith of Mason Walker Ramsdell Noyes of Nashua

Andrews Gage Dodge Steele

Kingsbury of Temple Barrett

Smith of Alstead Mason Parker Todd Felt

Ladd of Holderness Liscomb Kimball Peabody Skinner Bissell Evans of Piermont

Goodwin Moderate le tolys

Morthfield

Clough of Warren 4001011110 Glines Johnson Haines

Low doingloot he Wells Pike Watson

Those who voted in the negative are-Messrs.

I nose who voted in the in
Clark of Atkinson
Cotton of Danville
Sanborn of Deerfield
Rawling of Deerfield
Sanborn of East Kingston
Ladd of Epping
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Wilson of Hopkinton
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Bixby	Marsh
Raymond	Plander
Atwood of Pelham	bivell
Follansbee of Peterboro	ugh
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Colby	1004
Huntington	Pevey
Jackson	Manning
Barker	Buntin
Woodbury of Acworth	Olark of
Booth	Judkin
Adams	Monille
	lo diimB
Lang	Walker
Green	Ramadeli
Whitcher	Noyes of
Prescott	Andrews
Blodgett	(Jage
Curtis	Doces
Burnham	Steele
Wallace Manager 10 Y	Lingsbur
Follansbee of Grafton	Barrett
Holden	Smith of
Dow	Mason
Felton	Parker
Hammond	bho'T
Weeks	310
Clark of Landaff	

Savage

On motion of Mr. Wells

Stevens and a state Smith of Dalton dieseally hand

Clough of Orange that who Emery a stream ob oilday bus

Dana et adrio state lo vince Evans of Shelburne and to get Gray judicial decisions among the Way at States of the Union.

Stokes Cole is terd a bear eyew doin'W. Emerton

Resolved, That the rules of the House be

Noes, 93. in brosse a best od anombleses ed tads So the affirmative of the question prevailed, and the resolution passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Hon. Senate thereof.

"An act, to incorporate the proprietors of Litchfield and Marri-

mach Bridge," by leave, ma'e a report,

And then on motion-

The House adjourned. or signed has exalined Riddle and others, praying for the extension of an act, entitled

# oq nedi weibdie of AFTERNOON.

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, gave notice, that he will to-o The House proceeded to the order of the day upon bills of the following titles, and the following resolution, to wit: 1 and to empet

"An act, to repeal an act therein named;"

"An act, suspending for a limited time the operations of an act entitled an act, prohibiting the emission and circulation of bank bills of a small denomination, passed January 13, 1837."

"A resolution, in favor Elijah Carpenter and others;"

Which were severally read a third time. who has accorded a vel

Resolved, That they pass, and that the titles of the bills be as aforesaid. the customery bond, and lay th

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the resolution, making an appropriation of thirty dollars to repair the piece of ordnance carriage and harness in the custody of the Artillery company, attached to the 31st regiment,

Which was read a third time.

On motion of Mr. Young of Meredith \_\_\_\_\_\_ and leader

Ordered, That that the same be recommitted to the committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Steele, from the committee on the Library, to whom was referred the message of His Excellency the Governor, with the accompanying communications from the States of Maine Maryland, Mississippi and Arkansas, relating to an exchange of books and public documents, reported sundry joint resolutions, providing for the transmitting, by the Secretary of State, of the laws and judicial decisions among the several States of the Union.

Which were read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolutions be read a second time at the present time.

The resolutions were then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the resolutions be referred to the committee on

the Judiciary.

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, from the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals, to whom was referred the petition of Isaac Riddle and others, praying for the extension of an act, entitled "An act, to incorporate the proprietors of Litchfield and Merrimack Bridge," by leave, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said petitioners have leave to withdraw their pe-

tition. Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, gave notice, that he will to-morrow, ask leave to introduce a bill, to change the time of holding the terms of the Probate Court in Grafton county.

### A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a committee to wait on Perley Robinson and inform him of his election to the office of Commissary General, and if he accept said office, to receive of him the customary bond, and lay the same before the Convention, and have on their part joined Mr. Hale."

Mr. Davis of Cornish, from the committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was recommitted the bill, entitled "An act, to constitute the town of Nashville," reported the same bill with an amendment.

On the question,

Shall the amendment be adopted? It was decided in the affirmative.

So the amendment was adopted.

Mr. Noves submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That said bill be postponed to the next session of the Legislature, and that the clerk of the House cause notice of the

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pendency of said bill to be given to the town of Nashua, by causing notice thereof to be published in the New Hampshire Patriot, three weeks successively, the last publication thereof to be thirty days at least before the second Tuesday of November next.

On the question,

Shall the resolution be adopted? It was decided in the negative. So the resolution was rejected.

And on the question,

Shall the bill be read a third time? It was decided in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the bill be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-

The House resumed the consideration of the resolutions reported by the committee on the Judiciary, relating to the organization of the courts in this State.

The question being upon the adoption of the amendment, proposed by Mr. Wells, to the second of said resolutions.

It was decided in the negative. So the amendment was rejected.

The question then recurring upon the passage of the second of said resolutions,

On motion of Mr. Porter-

Ordered, That the resolution lie on the table.

Mr. Dennett, by leave, presented the account of Augustus Jenkins.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Tebbetts of Rochester, submitted a joint resolution, relating to the North Eastern and Northern Boundary lines of the United States.

On the question,

Shall the resolution pass?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

On motion of Mr. Norris-

The House resumed the consideration of His Excellency's message, enclosing the report of the board of visitors of the N. H. Asylum for the Insane, with the accompanying documents.

On motion of Mr. Norris-

Ordered That the same be referred to the select committee upon that subject.

Pursuant to previous notice, and by leave.

Mr. Low introduced a bill, entitled "An act, to encourage the rearing of oxen within this State," and the sould sould select the selection and the

Which was read a first time.

On the question,
Shall the bill be read a second time?

It was decided in the negative. seroobs ad noticlear and flette

So the bill was rejected.

And then on motion—

The House adjourned.

Shall the bill be read a third time?

#### SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1842.

it was decided to the affirmative.

Mr. Tuck presented the petition of Jeremiah Robinson, Jr., and 56 others, praying for the passage of a law, prohibiting military officers from furnishing intoxicating liquors to soldiers under their command;

Ordered, That the bill be read a third time to morrow after-

Mr. Wells presented the petition of Adino N. Brackett and others, praying for the passage of an act, to remove and prevent timber obstructing the channel of Connecticut River in Coos county;

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

the Judiciary.

Mr. Ladd of Holderness, presented the petition of Jacob S. Worthen and others, officers of the 14th regiment of N. H. militia, praying for an appropriation for the purpose of building a gun house;

Mr. Howe presented the petition of George W. Stevens and others, officers of the 12th regiment of N. H. militia, praying for

the removal of an officer;

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Military Affairs.

Mr. Norris, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act, to establish the county of Stark," made a report, On motion of Mr. Norris-

Whereupon-

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject. Mr. Tuck, from the same committee, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act, relating to the disturbance of religious meetings and assemblies," reported the same bill in a new draft,

Pursuant to previous notice, and by leave

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That the bill be read a second time this forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Poor, from the committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom were referred two several petitions of sundry inhabitants of the town of Columbia, praying to have said town divided and a new town constituted, made a report, digl ed of yanglei le vue mos

Whereupon - a chem : seizen moo own of in believe of year y Resolved, That the further consideration of said petitions

be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Norris from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom were referred the resolutions, reported from the committee on the Library, relating to the exchange of books, &c. with other States, reported the same resolution with an amendment.

On the question,

Shall said amendment be adopted? It was decided in the affirmative. So the amendment was adopted.

Ordered, That the resolution be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

Mr. Poor, from the committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of Samuel Osgood and another, praying to be disannexed from the town of Gilmanton, and annexed to the town of Gilford, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their

Which was read a first time

petition.

Mr. Poor, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Phineas Rosebrook, Jr., and others, praying that Nash and Sawyer's Location may be annexed to the town of Carroll, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be postponed to the next session of the Legislature, and that said petitioners cause notice of the pendency of said petition to be given, by publishing the same with this order thereon in the Coos County Democrat, three weeks successively, the last publication thereof to be at least thirty days prior to the commencement of said session.

Mr. Marston, from the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures, to whom was referred the petition of Simmons S. Peaslee and others, praying for an act to prevent the destruction of Fish in County Pond lying in the towns of Kingston and Newtown, made a report, said communication is as follows:

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Robinson of Poplin, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of the officers of the 7th company of infantry in the 18th regiment, praying that said company may be divided into two companies, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Barker, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of the Fitzwilliam Artillery company, in the 12th regiment, praying for an appropriation for a gun house, made a further report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, from the committee on Claims, to whom were referred the accounts of John F. Brown and Augustus Jenkins, reported a joint resolution, allowing John F. Brown the sum of fifty-nine dollars and thirty-three cents, and Augustus Jenkins the sum of fourteen dollars, in full of their several accounts,

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That it be read a second time this forenoon at eleven o'clock.

A message in writing from His Excellency the Governor was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:—

#### "To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives:

Since your last adjournment, I have received from the Honorable Leonard Wilcox a letter, signifying his acceptance of the office of United States Senator, a copy of which letter I herewith transmit.

HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 18, 1842."

The reading of said communication was called for, Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-

Ordered, That said communication be entered upon the Journals of the House.

Said communication is as follows:

Washington, June 15, 1842.

His Excellency Henry Hubbard,

Governor of the State of New Hampshire:

SIR—I have had the honor of receiving from your Excellency, the credentials of my election by the Legislature of New Hampshire, to supply the vacancy in the Senate of the United States, occasioned by the resignation of the Hon. Franklin Pierce.

In communicating to the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives my acceptance of the office, to which I have been thus elected by their kindness, I desire to express the great obligations which I feel to them for the high honor thus conferred upon me, and to assure them that it shall be my constant endeavor, so far as my ability permits, to discharge the duties of that high and important office in a manner acceptable to them and to our common constituents, the people of New Hampshire.

With high consideration, I am

Your Excellency's obedient servant, LEONARD WILCOX.

Agreeably to a vote of the House, the Speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Norris, Parker, Tebbetts of Rochester, Tenney, Follansbee of Peterborough, Wight, Davis of Cornish, Sawyer, Clark of Landaff and Day, as the select committee of ten, to whom were referred the message of His Excellency the Governor, transmitting the report of the Board of Visitors of the New Hampshire Asylum for the Insane, with accompanying documents.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield-

The House reconsidered the vote of yesterday, recommitting to the committee on Military Affairs, the resolution appropriating thirty dollars to repair the piece of ordnance, carriage and harness in the custody of the artillery company attached to the 31st regiment.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield-

Ordered, That the resolution be put upon its second reading,

for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. Young of Meredith moved to amend the resolution, by striking out the word "thirty," and inserting instead thereof "fifty."

The question being upon the adoption of said amendment, Mr. Glidden called for the reading of the report of the Inspector of ordnance, who had examined said piece of ordnance.

Which was read.

Mr. Clark of Landaff moved that the resolution lie on the ta-

And the question being put,

It was decided in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Wells—

Ordered, That the resolution be recommitted to the committee on Military Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover,—
Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of amending the law regulating the selection of grand and petit jurors, and report by bill or otherwise.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives, in the passage of a resolution relative to the Northern and North-eastern Boundary."

Mr. Davis of Cornish submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That this LegIslature adjourn on Thursday next, to meet again on the first Wednesday of October next, for the purpose of acting on the revised statutes, and the revised statutes shall be the standing order of the day until disposed of.

On the question,

Shall the resolution pass? all and beauty come and wadel

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Laighton, from the committee on the State Prison, introduced a joint resolution, making an appropriation in favor of Enoch Jacobs, who had been summoned as a witness before said committee,

Which was read a first and second time.

On motion of Mr. Laighton-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolution be read a third time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a third time. On the two said the

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

ate therein.

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the bill, entitled "An act, relating to the disturbance of religious meetngs and assemblies,"

And the resolution in favor of John F. Brown and Augustus Jenkins,

Which were severally read a second time.

Ordered, That they be read a third time Monday afternoon, at three o'clock.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a resolution in favor of Enoch Jacobs.

Pursuant to previous notice and by leave,

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover introduced a bill, entitled "An act, altering the times and establishing the times and places of holding the Courts of Probate in the county of Grafton,"

Which was read a first and second time. On motion of Mr. Blaisdell, of Hanover—

Ordered, that the bill be referred to a select committee, consisting of the delegation from the county of Grafton.

On motion of Mr. Tenney-

Resolved, That the committee on Incorporations be instructed to inquire into the expediency of providing by law, that the citizens of any town in this State may associate themselves together and form a mutual Fire Insurance Company for such town, assume a corporate name, enact laws for the government of the association, and be entitled to all the privileges and subject to all the liabilities incident to corporations of a similar nature, whenever a majority of the voters present, and acting at any legal meeting of said town, duly notified and holden for that purpose, shall have decided the establishment of such insurance company within the limits of said town to be expedient.

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston gave notice, that he will, on Monday next, ask leave to introduce a bill, entitled "An act, relating to Soviers Peaks?"

lating to Savings Banks."

Mr. Emerton submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That when the House adjourn this forenoon, they adjourn to meet again on Monday next, at three o'clock in the afternoon.

On the question shall the resolution pass?

It was decided in the negative. So the resolution was rejected.

Mr. Gove gave notice, that he will on Monday next move to reconsider the vote adopting the resolution reported by the committee on Elections giving to Leonard W. Noyes of Nashua a right to a seat in this House.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

The House resumed the consideration of the resolutions reported by the committee on Education, relating to school returns.

Which were read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That said resolution be postponed to Tuesday next, and made the special order of the day for that day at eleven o'-clock in the forenoon.

On motion of Mr. Dennett-

Resolved, That when the House adjourn this forenoon, they adjourn to meet again on Monday next at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Mr. Greenough, from the committee on the Library, reported a bill entitled "An act entitled an act to repeal an act, constituting a committee on the Library, approved Dec. 23, 1840."

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That it be read a second time Monday forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Cotton of Claremont moved, that the House adjourn.

And the question being put, It was decided in the negative.

Mr. Watson, from the committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred the memorial of Thomas Carlisle, praying for a grant of land north of the 45th degree of north latitude, made a report,

Which was read.

The committee also reported a joint resolution, granting to Thomas Carlisle, a tract of land in the county of Coos, north of the 45th degree of north latitude,

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That the resolution be read a second time Monday forenoon at eleven o'clock.

And then on motion-

THE RESIDENCE OF THE

The House adjourned.

#### MONDAY, JUNE 20, 1842.

Mr. Sanborn of Campton, presented the petition of Daniel S. Sanborn and others, praying for a bounty on Crows.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Agriculture

and Manufactures.

Aaron Brackett of Littleton, having been duly qualified as a

member of the House of Representatives from that town, was

introduced by the Secretary of State, and took his seat.

Mr. Parker of Fitzwilliam, agreeably to a resolution of the House, introduced a joint resolution, appropriating fifty dollars, for the purpose of completing a gun house, for the use of the Artillery Company in the 12th regiment,

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That it be read a second time this forenoon at eleven o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Page—

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that all bills and resolutions which were in order for a second reading this forenoon at eleven o'clock, be in order for a second reading at the present time.

The House accordingly proceeded to the order of the day upon the bill, entitled "An act entitled an act to repeal an act, constituting a committee on the Library, approved December 23d

1840."

Which was read a second time.

Ordered, That it be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the resolutions, relating to school returns,

Which were read a second time.

Ordered, That they be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the resolution, making an appropriation for the erection of a gun house, for the use of the Artillery Company in the 12th regiment.

Which were read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Parker-

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Military Affairs.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the resolution in favor of Thomas Carlisle.

Which was read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Tuck-

Ordered, That the resolution lie on the table.

Mr. Bordman gave notice, that he will to-morrow ask leave to introduce a bill, relating to actions and process.

And then on motion-

The House adjourned.

#### meniber of the House of Remesentatives from that town, was antroduced by the Secreta NOON STERNOON is seat. Mr. Porker of Fuzwilliam, agreeably to a resolution of the

House, introduced a joint resolution, appropriating fifty dollar The House proceeded to the order of the day upon bills of the following titles, and the following resolution, to wit:

"An act to sever a gore of land from the town of Waterville, in the county of Grafton, and annex the same to the town of Thornton, in said county;"

"An act, relating to the disturbance of religious meetings and Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far

assemblies;"

44 A resolution, in favor of John F. Brown and another;" Is 1861

"A resolution, providing for the exchange of books, &c. with other States;"

Which were severally read a third time.

Resolved, That they pass, and that the titles of the bills be as stituting a committee on the Library, approved December bisearola

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate Which was read a second time

therein.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the resolution, relating to the Rockingham Mutual Fire Insurance Company, which came down from the Honorable Senate;

Which was read a third time. , another loodes of animales, snotted

Resolved, That it pass. Semis proper a best seew hold W

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the bill entitled "An act, to constitute the town of Nashville."

Which was read a third time. 101 and bringing on salitan and the

The question being upon the passage of said bill, lo see said to

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover moved, that the bill be postponed to the next session of the Legislature, with an order of notice thereon, to the town of Nashua. or berreler ed it sail berebro

Mr. Parker moved, that the bill lie on the table;

And the question being put, bro ent at bebesoon sevoll en I

The ayes and noes were called for; I semon'T to roval in noitul

But before the question was taken, byoobs a best saw doid W

Mr. Parker withdrew said motion. - Jou'l all to notion at

Mr. Todd moved, that the bill lie on the table.

And the question being put, and the golden aver asmbood and

It was decided in the negative. goites of guitaler allid a sombortant

The question recurring upon the motion of Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, that the bill be postponed to the next session of the Legislature, with an order of notice to the town of Nashua,

The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in	the affirmative are, Messrs.	Leavitt
Porter		Butler
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Robinson of Everton	Biintin	
Sanborn of Hampton	Clark of Manchester	to missiW
D 1	1 ans Juakin	Gilman
Laighton	lo sive Morrill	Palmer
Laighton Waldron	leibus Ramsdell	provedu 10
Tenney	Inoyes of Nashua	Darage
Dinsmoor	vev Gage	Downing
Clough of Barrington	Atwood of Pelham	Plumer
Clough of Barrington Peirce of Dover		Young of
Edgerly	volumentin )	Tebbetts o
Hussey	rarker	
Jenness	ren	E
Smith of Durham	Davis of Keene	Young of
Allen	10 Min Dialite Valle	
D' 1	Osgood Osland	Neal
Shorey	Cook of Richmond	Fisk
Berry	Kingsbury of Roxbu	Calley va
	egboHowe	Morrison
Foss of Strafford Davis of Alton	Indboo Barber	Beacham
The second secon	ydloBaker osquesO	Wiggin of
Paine	Jenija bleariis	Halev
Wight	Butterfield	Thurston
Mallard	Kingman Cotton C Cl	Cate
Charles	Cotton of Claremont	Marden
Eastman	Grannis Plaind of II	Scera
Blaisdell of Eaton	Blaisdell of Hanover	Greenough
Drake of Effingham		Price
	D1	Morgan
Drake of Moultonborou	Brackett brothers	Jones of 1
Cook of Tamworth	Johnson Johnson	Taylor of
Sawyer	Wells	Gutterson
Bailey	Watson	Dickey
Page		Daniell
	Glidden	Marsh
	Crawford	Austin
and voted in in	e negative are, Messrs.	Knowlton
Clark of Atkinson	Gove ton Hoit of Newington Hoit of Newtown	Clough of
Sanborn of East Kings	ton Hoit of Newington	Gibson of
Ladd of Epping	Hoit of Newtown	Hoyt of
11	TIOIS OF THEM SO WII	NAME OF THE PARTY OF

Leavitt Butler

Robinson of Poplin

Dennett

Wiggin of Portsmouth

Gilman
Palmer
Sherburne
Buzzell
Downing

Plumer

Young of Barnstead, Tebbetts of Gilmanton

Weymouth Bordman

Young of Meredith

Tilton Neal Fisk Calley Morrison Beacham

Wiggin of Ossipee

Haley Hunt
Thurston Jacks
Cate Serge
Marden Todd
Sceva Mack
Greenough Reed
Price Barke

Morgan Jones of Bradford Taylor of Canterbury

Gutterson
Dickey
Daniell
Marsh
Austin
Knowlton

Clough of Loudon Gibson of Newbury Hoyt of Northfield Norris
Doe
Gookin
Thompson

Stewart Langley

Davis of Antrim

Chandler Wilkins Pevey Bassett

Pierce of Hillsborough

Farley Cross Bixby Manning

Smith of Mason

Walker Raymond Andrews Dodge

Woodbury of Weare

Colby
Huntington
Jackson
Sergeant
Todd
Mack
Reed
Barker

Woodbury of Acworth

Davis of Cornish Booth

Moulton
Cutler
Adams
Glidden
Crawford
Langer and a policy of the company of the c

Sanborn of Campton

Cole

Blodgett
Burnham
Wallace
Holden
Hammond
Weeks
Ladd of Holderness
Clark of Landaff
Savage
Peabody
Stevens
Clough of Orange
Evans of Piermont

Durgin
Clough of Warren
Dana
Gray
Stokes
Emerton
Smith of Dalton
Haines
Emery
Low
Day

Ayes, 69. Noes, 115.

So the negative of the question prevailed.

The question recurring upon the passage of the bill,

The ayes and noes were called for.

## Those who voted in the affirmative are-Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson Sanborn of East Kingston Gove Hoit of Newtown Butler Sherburne Sanborn of Deerfield Ladd of Epping Hoit of Newington Leavitt Dennett Buzzell Downing Berry Tebbetts of Gilmanton Bordman Tilton Fisk Morrison Beacham Thurston water to modered

Greenough Jones of Bradford Gutterson Daniell Clough of Loudon Hoyt of Northfield Doe Thompson Langley Chandler Pevey Pierce of Hillsborough erael4-era evil Cross of a belov od v Manning Walker Andrews Woodbury Salah Homograph S Huntington Sargeant Cook of Richmond

Woodbury of Acworth

	Olillan washall
Plummer	Glidden
Young of Barnstead	Lang
Weymouth	Whitcher compton
Young of Meredith	Sanborn of Campton geblott
Neal	Burnnam
Calley	Holden
Robinson of Brookfield	Weeks gemebleH to bbs.I
Wiggin of Ossipee and H	Clark of Landan
Cate	Stevens
Morgan	Evans of Piermont voods
Taylor of Canterbury	Clough of warren snever
Dickey	Gray speed to devoid
Austin	Emerton montel lo sasvil
Gibson of Newbury	Emery
Norris	Ayes, 89. Noes, 115.yed
	Moulton
Stewart	Adams
Wilkins	Green Green
11 IIIIII	7/
Farley	Blodgett belov odw eson I
Bixby danoness	TI-mana and
Buntin brokers to sen	T - 11 of Wolderness
Raymond	Savage W Washing
Dodge	Clareh of Orange
Colby nobnol lo dgno	Dancin
Jackson bloadsov to tyo	The state of the s
Mack Barker nosquod	Stokes
Barker nosqmod	Stokes Smith of Dalton
Davis of Cornish	S. I Tami
Booth relbas	Cala
Cutler	91
orce of Hillsberough	Mosers -
Those who voted in the r	legative are—Messist
aning	and a constant of the
Pillsbury	Clough of Barrington add T
Taylor of Derry	Edgerley nambroal
Robinson of Exeter door	Jenness .
Boyd Laighton	Jones of Farmington
Laighton	Porter nozman
Gilman based in to it	
Palmer nowa to yudbe	Sanborn of Hampton Falls
T WILLIAM TEN	

Towle	Vimball
Waldron	Mr. Davis of Anti-line
Tenney	Peabody noite op ed bak
Dinsmoor	Johnson at behiceh saw 11
Peirce of Dover	Wells smade daw
Hussey	Shorey Davis of Alton Paine
Hussey Smith of Durham	Pains of Alton
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Rickon 10 9200 Hig 9dl 10	
Foss of Strafford	
Mooney	Drake of Effingham
Wight who are the wood	Drake of Moultonboro'
Charles	Haley skilet sill on
Blaisdell of Eaton	Mardened nodesup set box
Tand	Price and al besides sew II
Cook of Tamworth	Page and bayon yelsh
Sawyer	Clark of Manchester
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At yes of Masilua	Sturtevant bebiege 1
Mason	Kingsbury of Roxbury
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0	Trannis
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	Skinner toembosoms edt of
Souton of Claremont	Hainog to de model
Diamover of Hanover	Watson as the balance radrul
Ayes, 106. Noes, 80.	"Jzeg"
So the offirmative of the	And the question being put,
And the hill paged	estion prevailed, beloob 28 w
bill passeu.	PROPERTY SERVED STREET STREET
And the question being not	se adjourn, muser noussup en l'
It was decided in the porest	It was decided in the aftirmative
Resolved. That the title of	So the resolution passed sv
ate therein.	equest the concurrence of the Sen-

Mr. Davis of Antrim, moved that the House adjourn, And the question being put,

It was decided in the negative.

Mr. Wight submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the present Legislature will adjourn on Saturday the 25th instant, to meet again on the first Wednesday in December next, for the purpose of acting upon the Revised Statutes, and that they be made the order of the day until disposed of.

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston, moved, that the resolution lie-

on the table,

And the question being put, It was decided in the negative.

Mr. Haley moved that the House adjourn,

And the question being put, It was decided in the negative.

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover moved, that the resolution be amended, by striking out the word "December," and inserting instead thereof the word "November,"

And on the question,

Shall the amendment be adopted? It was decided in the affirmative. So the amendment was adopted.

Mr. Clark of Landaff moved, that the resolution be further amended, by striking out the words "Saturday the twenty-fifth," and inserting instead thereof the words "Friday the 24th."

On the question,

Shall the amendment be adopted? It was decided in the affirmative. So the amendment was adopted.

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston moved, that the resolution be further amended by, striking out all that part thereof after the word "next."

And the question being put,

It was decided in the negative.

So the amendment was rejected.

The question recurring upon the passage of the resolution,

It was decided in the affirmative. So the resolution passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill, entitled "An act to repeal an

act therein named."

The Senate have rejected the resolution, fixing on a day on which the business of the present session may be brought to a close, and also fixing upon a time for the meeting of an adjourned session of the Legislature."

Mr. Bordman gave notice, that he will to-morrow, ask leave to introduce a bill, relating to actions and process.

And then on motion-

The House adjourned. on the committee on claims, to whom was relet

rediffic account at John F. Holl, reported a joint resolution, allowing to said Holt the seen of sixty-three dollars and sixty-ti

## TUESDAY, JUNE 21, 1842.

Mr. Rollins of Barnstead, presented the petition of Garland M'Neal, captain of the 6th company of Infantry in the 10th regiment of N. H. militia, and others, praying for the removal of an

Mr. Emerton presented the memorial of Enoch F. Conner and others, members of the 1st company of Infantry of the 42d regiment of N. H. militia, remonstrating against the removal of an

Ordered, That said petition and memorial be referred to the

committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Bordman presented the memorial of William T. Clifford and 140 others, remonstrating against the repeal of the law, for the preservation of fish in the Winnipisiogee Lake and contiguous waters;

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Agriculture

and Manufactures.

Mr. Parker presented the petition of B. B. Cochran and others, praying for the repeal of the act, establishing a board of Road Commissioners;

Mr. Parker presented the memorial of John T. Burnham; Ordered, That said petition and memorial be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Robinson of Poplin, presented the account of Isaac L.

Folsom;

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Claims. Mr. Parker, from the committee on Education, reported a joint resolution, appropriating seventeen hundred dollars for the education of the indigent deaf and dumb persons of this State at the Asylum at Hartford, and the sum of five hundred dollars for . the purpose of educating indigent blind and partially blind persons of this State at the Institution for the blind at Boston, and providing that said sums respectively be expended and applied for the benefit of such and so many of those persons as His Excellency the Governor shall elect and approve, and authorizing the Governor to draw said sums from the Treasury by warrant, Which was read a first time. 38 of suppley, and a

Ordered, That the resolution be read a second time this fore-

noon at eleven o'clock nucles out ad' Mr. Colby, from the committee on claims, to whom was referred the account of John F. Holt, reported a joint resolution, allowing to said Holt the sum of sixty-three dollars and sixty-nine cents,

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That the resolution be read a second time this fore-

noon at eleven o'clock.

Ar. Rollins of Barnstead on at eleven o clock. Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston, from the committee on Military Affiairs, to whom was referred the resolution, respecting the repairs of the piece of ordnance, carriage, &c. in the custody of the Artillery company attached to the 31st regiment, reported the same resolution in a new draft.

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That the resolution be read a second time this fore-

noon at eleven o clock.

Mr. Day, from the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals, to whom was referred the report of the Directors of the Granite Bridge, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said report is full and satisfactory, and that the same be placed on file in the office of the Secretary of State.

Mr. Marston, from the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures, to whom was referred the petition of Daniel S. Sanborn and 44 others, praying for a bounty on killing foxes, made a report,

w nereupon—
Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their pe-

Mr. Kingsbury of Temple, from the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures, to whom was referred the petition of the Cheshire County Association, for the promotion of Agriculture and the Mechanic arts, praying for an act of incorporation, made a further report, modest do vinuos est mora noiseguleb sedi lo

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill. Mr. Davis of Alton, from the same committee, to whom were referred the resolutions of the Legislature of Massachusetts, relating to the subject of a tariff of duties, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said resolutions be referred to the select committee, who have under consideration so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor, as relates to the subject of a tariff.

Mr. Emery, from the committee on the Alteration of Names, to whom was referred the petition of Sally Moody, praying for the alteration of her name and that of her child, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioner have leave to withdraw her petition.

Mr. Bixby, from the committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of Stephen Danford and others, praying for a tract of land to be disannexed from the town of Sandwich and annexed to the town Thornton, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said petition be postponed to the next session of the Legislature, and that said petitioner notify the towns of Thornton and Sandwich thereof, on or before the first of February

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, from the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals, to whom was referred the following bills, to

"An act in amendment of an act to incorporate the Eastern Railroad in New Hampshire;"

"An act in amendment of an act to incorporate the Boston and Maine Railroad;"

"An act in amendment of an act to incorporate the Concord Railroad corporation," and

"An act in amendment of an act to incorporate the Concord and Lowell Railroad," reported the following resolution: Resolved, That said bills be indefinitely postponed.

The question being upon the adoption of said resolution,

Mr. Peirce of Dover moved, that said report and resolution be postponed to the next adjourned session of the Legislature. And the question being put, and brade is zones of the na

It was decided in the affirmative of at one benedition to interior

So the report and resolution was thus postponed.

Mr. Blaisdell of Hanover, from the select committee, consisting of the delegation from the county of Grafton, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act altering the times and establishing the times and places of holding the Courts of Probate in the county of Grafton," reported the same bill without amendment.

Ordered, That it be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at

three o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Dennett-

Resolved, That the committee on Military Affairs be instructed to inquire into the expediency of repairing the State Arsenal at Portsmouth, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Parker-

The House resumed the consideration of the resolutions reported by the committee on the Judiciary, providing for a new organization of the Courts of Justice.

The question being upon the passage of the second of said res-

olutions,

Mr. Parker moved, that said resolution be amended by striking out all after the word resolved and inserting instead thereof the words following, to wit: "that the committee on the Judiciary be instructed to report a bill to reorganize the Courts of Justice in this State."

The question being upon the adoption of said amendment,

On motion of Mr. Glidden-

Resolved, That the resolutions be postponed to the next adjourned session of the Legislature.

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the follow-

ing resolutions, to wit :

"A resolution, in favor of John F. Holt;"

"A resolution, making an appropriation for the education of indigent deaf, dumb and blind persons of this State at the Asylum at Hartford and Boston," and

"A resolution, making an appropriation for repairing the piece of ordnance, carriage and harness in custody of the artillery company attached to the 31st Regiment."

Which were severally read a second time.

Ordered, That they be read a third time to-morrow afternoon at theree o'clock.

Mr. Gibson, from the committee on Engrossed Bills, by leave, reported that they had carefully examined and found correctly engrossed, bills of the following titles, to wit:

"An act to annex Richard Pickering of Newington to school

district numbered one in Portsmouth;"

"An act to annex school district No. 5, in the town of Rumney, and school district No. 7, in the town of Wentworth;"

"An act entitled an act providing for the compensation of the

officers of the civil list;"

"An act to annex a part of school district numbered two, in Bath, to school district number three in Landaff:"

"An act suspending for a limited time the operation of an act entitled an act, prohibiting the emission and circulation of bank bills of a small denomination, passed January 13, 1837;"

Which were severally signed by the Speaker.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

On motion-

The House adjourned.

and metals in segard to the severur of the discipline, and general charges against the internal police of the prison. Believing, that the order mate beings therein, confined had a just claim moon the

# the simulation in the Hanney and AFTERNOON.

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the bill, entitled "An act entitled an act to repeal an act, constituting a committee on the Library," and sundry resolutions relating to school returns;

Which were severally read a third time.

Resolved, That they pass, and that the title of said bill be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Laighton, from the committee on the State Prison, submitted the following report, which was read and is as follows:

The committee on the State Prison, to whom was referred the report of the Warden of the State Prison,

#### REPORT,

That they have examined the books and accounts of the Prison and the vouchers for the several items of expenditure, and find them to conform to the exhibit of the financial condition of the Prison as contained in the Warden's report.

It will be seen, by reference to the report of the Warden, that

the net receipts of the institution for the last year have been

And the expenditures have been 300 nonlinear \$6876 60 6656 46

Which was read a first and servind time

Leaving an excess of income of

21 022 Convar Seminary.

This account however does not include the salary of the Warden of the State Prison, which is paid out of the Treasury of the State.

By reference to the report, it will also be seen that there is a balance of cash in the hands of the Warden of \$1049 87, which sum, together with the current receipts of the Prison, will be amply sufficient to carry on the institution, successfully, to the profit and advantage of the State. With the internal condition of the establishment the committee are much gratified, and they feel pleasure in stating, that to their knowledge, at no time since the establishment of the institution, has there been so much order, discipline,

neatness and comfort as at the present time.

Early in the present session your committee heard complaints and rumors in regard to the severity of the discipline, and general charges against the internal police of the prison. Believing, that the unfortunate beings therein confined had a just claim upon the Legislature for protection, in case the charges were true, the committee asked of the House its authority to investigate the subject, and by its direction they have gone into as thorough an examination as time would admit, and it gives them pleasure to state that in their opinion the charges are not of such a nature as to attach blame to the officers of the institution. Some of them were entirely unfounded, and others related to cases where punishment was indispensable to the good government of the institution.

After carefully comparing the testimony of the witnesses had before them, the committee adopted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this committee the charges brought against the Warden of the State Prison are unsustained by the evidence.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this committee, that discipline is necessary in the Prison, and that from the evidence before this committee the discipline is better at the present time than it has

been for many years previous. Tangara

Resolved, That the committee recommend to the Warden to maintain the discipline of the Prison, but that he inflict no severer punishment than is absolutely necessary for that purpose. Nov sdt bas All which is respectfully submitted, 3 out of mioleos of medi

THOMAS B. LAIGHTON, 100 88 10211

Il Legal was a committee to the report of the Warden, that

the net receipts of the institution for the lest year have notion no Resolved, That said report be accepted. Agreeably to a resolution of the House, as without a sale bak

Mr. Eastman introduced a bill, entitled "An act to incorporate the South Conway Seminary." 10 smoons to see 329 as serves.

Which was read a first and second time

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford-

Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on Incorporations.

Mr. Neal, by leave, presented the petition of Benjamin S. Tuttle, Colonel of the 29th Regiment, praying for an appropriation for the erection of a gun house.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on

Military Affairs.

Pursuant to previous notice, and by leave,

Mr. Felton introduced a bill, entitled "An act, authorizing additional enlistments into the first company of artillery in the 13th regiment of New Hampshire militia,"

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That the bill be read a second time to-morrow forenoon at eleven o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Burnham brothed to membrod al

Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending Title XVIII of the revised statutes, relating to publishing intention of marriage, that in case the parties desiring to be published are of age, the town clerk may grant to persons so applying, a certificate, after having given notice of such intention at one public religious meeting holden on the Sabbath, at least three days before the consummation of such marriage.

Mr. Sherburne, from the committee on Education, to whom was referred the petition of Jonathan G. Hunting and others, made a report,

Whereupon of ball so long as the States continue to harloss Whereupon

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. Tebbetts of Rochester, from the select committee appointed to take into consideration the message of His Excellency the Governor relative to the New Hampshire Asylum for the Insane, together with the report of the building committee and board of visitors, reported the following joint resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the sum of six thousand dollars be appropriated towards finishing and furnishing the New Hampshire Asylum for the Insane, and that the Governor be authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasurer in favor of the Trustees of said Asylum for said sum. Which was read a first time. and you bedingered ad seum snor

Ordered, That it be read a second time to-morrow forenoon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Barber, from the committee on Education, to whom was Serred the petition of Nathan Trow and others, masWhereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

On motion of Mr. Greenough-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that Mr. Greenough be allowed at this time to introduce a bill.

Mr. Greenough accordingly introduced a bill, entitled "An act, relating to the Register of Probate for the county of Merrimack,'

Which was read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Greenough-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a second time at the present time by its title.

The bill was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Greenough-

Ordered, That it be referred to a select committee, consisting

of the delegation from the county of Merrimack.

Mr. Bordman of Gilford, from the select committee, appointed to take into consideration so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor, as relates to the subject of the apportionment of the representation among the several States, made a report,

Which was read.

Mr. Bordman, from the same committee, also reported the

following resolutions:

Resolved, That the Constitution of the United States gives to the Legislature of each State the right to prescribe the times, places and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States.

Resolved, That so long as the States continue to exercise this power, so as to secure a representation in Congress, the National Legislature do not possess the right to interfere with and control

such regulations.

Resolved That when the Legislature of any State shall fail to adopt such regulations, then, and then only, Congress may do it.

Resolved, That the Constitution of the United States does not confer upon Congress the right to control the legislation of the States, and prescribe to the Legislatures what course they shall pursue.

Resolved, That whenever a case shall occur, which shall warrant any action on the part of the General Government, relative to the elections, the times, places and manner of holding the elections must be prescribed by Congress directly, and not through the State Government.

Resolved, That the recent act of Congress, directing the States to be districted for the choice of Representatives to Congress, is derred the petition of Nathan Trow and others. a direct violation of the provisions of the federal compact, and

we cannot regard the same as binding upon the States.

Resolved, That we cannot sanction so unauthorized an interference in our domestic relations on the part of Congress, and shall therefore decline to district this State for the choice of Representatives to Congress.

Mr. Norris moved, that the resolutions be amended by adding

thereto the following resolution, to wit:

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be directed to transmit to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress a copy of the foregoing resolutions,

And the question being put, It was decided in the affirmative. So the amendment was adopted.

The question being upon the passage of the resolutions-

Mr. Glidden moved, that they be postponed until to-morrow at eleven o'clock, and made the special order of the day.

And the question being put, It was decided in the negative.

Mr. Cotton of Claremont moved, that the resolutions lie on the

And the question being put, It was decided in the negative.

The question recurring upon the passage of the resolutions, The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in the affirmative are-Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson Patten Pillsbury Sanborn of Deerfield Rawlins of Deerfield Sanborn of East Kingston Ladd of Epping Foss of Greenland Shannon to be vindamia Marston Gove

Hoit of Newington Hoit of Newtown

Leavitt

Hoitt of Northwood

Butler

Peaslee

Robinson of Poplin

Dennett Laighton Waldron Gilman Garland

Foss of Stratham

Tenney Palmer Sherburne Edgerly Hussey

Jones of Farmington

Allen Buzzell Downing Tebbetts of Rochester

Berry

Davis of Alton

Rollins of Barnstead Young of Barnstead

Paine

Tebbetts of Gilmanton

Wight Weymouth

Bordman of Gilford

Mallard

Young of Meredith

Tilton
Neal
Fisk
Calley
Morrison
Charles

Robinson of Brookfield

Eastman

Drake of Effingham

Lord

Drake of Moultonborough

Beacham

Wiggin of Ossipee

Haley Thurston Cate Marden Sceva Morgan

Jones of Bradford
Taylor of Canterbury

Bailey Gutterson Dickey Daniell Marsh

Austin Wilson of Hopkinton

Knowlton

Clough of Loudon Gibson of Newbury Hoyt of Northfield

Doe Norris Gookin Page Thompson Stewart Langley

Davis of Antrim

Chandler
Wilkins
Poor
Pevey
Bassett

Pierce of Hillsborough Atwood of Hillsborough

Farley
Cross
Bixby
Manning

Smith of Mason

Walker Raymond Dodge

Follansbee of Peterborough

Nay

Woodbury of Weare

Colby
Barrett
Huntington
Jackson
Sargeant

Kingsbury of Gilsum

Mack

Cook of Richmond

Reed Barber Barker

Woodbury of Acworth

Booth

Moulton Martin 10 notion Stevens

Stevens Clough of Orange Cutler Adams Evans of Piermont

Glidden Goodwin and to wandaway Crawford William Respectate Durgin

Lang securable It to blad Clough of Warren

Green Dana Whitcher Gray Prescott Stokes Sanborn of Campton Glines Blodgett Johnson Curtis Emerton

Smith of Dalton Burnham Wallace Haines

Follansbee of Grafton Emery mountained and base Holden Low and and damped Dow Wells Felton Pike

Evans of Shelburne Hammond

Watson The Market Miles Weeks Clark of Landaff Day Savage Cole

# Those who voted in the negative are—Messrs. Noyes of Chester Price

Porter Flanders Woods Income Taylor of Derry David Boyd and entry dogen a bound Bunting anisom on all ome ad and and be not more Judking over the second of Towle they lo son Morrill the at detail at state Dinsmoor Peirce of Dover Ramsdell

Jenness Noves of Nashua

Smith of Durham Andrews Ricker Gage Shorey Steele

Plumer Kingsbury of Temple Torr Smith of Alstead

Mooney on the same think a same Mason and soul To handers A Blaisdell of Eaton Parker Cook of Tamworth Todd lo Sawyer de benneard aveal vFelt higher to volt all

Davis of Keene Greenough

Cotton of Claremont Sturtevant

Grannis Cummings Prentiss Osgood Kingsbury of Roxbury Moor

Blaisdell of Hanover Ladd of Holderness Wilson of Sullivan

Kimball Baker Brackett Stearns Peabody Merriam Skinner Butterfield Johnson Bissell Kingman

Ayes 160. Noes 58.

So the affirmative of the question prevailed,

And the resolutions passed.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of the following resolutions, to wit:

"A resolution, relative to the exchange of books, pamphlets and maps, with the several States therein named?"

"A resolution, in favor of John F. Brown, and another;"

"A resolution, in favor of Elijah Carpenter, and others;" "A resolution, fixing on a day on which the business of the present session may be brought to a close, and also fixing on the time for the meeting of an adjourned session of the Legislature."

The Senate have passed a resolution, directing the Secretary of State to furnish to the Governors of each of the States and to each of the Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States, a copy of a report on the subject of the Rhode Island controversy, in which they ask the concurrence of the

House."

The reading of said report was called for, Which was read.

On motion of Mr. Davis of Antrim-

Resolved, That the House concur with the Honorable Senate in the passage of the resolution relative to said report.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, by leave, presented the account of H. Hibbard.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Norris, by leave, presented the account and vouchers of the Adjutant General.

Ordered, That they be referred to the committee on Military

Agreeably to a resolution of the House,

Mr. Flanders introduced a bill, entitled "An act to annex a part of School District No. two in Sutton to School District No. four in New London," , going

Which was read a first and second time.

On motion of Mr. Flanders-

Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on Edu-

Agreeably to a resolution of the House,

Mr. Flanders introduced a bill entitled "An act, to annex a part of School District No. two in New London, to School District No. nine in Springfield."

Which was read a first and second time.

On motion of Mr. Flanders-

Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on Education.

On motion of Mr. Norris-

The House resumed the consideration of the resolution in fa-On motion of Mr. Norris vor of Thomas Carlisle.

Ordered, That the resolution be referred a select committee,

consisting of the delegation from the county of Coos.

Mr. Young of Meredith, from the committee on Military Affairs, by leave reported a bill, entitled "An act in addition to and in amendment of an act, relating to the organization and equipment of the Militia, and for other purposes, passed January 3, 1829,"

Which was read a first time. On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the bill be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston, submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That it is the deliberate and settled opinion of the Legislature, that in justice and equity, no charter or act of incorporation that is or may be granted by the Legislature of this State, for the management and transaction of business, having for its object a dividend of profits, should confer upon the grantees any exemption from personal, individual, or collective liability for

the payment of debts contracted, or pecuniary obligation, which may be hereafter entered into by such grantees, other than is possessed by associations of persons doing business as joint partners."

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford-

Ordered, That said resolution be postponed till to-morrow, at three o'clock in the afternoon, and made the special order of the day.

On motion of Mr. Porter-

The House resumed the consideration of the bill entitled "An act, relating to damages occasioned by the laying out of highways."

Said bill being upon its third reading.

On motion of Mr. Porter-

Resolved, That the bill be put upon its second reading, for the purpose of amendment.

Mr. Porter moved an amendment to the bill,

But before the question was taken upon the adoption of said amendment,

On motion of Mr. Porter-

Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford-

The House resumed the consideration of sundry resolutions submitted by him, relating to the distribution of the proceeds of the sales of the public lands, the independent treasury and other subjects.

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford-

Resolved, That the resolutions be postponed until to-morrow, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and made the special order of the day.

And then on motion-

The House adjourned.

## WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22, 1842.

Mr. Clark of Atkinson, presented the petition of Amasa Coburn and twenty-four others, respecting the subject of slavery and the right of petition.

Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on

the Judiciary.

Mr. Little presented the petition of John Woods, agent of the Sullivan County Bible Society, praying for an amendment of the

act, incorporating the Sullivan County Bible Society, passed June session, 1838.

Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on

Incorporations.

Mr. Beacham presented the petition of Samuel Quarles and others, praying for a charter of a Railroad from Rochester to Conway.

Ordered, That said petition be referred to the committee on

Roads, Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, by leave, presented the account of Currier and Hall;

Also, the account of William Fisk.

Ordered, That said accounts be referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Wiggin of Portsmouth presented the petition of Thomas

Tarleton, Jr.

Ordered, That said petitions be referred to the committee on the Alteration of Names.

Mr. Parker presented the account of Zenas Clement.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Robinson of Poplin, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of the officers of the Hancock artillery company, praying for a grant of a new piece of ordnance, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor as relates to the subject of the militia, reported a bill, entitled "An act making appropriations for the militia of this State for the year 1842."

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That the bill be read a second time this forenoon at

eleven o'clock.

Mr. Patten, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the resolution, making an appropriation for the purpose of completing the gun house in the 12th Regiment of N. H. Militia, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the further consideration of the subject be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Wilson, from the committee on Unfinished Business, made

a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the bill to prevent fraud in elections be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Wilson, from the same committee, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petition of James Chandler and others, the petition of Levi Jenison and others, and the petition of George R. Lathe and others, all praying for encouragement to silk growers; and the bill, entitled "An act, to encourage the manufacture of silk," be referred to the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures.

Mr. Parker, from the committee on Education, to whom was referred the bill to annex a part of school district No. 2, in Sutton, to school district No. 4, in New London, reported the same bill with an amendment.

On the question,

Shall the amendment be adopted? It was decided in the affirmative. So the amendment was adopted.

On the question,

Shall the bill be read a third time? It was decided in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Parker-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a third time at the present time.

The bill was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass, and that its title be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Parker of Fitzwilliam, from the same committee, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act, to annex a part of school district No. 2, in New-London, to school district No. 9, in Springfield, reported the same bill with an amendment.

On the question,

Shall the amendment be adopted?
It was decided in the affirmative.
So the amendment was adopted.

On the question,

Shall said bill be read a third time? It was decided in the affirmative. On motion of Mr. Flanders—

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a third time at the present time.

The bill was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass, and that its title be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Clark of Landaff, from the committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of John Dodge and others, and also the petition of Samuel Abbott and others, praying for an act, constituting a new town, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That a committee of three persons be appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives, upon the petition of John Dodge and others, and the petition of Samuel Abbott and others, to examine, at the expense of the petitioners, the situation of the proposed new town, as described in said petition, and inquire into the expediency of creating the proposed new town, and that said committee notify the selectmen of Society Land, Hancock, Francestown, Deering and Greenfield of the time and place of examination thirty days prior thereto, and report to the standing committee on Towns and Parishes, at the next, being the adjourned session of the Legislature.

Mr. Cole, from the committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred a bill, to sever a tract of land lying partly in the county of Strafford, and partly in the county of Belknap, from the towns of New Durham and Alton, and from the counties of Strafford and Belknap, and annex the same to the town of Wolf-

borough in the county of Carroll, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Hoit of Newtown, from the committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred the resolution, directing them to inquire into the expediency of providing by law, that the citizens of any town in this State, may associate the uselves together and form a Mutual Fire Insurance Company in such town, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject at this time.

Mr. Woodbury, from the committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act, to incorporate the South Conway Seminary," reported the same bill with an amendment.

On the question, shall said amendment be adopted?

It was decided in the affirmative. So the amendment was adopted.

On the question, shall the bill be read a third time?

It was decided in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Eastman-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a third time at the present time.

The bill was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass, and that its title be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Peirce of Dover, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act in addition to the several acts, relating to taxation," made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the bill be referred to the committee, who have under consideration Title VIII, of the Revised Statutes, with in-

structions to adopt its provisions.

Mr. Porter, from the same committee, to whom were referred the bill, entitled "An act, relating to damages occasioned by laying out highways," together with a proposed amendment, reported said bill with an amendment to said amendment.

On the question,

Shall the amendment to the amendment be adopted?

It was decided in the negative.

So the amendment to the amendment was rejected.

On the question,

Shall the amendment be adopted?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the amendment was adopted.

On motion of Mr. Parker-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a third time at the present time.

The bill was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass, and that its title be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Grannis, from the committee on Finance, reported a joint resolution, authorizing the Treasurer of this State to borrow thirty-five thousand dollars on the credit and for the use of the State,

Which was read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Parker—

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolution be read a second time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Parker-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolution be read a third time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a third time

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, from the committee on Claims, to whom were referred the accounts of Isaac L. Folsom and another, reported a resolution in favor of Isaac L. Folsom and another, Which was read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Hoyt of Northfield-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolution be read a second time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a second time. The resolution was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Emerton-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolution be read a third time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Pierce of Hillsborough, from the committee on Elections, made the following

#### REPORT:

The standing committee on Electonis, to whom were referred the certificates of the elections of members returned to serve in this House, having attended to the duty assigned them, and having examined the aforesaid certificates and all other evidences laid before them, have directed me to report the following resolution.

H. D. PIERCE, for the Committee.

Resolved, That the following named gentlemen have been legally elected as members of this House, and are entitled to seats therein, to wit:

## FROM THE COUNTY OF ROCKINGHAM.

Greenleaf Clark Rufus E. Patten John W. Noyes David Pillsbury Thomas Cotton Peter Sanborn Thomas D. Rawlins John Porter Henry Taylor Charles Sanborn Nathaniel E. Burleigh Daniel W. Ladd Amos Tuck

Josiah Robinson John Foss Joseph P. Shannon Jonathan Marston, Jr. Thayer S. Sanborn Lewis Gove Robert Boyd, Jr. Thomas E. Oliver Hanson Hoitt John M. Towle John Hoit

John Leavitt
Richard Hoitt
James H. Butler
Reuben Peaslee
Perley Robinson
Isaac Waldron
Samuel P. Wiggin
Nathaniel Dennett, Jr.

Thomas B. Laighton
Benjamin B. Gilman.
Ruel Garland
James Foss
John F. Tenney
John Palmer
Theodore Dinsmoor

# FROM THE COUNTY OF STRAFFORD.

Micajah S. Clough
Samuel Sherburne
Thomas T. Edgerly
David Hussey
Andrew Peirce
Nathaniel Jenness
Winthrop Smith
Jeremiah Jones
Charles Allen

John Ricker
Jacob P. Buzzell
Samuel Downing Jr.
Charles, H. Shorey
William Plumer
Noah Tebbetts
Jonathan H. Torr
James B. Foss
William Berry, Jr.

# FROM THE COUNTY OF BELKNAP.

Benaiah Davis
Joseph Mooney
Stephen Young
Samuel Rollins, Jr.
James M. Paine
Nathan C. Tebbetts
Nahum Wight
Joseph Weymouth

Ephraim Mallard
Benjamin Bordman
Winthrop Young
Joseph B. Tilton
Joseph S. Neal
Ebenezer Fisk
Benjamin Calley
Bradbury Morrison

# FROM THE COUNTY OF CARROLL.

Russell Charles
Noah Robinson
William R. Eastman
Robinson Blaisdell
Thomas P. Drake
John Lord
Simon Drake

Asa Beacham
Brackett Wiggin
Timothy Cook
Abel Haley
William Sawyer, Jr.
John Cate
James Thurston

# FROM THE COUNTY OF MERRIMACK.

Israel Marden

Enoch F. Sceva

Ebenezer Price

Elbridge F. Greenough

Amos Morgan Samuel Jones

Andrew Taylor John Bailey Nathan Gutterson

Hanover Dickey James F. Daniell Parrot Marsh

Hiram Austin Robert Wilson Josiah S. Knowlton

Joseph Clough, 3d Jacob Gibson

Walter P. Flanders

Enos Hoyt George W. Doe Moses Norris, Jr.

Cyrus Gookin

Enoch Page Robert Thompson. John Stewart

Andrew Langley

#### FROM THE COUNTY OF HILLSBOROUGH.

Barnabas B. David

Joseph Davis, 2d Thomas Chandler

John Wilkins Shubael T. Jones

Noves Poor

Zebediah Perry Goodyear Bassett

Asa Manning

George F. Judkin

Henry D. Pierce John Atwood Leonard Farley Jabez P. F. Cross Parker Bixby

David A. Buntin Daniel Clark

James M. Morrill

Samuel Smith, Jr.

Leonard Walker William Ramsdell

George Raymond

Leonard W. Noyes Abner Andrews

Anthony Gage William Ainsworth Solomon Dodge, Jr.

Joshua Atwood Stephen P. Steele

William Follansbee Samuel Nav

John Huntington Nathaniel Kingsbury

William Woodbury Jonathan G. Colby

Oliver Barrett

#### FROM THE COUNTY OF CHESHIRE.

Calvin Smith

Jay Jackson Edwin Sargeant

Calvin Mason

Amos A. Parker Tamed Sandal William Kingsbury

Caleb Todd

John Felt

Aaron Davis

Isaac Sturtevant Amos Cummings, Jr.

Amasa Mack

Josiah Osgood Nicholas Cook

Levi Howe

Seth Kingsbury

Josiah Reed Charles F. Wilson Joseph Barber Abel Baker Daniel Merriam, Jr. Stephen Stearns Tileston A. Barker Asaph Butterfield Henry Kingman

#### FROM THE COUNTY OF SULLIVAN.

Edward Woodbury Ashbel Hamlin Nathaniel Cotton Laurens A. Grannis Austin Tyler Reuben Davis Oliver Booth Samuel C. Moulton Samuel Prentiss
Zina Goldthwaite
Amos Little
Benjamin Cutler
Daniel N. Adams
Ezra J. Glidden
Charles Rogers

#### FROM THE COUNTY OF GRAFTON

James Crawford William Lang Moses Whitcher Timothy Green Jesse Prescott Robert W. Moor Daniel Sanborn Caleb Blodgett William S. Curtis Paul Burnham Reuben Wallace Edward E. Follansbee Milton Holden Agrippa Dow Daniel Blaisdell Nathan B. Felton Samuel Swasey John C. Hammond

Jonathan Weeks, Jr. Jesse Ladd Moses Clark Elisha P. Liscomb Robert Kimball Otis Savage Aaron Brackett R. W. Peabody Michael M. Stevens Cyrus Skinner James Clough Edward M. Bissell Robert Evans Aaron Goodwin George W. Durgin William Clough Wolcott Dana John Gray

## FROM THE COUNTY OF COOS.

Elisha Stokes
Ebenezer Glines
Moses Johnson
Thomas J. Emerton
Hiram Smith

Joseph P. Emery Justus Low John S. Wells Harwood Pike Clark J. Haines Hazen Evans Ebenezer Watson

Nahum D. Day Samuel Cole

Your committee have included in the foregoing list of names, the members from the towns of Exeter, Antrim and Orford, although the town clerks of said towns have not certified in their respective certificates a list of the votes on the day of election.

They have also included in said list, the names of the members from the towns of Pembroke and Hooksett, although no list of the rateable polls was returned at the time of the annual election by the selectmen, as appears by the certificate of the town

They have also included in said list, the names of the members returned from the towns of Columbia, Benton, Franconia, Orange, South Hampton, Middleton, Litchfield, Sharon, Sullivan and Langdon, although the certificates of the selectmen of said towns do not show, that said towns have the requisite or constitutional number of rateable polls, to entitle them to the repre-

sentation they have respectively returned to this House.

From the facts, that no objections have been offered to the right which the members from the above named towns had to hold their scats in this House, and from the fact, that they have heretofore been represented, and from various other circumstances, your committee are inclined to the belief, that the aforesaid towns do in fact each contain the constitutional number of rateable polls, to entitle them to the number of representatives returned—or that they have been authorized so to do by special acts of the Legislature-which the town clerks have neglected to note in their certificate of the election of members of this House.

The committee have also included the name of the member from Society Land and Windsor, although the number of votes cast for each person voted for is not given, but merely declared that the person returned as a member, has a majority of all the

votes cast.

The committee have also included the name of the member from Canaan, although it does not appear by the clerk's certifieate that the check list used on the day of election had been post-

ed up at any place.

The committee have also included the names of the members returned from the towns of Mason, Hudson, Charlestown, Lyme, Grafton and Campton, although there were returned in the certificate of the town clerks of said towns, certifying the election of the aforesaid members, scattering votes, without giving the names of the persons for whom said votes were cast.

Your committee, notwithstanding the errors above mentioned, and from the fact that no objection has been offered against any member, with only a single exception, and in that case the committee have considered the House to have decided, are of an opinion that the aforesaid members are entitled to their seats in

Which report was, on motion, accepted.

On the question,

Shall the foregoing resolution, reported by said committee, be adopted?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Waldron, from the committee on Banks, to whom was referred the message of His Excellency the Governor, with returns from the several Banks in this State, made on the first Monday of June, 1842, made a report.

On motion of Mr. Emerton-

Resolved, That said report be accepted.

On motion of Mr. Porter-

Ordered That the Clerk be directed to procure three hundred

printed copies of the same, for the use of the House.

Mr. Young of Meredith, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of the field officers of the 14th regiment of N. H. militia, praying for an appropriation for the erection of a gun house, reported a joint resolution, appropriating the sum of fifty dollars for the erection of a gun house for the use of the artillery company in the 14th regiment,

Which was read first time.

Ordered. That it be read a second time to-morrow forenoon at eleven o'clock.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill, entitled "An act to repeal an act constituting a committee on the Library," approved Dec. 23, 1840.

The Senate have passed the bill, entitled "An act relating to the disturbance of religious meetings and assemblies," with an amendment, in which they ask the concurrence of the House."

On the question, will the House concur with the Hon. Senate in the adoption of the amendment? ope varoutosan biscords sub-It was decided in the affirmative, a modern toll and and and and a

So the House concurred in said amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Blodgett, from the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals, to whom was referred the petition of Hezekiah Colby and others, praying for a grant of a toll bridge across the Merrimack River at Hooksett Falls, reported a bill, entitled

"An act, to incorporate the Hooksett Falls Bridge;"

Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That it be read a second time to-morrow forenoon at eleven o'clock.

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon the resolution, appropriating six thousand dollars towards finishing and furnishing the New Hampshire Asylum for the Insane,

Which was read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-24 and Monasap of

Rsolved, That the resolution be postponed until to-morrow, at three o'clock in the afternoon, and be made the special order of the day at that time.

Mr. Norris submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, That Major Tochman, a Polish officer now in this town, be invited to address the members of the several branches of the Legislature, in the Representatives' Hall this evening, upon the subject of the history of the late revolution and present condition of Poland.

Mr. Flanders offered an amendment to the resolution.

Mr. Glidden moved that the House adjourn,

But before the question was taken, and autreach out back Mr. Glidden withdrew said motion.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield moved, that the resolution lie on the table

But before the question was taken, Mr Sanborn of Deerfield withdrew said motion.

The question being upon the adoption of the amendment submitted by Mr. Flanders, Before the question was taken,

Mr. Flanders withdrew said amendment, mouseup and engles

Shall the resolution pass? atom bisewesheling porsuma aid.

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution passed.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom were referred sundry petitions, praying for the removal of officers,

Reported an address for the removal of certain officers therein named,

Which was read.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-On motion of Mr. Glidden ate therein.

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that he be allowed at this time to introduce a bill.

Mr. Glidden accordingly introduced a bill, entitled "An act,

to repeal certain acts therein named,"

Which was read a first and second time.

Mr. Gibson moved, that the bill be referred to a select committee of ten.

And the question being put, It was decided in the negative.

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston moved, that the bill be referred to the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures.

And the question being put, It was decided in the negative.

Mr. Laighton moved, that the bill be referred to the committee on Education,

And the question being put,

The ayes and noes were called for. But before the question was taken,

Mr. Laighton withdrew said motion.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield moved, that the bill lie on the table, And the question being put,

It was decided in the negative.

Mr. Emerton moved, that the bill be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Cole moved, that the bill be indefinitely postponed.,

But before the question was taken, Mr. Cole withdrew said motion.

The question recurring upon the motion of Mr. Emerton, that the bill be postponed to the next session of the Legislature,

Before the question was taken, Mr. Emerton withdrew said motion.

Mr. Wells offered an amendment to the bill,

But before the question was taken upon the adoption of said amendment.

On motion of Mr. Wells-

Ordered, That the bill and amendment be referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield, by leave, presented the account of Daniel Batchelder.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Claims.

And then the House adjourned.

#### AFTERNOON.

The House proceeded to the order of the day upon a bill of the following title and the following resolutions, to wit:

"An act, altering the times and establishing the times and places of holding Courts of Probate in the county of Grafton;

A resolution, making an appropriation for the education of the deaf, dumb and blind persons of this State, at the Asylums at Boston and Hartford;

A resolution, in favor of John F. Holt;

A resolution, making an appropriation to repair the piece of ordnance, carriage and harness in custody of the artillery company attached to the 31st regiment;

Which were severally read a third time.

Resolved, That they pass, and that the title of the bill be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Tebbetts of Rochester gave notice, that he will to-morrow move to re-consider the vote, rejecting the resolution which came down from the Senate, appointing a committee to sit during the recess upon the revised statutes, he having voted with the

majority upon that question.

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston, from the joint select committee, appointed to wait upon Perley Robinson, Esq. and inform him of his election to the office of Commissary General, reported, that they had attended to the duty assigned them, and that Mr. Robinson replied, that while he would tender to the convention his grateful acknowledgements for the very liberal and unsolicited expression of their confidence in him, yet circumstances rendering the discharge of the duties of that office by him impracticable and inconvenient, he should therefore most respectfully decline the appointment.

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford— Chandles of mid

Resolved, That the House are now ready to meet the Senate in Convention, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections, agreeably to the provisions of the constitution.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

#### IN CONVENTION.

The Senate and House of Representatives being assembled in Convention in the Representatives' Hall,

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford of the House-

The Convention proceeded by ballot to the choice of Commissary General, and William Rymes was elected.

On motion of Mr. Perley of the Senate,

The House proceeded by ballot to the choice of Warden of

the State Prison, and Lawson Coolidge was elected.

Mr. Hale of the Senate, from the committee appointed to wait on the Secretary and Treasurer elect, and inform them of their election to their respective offices, and if they accept, to receive of them the customary bonds and lay the same before the Convention, reported, that they had attended to the duty assigned them, that they had waited on Josiah Stevens Jr. and Zenas Clement, and that they had signified their acceptance of the several offices to which they had severally been elected, and had furnished the customary bonds.

On motion of Mr. Treadwell of the Senate-

Resolved, That said report be accepted, and that the bond of of the Secretary be filed in the office of the Treasurer, and that the bond of the Treasurer be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

On motion-

The Convention rose and the Senate withdrew.

# IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Haley- of standard bloods to being sid Resolved, That a committee be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait upon Lawson Coolidge and inform him of his election to the office of Warden of the State Prison, and if he accept said office, to receive of him the customary bond, and to inform His Excellency the Governor of said appointment.

Ordered, That Messrs. Clark of Manchester, Hammond and Osgood be the committee ou the part of the House.

Ordered That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

ate therein.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of the following resolutions, to wit:

"A resolution, appropriating fifty dollars for the repair of the piece of ordnance, carriage and harness in custody of the artillery company in the 31st regiment;

A resolution, in favor of John F. Holt.

A resolution, making an appropriation for the education of indigent deaf, dumb and blind persons of this State at the Asylums at Hartford and Boston;

A resolution, authorizing the Treasurer to borrow money on

the credit and for the use of the State.

The Senate have passed a resolution upon the subject of referring the revised statutes to a select committee, to sit during the recess of the Legislature, in which they ask the concurrence of the House.

The Senate have postponed indefinitely the resolutions relating

to school returns and the Literary fund.

The Senate concur with the House in the passage of an address for the removal of certain officers therein named."

The House proceeded to the consideration of the foregoing resolution which came down from the Hon. Senate—

Which was as follows, to wit:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the committee in the two Houses, to whom titles of the several statutes have been referred, be discharged from the further consideration thereof: and that all the titles be referred to a joint committee, consisting of three members from the Senate and ten members from the House, to meet for the consideration of the same at the capitol thirty days before the commencement of the adjourned session, and report thereon at said session—one title at least to be reported on the first day of the session; and that the committee be authorized to request, if they should think it expedient, the Commissioners for revising the statutes, to attend with them in their-deliberations.

On the question,

Will the House concur with the Senate in the adoption of said amendment?

The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in the affirmative are, Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson Noyes of Chester Marsh Marsh Ladd of Epping Boyd

Hoitt of Northwood

Wiggin of Portsmouth Gilman Dinsmoor with additional Gage as subles and adolescen Edgerly Steele Steele bas down March

Ricker Weymouth

Calley Was and sold in plant to Blaisdell of Eaton

Greenough

Norris Chandler

Pierce of Hillsborough

Manning

Clark of Manchester

Patten Porter

Robinson of Exeter

Towle Butler Laighton Waldron Palmer

Peirce of Dover

Jenness Shorey Berry

Bordman of Gilford

Morrison Drake of Moultonborough

Price David Paris Angel and P Pevey

Atwood of Hillsborough

Buntin Judkin Morrill

Smith of Alstead

Parker Mandan Mountosen A Felt a ora out to breather all Sturtevant Osgood Howe Stearns

Davis of Cornish

Glidden Lang Moor Burnham Holden booms dollar goldeless Felton

Clark of Landaff

Savage

Evans of Piermont

Glines Emerton Walker Dodge

Kingsbury of Temple

Jackson Todd

Davis of Keene Cummings

Kingsbury of Roxbury

Reed

Tyler Prentiss Crawford Whitcher Blodgett

Follansbee of Grafton Johnson Johnson Blaisdell of Hanover Day

Hammond Kimball Peabody Skinner

Clough of Warren

Those who voted in the negative are, Messrs.

Pillsbury Rawlins of Deerfield Sanborn of East Kingston

Shannon

Sanborn of Deerfield Taylor of Derry Foss of Greenland

Gove Burleigh Leavitt Dennett

Foss of Stratham

Sherburne Smith of Durham

Allen Downing

Foss of Strafford

Mooney

Young of Barnstead, Young of Meredith Robinson of Brookfield

Drake of Effingham Beacham

Cook of Tamworth

Cate Management has

Taylor of Canterbury

Gutterson Daniell

Clough of Loudon

Flanders Gookin

Stewart

Davis of Antrim Jones of Goffstown

Bassett Cross

Hoit of Newtown Robinson of Poplin

Garland

Clough of Barrington

Hussey

Jones of Farmington

Buzzell

Tebbetts of Rochester

Davis of Alton Rollins of Barnstead

Wight Tilton Eastman Lord

Wiggin of Ossipee

Haley Thurston Marden

Jones of Bradford

Bailey Dickey Knowlton

Gibson of Newbury Hoyt of Northfield

Page Langley Wilkins Poor

Farley
Bixby
Smith of Mason
Raymond
Follansbee of Peterborough
Woodbury of Weare
Watson
Ramsdell
Andrews
Nay
Colby
Huntington

Woodbury of Weare Muntington
Barrett Kingsbury of Gilsum Kingsbury of Gilsum Mason
Mack Barber
Wilson of Sullivan Merriam

Barker Woodbury of Acworth

Kingman Moulton
Booth Cutler
Little Rogers
Adams Sanborn of Campton

Prescott

Curtis

Dow

Ladd of Holderness

Clough of Orange

Durgin

Gray

Wallace

Weeks

Liscomb

Liscomb

Stokes

Haines

Smith of Dalton Low Emery Evans of Shelburne

Ayes, 92. Noes, 118.

Wells

So the negative of the question prevailed, and the resolution was rejected.

Cole

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Neal submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the Secretary of State be directed to procure the printing of the public acts and resolves in the Belknap Gazette, a newspaper printed at Meredith, in the county of Belknap,

Which was read a first time. On motion of Mr. Neal—

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolution be read a second time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolution be read a third time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass. to select the later

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

Mr. Smith of Dalton, from the select committee, consisting of the delegation from the county of Coos, to whom was referred the resolution in favor of Thomas Carlisle, reported the same resolution without amendment.

Said resolution being on its second reading, and I have been add

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the resolution be read a third time at the present time.

The resolution was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of William D. Foster and others, members of the Portsmouth Artillery Company, praying for the removal of an officer, made a report,

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition

be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Butler presented the memorial of Robert Davis.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Military Af-

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that he be allowed to introduce a bill at the present time.

Mr. Peirce of Dover, accordingly introduced a bill, entitled,

"An act, to incorporate the Strafford Bank," and act

Which was read a first time. It someword on reproblement all

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover- on the same of the condition

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a second time at the present time by its title.

The bill was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-than a world and lade Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on

Mr. Gove submitted the following resolution:

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives in Gen-

eral Court convened, That our Senators in Congress be instructed, and that our Representatives be requested to use their efforts to procure the passage, by Congress, of a bill to refund to General Andrew Jackson, the amount of the fine and interest thereon, paid by him, A. D. 1815, by order of Judge Hall, for an alleged contempt of court, in defending the country and protecting the city of New Orleans from the attacks of a British foreign foe.

On motion of Mr. Hoyt of Northfield-

Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of so amending the laws, to prevent frauds in elections, in towns entitled to a Representative in the General Court, that a plurality may elect, and to report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. Young of Meredith, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of Joseph G. Silsby and others, praying for the amendment of the militia laws, made a report,

Whereupon—

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be postponed to the next adjourned session of the Legislature.

Mr. Cole, from the committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred a bill, to sever a tract of land lying partly in the county of Strafford, and partly in the county of Belknap, from the towns of New-Durham and Alton, in the counties of Strafford and Belknap, and annex the same to the town of Wolfborough, in the county of Carroll, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said bill be indefinitely postponed.

On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover-

Resolved, That the Speaker be requested to communicate to Maj. Tochman, the resolution passed by this House, in the forenoon, inviting him to deliver a lecture in the Representative's Hall this evening at eight o'clock;

Also, that the Speaker be requested to extend an invitation to His Excellency the Governor, the Honorable Council, and the Honorable Senate, to attend in the Representative's Hall this evening at eight o'clock, and hear the lecture of Major Tochman.

On motion of Mr. Greenough-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended,

that he have leave, at this time, to introduce a bill.

Mr. Greenough accordingly introduced a bill, entitled "An act in amendment of an act entitled an act, to incorporate the Sullivan County Bible Society,"

Which was read a first time.

On motion of Mr. Greenough—
Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended,
that the bill be read a second time.

The bill was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield—

Ordered, That the bill be referred to the committee on Education.

Mr. Burnham, from the joint committee on Engrossed Bills, reported, that the committee had carefully examined, and found correctly engrossed the following resolutions:

"A resolution, appointing Jacob C. Carter Librarian for the

ensuing year ;"

"A resolution, relating to the pending negotiations at Washington, in relation to the Northern and North Eastern Boundary;"

"A resolution, in favor of John F. Brown and Augustus Jen-

kins;"

"A resolution, in favor of Elijah Carpenter and others;"

"A resolution, directing the Attorney General to investigate the affairs of the Rockingham Mutual Fire Insurance Company;"

"A resolution, directing certain reports and laws of this State

to be transmitted to other States;"

"A resolution in favor of Enoch Jacobs, Jr.;"
Which were severally signed by the Speaker.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Hoit of Newtown, from the committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred the resolution instructing them to inquire into the expediency of providing by law, that the citizens of any town in this State, may associate themselves together and form themselves into a Fire Insurance Company, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject at this time.

Mr. Sanborn, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of B. S. Tuttle, Col. of the 29th regiment, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved. That said petition be postponed to the adjourned

session of the Legislature.

Mr. Price, from the select committee, consisting of the delegation from the county of Merrimack, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act, relating to Registers of Probate for the county of Merrimack," made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said bill be postponed to the next adjourned session of the Legislature.

Mr. Young of Meredith, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of the officers of the Artillery company in the 11th regiment, praying for an appropriation for the erection of a gun house, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be postponed to the next adjourned session of the Legislature.

A message in writing from His Excellency the Governor was received by the Secretary of State, which was read and is as follows:—

## " To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives:

I have this day approved the following bills, which originated in the House of Representatives, viz: "An act to unite school district No. 5, in the town of Runney, and school district No. 7, in the town of Wentworth—"An act to annex Richard Pickering of Newington, to school district No. 1, in Portsmouth"—"An act entitled an act providing for the compensation of the officers of the civil list—"An act to annex a part of school district No. 2, in Bath, to school district No. 3; in Landaff."

HENRY HUBBARD.

Executive Department, June 22, 1842."

And then the House adjourned.

### THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1842.

Mr. Drake of Moultonborough, presented the account of James Straw.

own in this State, may associate themselves together and form

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Claims.

Mr. Pillsbury, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the message of His Excellency the Gevernor, enclosing the annual return of the Adjutant and Quarter Master General, and the annual return of the Commissary General, and to whom was also referred the resolution, instructing them to inquire into the expediency of repairing the State Arsenal at Portsmouth, reported a resolution, appropriating two hundred and and fifty dollars for the purpose of repairing the State Arsenal at Portsmouth, Which was read a first time.

Ordered, That the resolution be read a second time this fore-

noon at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Emery, from the committee on the Alteration of Names, to whom was referred sundry petitions, praying for the alteration of their respective names, reported a bill, entitled "An act, to alter the names of certain persons therein named,"

Which was read a first and second time.

On motion-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a third time by its title, at the present time.

The bill was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass, and that its title be as aforesaid. Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Knowlton, from the committee on Claims, to whom were referred the accounts of William Fisk, Zenas Clement, and Currier & Hall, reported a joint resolution, allowing to William Fisk the sum of one hundred and twenty-three dollars and fifty-four cents, to Zenas Clement the sum of thirty-seven dollars and ninety one-cents, and to Currier & Hall the sum of fifty-five dollars and fifty-six cents,

Which was read a first time.

On separate motions, the rules of the House were so far suspended, two several times, that the resolution was then read a second and third time at the present time. Resolved, That it pass a lad for orangian Moodle at dett to o

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of bills with the following titles, and the following resolutions, to wit:

"An act, to sever a gore of land from the town of Waterville in the county of Grafton, and annex the same to the town of

Thornton in said county ;"

"An act, in favor of the Hancock Artillery Company;"

"An act, altering the times, and establishing the times and places of holding Courts of Probate in the county of Grafton;"

"An act, relating to damages occasioned by the laying out of Highways ;"

"A resolution, in favor of Isaac L. Folsom and another."

The Senate have passed a bill, entitled an act, to authorize Road Commissioners to complete their proceedings, in which they ask the concurrence of the House."

The House proceeded to the consideration of the foregoing bill which came down from the Honorable Senate, entitled "An act, to authorize Road Commissioners to complete their proceedings,"

Which was read a first and second time.

On motion-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the bill be read a third time at the present time.

The bill was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Parker, from the committee on Education, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled an act, to incorporate the Sullivan County Bible Society," reported the same bill without amendment.

The bill was then read a second time.

On motion—

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Incorporations.

Mr. Boyd, from the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures, to whom was referred the petition of Ezekiel Dow and others, the petition of Nathaniel G. Corliss and others, the petition of Edward Chase and others, and the petition of Thomas Wilder and others, praying for the repeal of an act passed at the last session of the Legislature, entitled "An act, to prevent the destruction of fish in the Winnipissiogee Lake and the Bays of the Winnipissiogee River," also the memorial of William T. Clifford and 140 others, remonstrating against the repeal of said act, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the further consideration of the subject be post-

poned to the next adjourned session of the Legislature.

Mr. Kingsbury of Temple, from the committee on Agriculture and Manufactures, to whom were referred sundry petitions, praying for encouragement of the growth and manufacture of silk, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the further consideration of the subject be post-

poned to the adjourned session of the Legislature.

Mr. Gibson, from the committee on Engrossed Bills, reported, that they had carefully examined and found correctly engrossed bills of the following titles, and the following resolutions, to wit:

"An act, relating to the disturbance of religious meetings and assemblies;"

"An act, entitled an act to repeal an act, constituting a committee on the Library, approved Dec. 23d, 1840;"

"An act, to repeal an act therein named;"

"An act, altering the times, and establishing the times and places of holding the Courts of Probate in the county of Grafton;"

"An act, relating to damages occasioned by the laying out of

highways ;"

"An act, to sever a gore of land from the town of Waterville, in the county of Grafton, and annex the same to the town of Thornton, in said county;"

"An act, in favor of the Hancock artillery company;"

"A resolution, in favor of John F. Holt;"

"A resolution, in favor of the artillery company in the 31st regiment;"

"A resolution in favor of Isaac L. Folsom and another;"

"A resolution, making an appropriation for the education of indigent deaf, dumb and blind;"

"A resolution, authorizing the Treasurer to borrow money on

the credit and for the use of the State."

The committee have also examined and find correctly engrosed "An address, in favor of the removal of certain military officers therein named,"

Which were severally signed by the Speaker.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

On motion of Mr. Laighton-

Resolved, That a committee be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait upon William Rymes and inform him of his election as Commissary General, and to take good and sufficient bonds for the discharge of his official duties, and file the same in the office of the Secretary of the State.

Ordered, That Messrs. Foss of Stratham, Robinson of Poplin, and Clark of Atkinson, be the committee on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Butler presented the memorial of Robert Davis.

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Mitary Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Wight-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, during the remainder of this session, that all bills and resolutions may be read a immediately second and third time—the bills being read by their titles, unless objected to.

Mr. Emerton, by leave, introduced a joint resolution, allowing Philip Sargent two dollars, and Aaron Carter four dollars.

Which was read a first, second and third time.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk :

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill with the following title, and the following resolution, to wit:

"An act, to annex a part of School district numbered two, in Sutton, to School district numbered four, in New London;"

"A resolution, instructing our Senators, and requesting our Representatives in Congress, to use their efforts to procure the passage of a bill to refund to General Andrew Jackson, the amount of the fine, with interest thereon, paid by him, for an alleged contempt of court in 1815."

The Senate concur with the House in the passage of the resolution, authorizing the printing of the public acts and resolves in the Belknap Gazette, with an amendment, in which they ask the

concurrence of the House."

Said amendment made by the Honorable Senate, was by providing also for the printing of the public acts and resolves "in the Manchester Representative," a newspaper printed at Manchester, in the county of Hillsborough.

Mr. Clark of Manchester, offered an amendment to said amend-

ment made by the Honorable Senate, and boog add to the

Which was by striking out the words "Manchester Representative," and inserting instead thereof the words "Manchester Democrat."

And the question being put, and anomalise to had a bas and

Upon the adoption of the amendment,

It was decided in the affirmative. So the amendment was adopted.

On the question, do R lo la remain and being solved

Will the House concur in the adoption of the amendment made to said resolution by the Honorable Senate?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the House concurred in the adoption of said amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

The House proceeded to the consideration of the resolution, instructing our Senators, and requesting our Representatives in

Congress to use their efforts to procure the passage of a bill, to refund to General Andrew Jackson, the amount of the fine, with interest thereon, paid by him, for an alleged contempt of court in 1815, which came down from the Honorable Senate.

On the question,

Will the House concur with the Honorable Senate in the adoption of said resolution?

It was decided in the affirmative.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Weeks, from the joint committee on the State House and State House Yard, reported a joint resolution, appointing William Fisk keeper of the State House and State House Yard for the ensuing year,

Which was read three several times.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

ate therein.

Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, from the committee on claims, reported a joint resolution, allowing to Atkinson Webster, Emery Burgess and Samnel S. Dow, the sum of forty-eight dollars each; to Robert Hale the sum of forty-six dollars, and to Jacob C. Carter the sum of fifty dollars,

Which was read three several times.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Davis of Cornish, submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the several committees of both branches of the Legislature, to which are referred the several titles of the Revised Statutes, be discharged from the further consideration thereof at the present session, and that a select committee to consist of five on the part of the House, and two from the Senate, be appointed, whose duty it shall be to sit during the recess of the Legislature, their sittings to commence thirty days prior to the commencement of the adjourned session, at the Capitol in Concord, in conjunction with one at least of the Commissioners, appointed to revise the statutes of this State, to take into consideration the revision of said statutes, reported by said Commissioners, and, as fully as they shall be able, to revise said report, and prepare such amendments thereto, as they shall deem necessary and advisable, and cause them to be printed, and to report said revision, with their proposed printed amendments, to the Legislature, at an early day in their adjourned session.

Mr. Laighton offered an amendment to the resolution, And the question being put, Shall the amendment be adopted? It was decided in the negative. So the amendment was rejected. The question being upon the adoption of the resolution, Mr. Wells moved, that the same be indefinitely postponed, But before the question was taken, Mr. Moulton moved, that the resolution lie on the table, And the question being put, The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in the affirmative are—Messrs.

Patten Cotton of Danville Rawlins of Deerfield Foss of Greenland Gove Burleigh Leavitt Robinson of Poplin Wiggin of Portsmouth Foss of Stratham Palmer Sherburne Thurston I la seed alf Smith of Durham Marden Allen Greenough Pillsbury of the Morgan Morgan Sanborn of Deerfield Robinson of Exeter Shannon not own has present Daniell and no over the letenop Sanborn of Hampton Falls Wilson of Hopkinton Hoit of Newington Hoit of Newtown Hoitt of Northwood Clough of Barrington. Hussey Jones of Farmington

Buzzell Buzzell Plumer Torr Sell Bell Foss of Strafford Mooney Young of Barnstead Tebbetts of Gilmanton Fisk after the sum of file after Morrison Drake of Effingham Beacham Haley Taylor of Canterbury Gutterson Clough of Loudon Flanders Hoyt of Northfield Page Stewart Davis of Antrim Jones of Goffstown Bassett Cross

of an early day in right adjourn

Manning	Moulton
Walker	Moulton Little
Tebbetts of Rochester	Rogers Rogalities to Analo
Berry	Prescott
Davis of Alton	Sanborn of Campton
Rollins of Barnstead	Wallace
Paine	Weeks
Tilton anden le sever	Clough of Orange
Calley	Dana 1970G 10 sortio
Eastman because to discuss	Stokes
Lord	Emerton
Cook of Tamworth	Haines discarys
Sauror	Low
Cate the two has be windered.	Pike
Sceva	Watson
Price	Atwood of Pelham
Jones of Bradford	Follansbee of Peterborough
Bailey	Woodbury of Weare
Dickey	Barrett
Austin	Sargeant
Knowlton	Kingsbury of Gilsum
Gibson of Newbury	Cook of Richmond
Doe	Howe when I he wands and M.
Thompson	Wilson of Sullivan
Langley and bloth to had	Barker
Wilkins	Woodbury of Acworth
Poor make the second	Booth Doose O
Farley	Goldthwaite
Bixby	Cutler Assessed to notico
Smith of Mason	Green denne to strain
Ramsdell	Moor watered to sever
Andrews	Curtis Y TO TO YET
Steele	Dow
Nay standard	Liscomb
Colby wellers le sodensho'l	Bissell
Huntington wall to tisherill	Gray Monument
Mason	Johnson
Mack Rebond to Areid	Smith of Dalton
Reed	Emery
Baker	Wells hollis to need toll
Kingman 29 nat 12	Evans of Shelburne
Grannis	Cole
Glines	Drake of Moultonborough

Those who voted in the negative are-Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson	Gookin
Porter	Chandler
Sanborn of East Kingston	Pierce of Hillsborough
15. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	Clark of Manchester
	Morrill
Laighton Sanson to Associate	Noyes of Nashua
Peirce of Dover	Dodge
Jenness ****	Smith of Alstead
Shorey	Parker
Shorey Weymouth	Felt dixowens Pho know
Mallard	Sturtevant
Neal	Kingsbury of Roxbury
Robinson of Brookfield	Stearns
Norris mania To boowsk	Stearns Hamlin
David	Tyler protestit to send.
Pevey arms W to yandboo W	Prentiss
Buntin	Adams
Buntin Judkin tasses	Crawford
Raymond	Prentiss Adams Crawford Whitcher Burnham
Gage	Burnham and way to good to
Gage Kingsbury of Temple	Holden
Jackson Mayallue to noshi	Holden Felton Ladd of Holderness
Todd	Ladd of Holderness
Davis of Keene	Kimball **** W
Osgood	Brackett
Osgood Merriam Cotton of Clerament	Stevens
Cotton of Claremont	Goodwin
Davis of Cornish	Clough of Warren
Noyes of Chester	Day inshear all
Taylor of Derry	
Boyd	Lang
Towle . days and I	Blodgett
Peaslee	Follansbee of Grafton
Dinsmoor	Blaisdell of Hanover
Edgerly	Hammond
Ricker sold by three	Hammond Clark of Landaff Savage
Wight	Savage
Bordman of Gilford	Peabody
Young of Meredith	Skinner
Charles	Durgin
Drake of Moultonborough	Glines

Ayes 141, noes, 83.

So the affirmative of the question prevailed, panagrood visitations And the resolution was laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Glidden-

The House resumed the consideration of the resolution, appropriating six thousand dollars for the New Hampshire Asylum for the Insane,

Which was read a second time.

On motion of Mr. Glidden

Ordered, That it lie on the table, and be made the special or-

der of the day this afternoon at three o'clock.

The House proceeded to the order of the day, upon the resolution authorizing additional enlistments into the first company of artillery in the 13th regiment of N. H. militia,

Which was read a second time.

On mertion of Mr. Perker-On motion of Mr. Peirce of Dover

Ordered, That it be referred to the committee on Military Affairs. Bound box comess

The House proceeded in the order of the day, upon a bill of the following title and the following resolutions, to wit:

"An act, making appropriations for the Militia of this State, for the year 1842;"

A resolution, appropriating two hundred and fifty dollars for

repairing the State arsenal at Portsmouth;

A resolution, appropriating fifty dollars for the purpose of erecting a Gun House for the artillery company in the 14th regiment of N. H. militia.

The House proceeded in the order of the day upon the bill, entitled "An act, to incorporate the Hooksett Falls Bridge,"

Which was read a second time.

Mr. Felton offered an amendment to the bill.

On the question,

On the question,
Shall the amendment be adopted?

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the amendment was adopted.

The bill was then read a third time?

Resolved, That it pass.

On mexica of Mr. Changer Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate physical, Thick the Curk informs this Founts thereon. therein.

Mr. Pillsbury, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the memorial of Robert Davis, by leave made a rebusinessed nixty-times doller; and cavanty-advan ceims,

Whech was read three accessed those.

Resolved, That the further consideration of said memorial be indefinitely postponed.

And then the House adjourned. Continue of Me. Gentler

The Manne marined the consideration of the resolution, approprocess six characters for the Heavyshire Asylom for

## AFTERNOON.

Originad. That it lies on the totals, and he made the special or-

On motion of Mr. Parker The House reconsidered the vote passing the bill, entitled "An act, to authorize Road Commissioners to complete their proartiflary in the 1 Sch regiment of N. M. pathici ceedings." Some Bose of heart seem doed W

On motion of Mr. Parker-

Resolved, That the bill be put upon its second reading for the purpose of amendment, and referred to the committee on Roads,

Bridges and Canals.

Mr. Hoyt of Northfield, from the committee on Claims, to whom was referred the account of James Straw, reported a resolution, allowing to said James Straw the sum of twenty-five dollars and sixty-five cents, Which was read three several times.

Resolved, That it pass. Amendment is known and the parties of Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein. I all as yanders resiling and set espoit and a marting

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of bills with the following titles, to wit:

"An act, to alter the names of certain persons;" "An act, to constitute the town of Nashville."

The Senate non-concur with House of Representatives in their amendment to the resolution, authorizing the printing of the public acts and resolves in the Belknap Gazette."

On motion of Mr. Chandler-

Resolved, That the House recede from their said amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Colby, from the committee on Military Accounts, to whom was referred the account of Theodore F. Rowe, reported a joint resolution, allowing to said Theodore F. Rowe the sum of two hundred sixty-three dollars and seventy-seven cents,

Which was read three several times.

and three quarter cents due in the whole,

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Colby, from the same committee, to whom was referred the account of Daniel Batchelder, reported a joint resolution, allowing to said Daniel Batchelder the sum of forty-eight dollars,

Which was read three several times.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the bill, entitled "An act, authorizing enlistments into the first company of artillery in the 13th regiment of New Hampshire militia," reported the same bill without amend-Which was read a third time. The has works 18 30 and to

Resolved, That it pass, and that its title be as aforesaid.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein. on south to roll at angequenes all to see as benefiting

conservely, the heat publication to be thirty that prior to the first

A message from the Senate by their Clerke

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a committee to wait on Lawson Coolidge and inform him of his election to the office of Warden of the State Prison, and have on their part joined Mr. Hale.

The Senate also concur with the House in the appointment of a committee to wait on William Rymes and inform him of his election to the office of Commissary General, and have on their part joined Mr. M'Daniel.

Mr. Doe, from the committee on Military Accounts, to whom were referred the accounts of Charles H. Peaslee, Adjutant and acting Quarter Master General, and and part because two less

# and sized to visite REPORTED and add to himself and serious serious to respect to the serious serious

That they had carefully examined every part of said accounts, together with the vouchers of each and every item of the same, and they find the same correctly cast and well vouched, and that there is a balance due said Charles H. Peaslee of twenty-one dollars and ten and three quarter cents, to be allowed him in his next account. There are also outstanding claims against the department for annual allowance to adjutants, the sum of twenty-eight dollars, and the sum of fourteen dollars for the annual allowance to the artillery companies, making the sum of fifty-three dollars and ten and three quarter cents due in the whole, when paid to the Adjutant and acting Quarter Master General's department.

Mr. Young of Meredith, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of William A. White and others, praying for the removal of the General of the sixth brigade and second division of New Hampshire militia, by leave, made a report, second lawrence and there's

Whereupon-

Resolved, That said petition be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Blodgett, from the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals, to whom was referred the petition of John Greenfield and others, praying for a charter of a Railroad from Great Falls to 

Whereupon-

Yes Mannahaya aminin. "remorted the same Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be postponed to the next adjourned session of the Legislature, and that the petitioners give notice to all persons interested in the same, by causing said petition and order of notice thereon, to be published in one of the newspapers in Dover, three weeks successively, the last publication to be thirty days prior to the first day of said session of the Legislature.

Mr. Doe, from the committee on Military Accounts, to whom were referred the accounts and vouchers of John H. White, for erecting an arsenal and magazine at Lancaster, reported a joint resolution, allowing to said John H. White the sum of ten dollars

and forty-five cents.

Which was read three several times.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Haley submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the Clerks of the House and Senate are hereby required to deposit with the Secretary of State the original journals of the Senate and House of Representatives hereafter, and that no revised or copied journal hereafter be furnished at the expense of the State, except for printer, any former usage to the contrary notwithstanding. Sames and bad you

On the question, and he was a H select of his one someled a at

Shall said resolution be adopted ? person solution sould be and one It was decided in the negative, pulled the order and a sent 1 , 10000 So the resolution was rejected.

Mr. Patten, from the committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of William A. White and another, pray-

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standard W to attack to I'm

ing for the removal of the captain of the first company of infantry in the 42d regiment of New Hampshire militia, and the remonstrance of Enoch F. Connor and others against granting the prayer of said petition, by leave, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition and remonstrance be indefinitely postponed.

On motion of Mr. Glidden-

The House proceeded to the special order of the day upon the resolution, appropriating six thousand dollars for the completion of the New Hampshire Asylum for the Insane.

Mr. Glidden moved, that the resolution be amended by striking out the words "six thousand," and inserting instead thereof,

the words "four thousand,"

And the question being put,

Upon the adoption of the amendment,

It was decided in the affirmative. So the amendment was adopted.

Mr. Foss of Greenland moved, that the resolution be indefinitely postponed.

And the question being put,

The ayes and noes were called for.

#### Those who voted in the affirmative are, Messrs.

Cotton of Danville Sanborn of Deerfield Rawlins of Deerfield Sanborn of East Kingston Ladd of Epping Foss of Greenland Shannon Marston Gove Oliver Hoit of Newington

Towle

Leavitt Dennett Garland

Foss of Stratham

Buzzell Downing Davis of Alton

Mooney

Young of Barnstead, Young of Meredith

Calley Morrison

Robinson of Brookfield Drake of Effingham

Lord Beacham

Wiggin of Ossipee

Thurston Cate Marden Sceva

Taylor of Canterbury

Dickey Langley Bassett Rogers
Cross Sanborn of Campton
Colby Felton
Mack Weeks
Reed Clough of Warren
Tyler Dana
Cotton Stokes

#### Those who voted in the negative are, Messrs.

H ZIE BEHEITSGREEGE GOODSEN. Torr Clark of Atkinson Patten Berry shours he hou Noyes of Chester Foss of Strafford. Pillsbury Rollins of Barnstead Porter souteout wit but Tuck Tebbetts of Gilmanton Sanborn of Hampton Falls Wight Weymouth Boyd Burleigh Bordman of Gilford bardotees visto Hoit of Newtown Mallard Hoitt of Northwood Fisk was misd nonesup on back Charles and send has a send and Butler Peaslee Eastman Blaisdell of Eaton Robinson of Poplin Drake of Moultonborough Laighton Wiggin of Portsmouth Cook of Tamworth Gilman Halev histrend la anifwall hanterraft to Tenney Sawyer Sankorn of East Minus of Mercelosky Palmer Greenough aniquit to black Dinsmoor Price Poss of Greenhaut Morgan Clough of Barrington mounted 8 Sherburne Jones of Bradford Peirce of Dover of its hortains Bailey STORT Edgerly Gutterson サスマーだり Daniell Hussey floor of Mawings enclima! Wilson of Hopkinton Jenness BY WO T Smith of Durham Knowlton 131 TEMA Clough of Loudon Jones of Farmington I her reese to Gibson of Newbury Allen Deinisma) Flanders Ricker to men I of Canterbury Shorey Hoyt of Northfield Burrell Doe Plumer LADWRIDE Tebbetts of Rochester Gookin

Page	Osgood Seaso to danot
	Cook of Richmond
Stewart	Kingsbury of Roxbury
	Howe More toxibility
Davis of Antrim	Wilson of Sullivan
Chandler	Barber
Wilkins	Raker
Jones of Goffstown	Stearns Stearns
	Barker
	Butterfield
Pierce of Hillsborough	Kingman
Farley	Hamlin
Bixby	Hamlin Grannis
Manning	Davis of Cornish
	Booth edged and he neither so
Clark of Manchester	Prentiss   hebecoon ernoll of
Judkingawag alden sels et a	Goldthwaite Mandus Mandouer ed.
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Smith of Mason	Cutler and he remained and
Walker	Adams sees bos works as or tienoc
Ramsdell	Glidden series series up and had
Raymond	Crawford Crawford
Noyes of Nashua	Whitcher
Dodge	* Prescott
Atwood of Pelham	Moor
Steele manager and in the	Blodgett
Follansbee of Peterborough	Curtis Saturd to anyon
Nav	Burnham
Kingsbury of Temple	Wallace telegal to sension a
Woodbury of Weare	Follonghoo of Crafton
Barrett notamental be	Holden
Huntington	Blaisdell of Hanover
Smith of Alstead	Dow were the hold
Jackson	"Hammond"
Sergeant	Ladd of Holderness
Mason	Clark of Landoff
Parker 30719430 81 10 81164	liseomh
Todd Best A lo a	Kimball
Felt	Savago dissensive la gine W
Davis of Keene	Brackett mentioned in went
Sturtevant basis is as	Peabody
Cummings of careful to street	Skinner

Clough of Orange	Low
Bissell boomstol	Wells
Goodwin wards and to	Pike
Glines	Watson
Johnson	Cole
Emerton	mersolf

Ayes, 50. Noes, 162.

So the negative of the question prevailed,

And the House refused to indefinitely postpone the resolution. The resolution was then read a third time.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein. meterathi

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston-

The House proceeded to the special order of the day, upon the resolution submitted by him relative to the rights, powers and liabilities of members of corporations.

Mr. Tebbetts of Rochester moved, that the resolution be post-

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poned to the adjourned session of the Legislature.

And the question being put-The ayes and noes were called for.

Those who voted in the affirmative are-Messrs.

Clough of Barrington Patten Edgerley and and is entered to Noves of Chester Hussey Tuck Jenness shipper to vindegal A Robinson of Exeter Sanborn of Hampton Falls Smith of Durham Jones of Farmington Boyd novoned le liste Allen notaminable Burleigh Buzzell Hoit of Newtown Smith of Alstond . Downing Leavitt Shorey Butler Rabons I do Plummer Peaslee Tebbetts of Rochester New York Dennett Davis of Alton Laighton Wiggin of Portsmouth Mooney Rollins of Barnstead Foss of Stratham Young of Barnstead logvettett Palmer Tebbetts of Gilmanton Dinsmoor

Wight	Clark of Manchester
Weymouth	Judkin wbodseq
Bordman	Morrill tentile
Mallard	Smith of Mason
Young of Meredith	Walker was W to danolo
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Fisk	Noyes of Nashua
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Morrison week was eve	Gage I as below odw agod T
Charles	Steele
Robinson of Brookfield	Follansbee of Peterborough
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Cook of Tamworth	
Haley Vandboo W	COURSE
Sawyer vdfo0	
Thurston Holymian H	Sturtevant
~	
Marden Market	Cummings
Greenough	Osgood Richwood
Price book	Cook of Richmond
Jones of Bradford	Kingsbury of Roxbury
Taylor of Canterbury	Wilson of Sullivan
	Dalsan
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Andrews Those who voted in the negative are-Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson Pever dead to seem to M Bassett Pillsbury Sanborn of Deerfield Farley Market to Not with the Rawlins of Deerfield Bixby made and ho start Sanborn of East Kingston Buntin Ramsdell Ladd of Epping Foss of Greenland Dodge -menomans Atwood of Pelham Shannon Woodbury Marston Colby MEW VOY Davis of Meene Gove Huntington This er market Oliver Hoit of Newington Jackson win 3 Marchen Hoitt of Northwood beautel Sargeant Robinson of Poplin Mack demonstration of Gilman dron to vandagan M. Reed Tenney davidue to nost 4 Barker brothank to small Davis of Cornish Berry Booth Paine Moulton Wiggin of Ossipee Goldthwaite Enterfield Sceva Little Clough of Louden onnigon. Morgan minist Cutler Bailey Gutterson oursis O to none 3 Adams bientitro / to tvoll ; Glidden Austin Wilson of Hopkinton Rogers Crawford Gibson of Newbury Whitcher Norris Prescott www.toll to sand Gookin Langley World to Habriel Sanborn of Campton rescribble I to black Blodgettic sociation lo some drugos d Burnham Davis of Antrim Indiai A Wallace animuss. Wilkins

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Follansbee of Grafton Clark of Landaff

Savage

Dow to appropriate Clough of Orange

the office of Marden of the State Prison for the Ayes, 132. Noes, 74.

So the affirmative of the question prevailed,

And the further consideration of the resolution was postponed to the next adjourned session of the Legislature.

Agreeably to a resolution of the House,

The Speaker announced the appointment of Messrs. Tebbetts of Rochester, Colby and Atwood of Hillsborough, as the select committee upon the petition of John Dodge and others, and the petition of Samuel Abbott and others, to examine the situation and inquire into the expediency of creating the proposed new town as prayed for by said petitioners.

Mr. Norris, from the committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the petition of Harvey Carpenter and others, praying for the the removal of Ezekiel P. Pierce from the office of Justice of the Peace for the county of Cheshire, reported an address for the removal of said Ezekiel P. Pierce from said office of Justice of the Peace.

Which was read.

Which was read.
On motion of Mr. Wells—

Resolved, That the further consideration of said address be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill with the following title and the following resolutions, to wit:

"An act, authorizing additional enlistments into the first company of Artillery in the 13th regiment of New Hampshire Militia;"

"A resolution, in favor of John H. White;" "A resolution, in favor of Daniel Batchelder;"

"A resolution, in favor of Theodore F. Rowe;"

"A resolution, in favor of James Straw."

Mr. Burnham, from the joint committee on Engrossed Bills, introduced a joint resolution, allowing to James M. Rix the sum of fifty-nine dollars.

Which was read three several times. The sedential

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Clark of Manchester, from the select committee appointed to wait upon Lawson Coolidge, and inform him of his election to the office of Warden of the State Prison for the ensuing year, and to take from him the customary bond, and inform His Excellency the Governor thereof, reported that they had attended to the duty assigned them, that Mr. Coolidge had accepted said appointment and had furnished the committee with a satisfactory bond, which is filed with the Secretary of State.

Mr. Grannis, from the committee on Finance, reported a joint resolution, appropriating five hundred dollars for the contingent

expenses of this State.

Which was read three several times.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Wells introduced a joint resolution, appropriating three thousand dollars towards the Geological and Mineralogical survey of the State.

Which was read three several times.

Resolved, That it pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Atwood of Hillsborough, from the select committee, to whom was referred the message of His Excellency the Governor, transmitting certain resolutions from the General Assembly of the State of New York, in relation to the franking privilege and rates of postage as established by law, made a report,

Which was read.

Said committee also reported sundry joint resolutions relative to said subjects referred to them,

Which were read.

Resolved, That they pass.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Adams submitted the following resolution:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the committees on the Judiciary, of the Senate and House of Representatives, be requested to meet at the Capitol ten days before the commencement of the adjourned session, for the purpose of considering the revised statutes.

The question being,

Shall the resolution pass?

Mr. Colby moved, that it be indefinitely postponed,

But before the question was taken, and and ho mono

It was moved, that the resolution lie on the table,

And the question being put, mornishs sid 2005 o asses

So the resolution was laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Parker-

Resolved, That when the House adjourn this afternoon they adjourn to meet again to-morrow at five o'clock in the morning.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House of Repreresentatives in the passage of a bill with the following title and the following resolutions, to wit:

"An act, making appropriations for the militia of this State for

the year 1842."

"A resolution, appropriating two hundred and fifty dollars for the repairs of the State Arsenal, at Portsmouth;"

"A resolution, appropriating fifty dollars for the erection of a gun house in the fourteenth Regiment of New Hampshire Militia."

The Senate have passed the resolutions, relating to the apportionment of the representation among the several States, with an amendment, in which they ask the concurrence of the House."

The question being upon concurring with the Hon. Senate in their amendment to said resolutions,

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford 10 notices at

Ordered, That the resolutions lie on the table.

Mr. Burnham, from the committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had carefully examined, and found correctly engrossed, bills of the following titles and the following resolutions, to wit:

"An act to annex a part of school district number two in Sut-

ton, to school district number four in New London."

"A resolution, relative to refunding to General Andrew Jackson the fine imposed upon him by Judge Hall;"

"A resolution, in favor of Atkinson Webster and others;"
"A resolution, in favor of Philip Sargent and another;"

"A resolution, in favor of William Fisk and others;"

"A resolution, directing the printing of the public acts and resolves in the Belknap Gazette and Manchester Representative."

"An act to alter the names of certain persons;"
"An act to constitute the town of Nashville."

Which were severally signed by the Speaker. Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

On motion of Mr. Laighton—

Resolved That the House do now take a recess until one half past seven o'clock this afternoon.

The House then took a recess accordingly.

#### ONE HALF PAST SEVEN O'CLOCK.

#### A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of the following resolutions, to wit:

"A resolution, appointing William Fisk keeper of the State

House and State House Yard for the ensuing year;"

"A resolution, in favor of James M. Rix;"

"A resolution, appropriating four thousand dollars for the New Hampshire Asylum for the Insane;"

"A resolution, appropriating five hundred dollars for the contin-

gent expenses of this State;"

"A resolution, appropriating three thousand dollars to continue the Geological and Mineralogical survey of the State."

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford-

The House resumed the consideration of the resolutions, introduced by Mr. Tuck, relative to Railroad corporations.

Mr. Bordman of Gilford offered two several amendments to said

resolutions.

The question being upon the adoption of said amendments,

Mr. Davis of Cornish moved, that the resolutions be postponed to the next adjourned session of the Legislature,

But before the question was taken,

Mr. Davis withdrew said motion and moved, that the resolutions be indefinitely postponed.

And the question being put,

The ayes and noes were called for; But before the question was taken,

Mr. Barker moved, that the resolutions lie on the table,

And the question being put,

The ayes and noes were called for: the statistics of the u.k.

But before the question was taken, Mr. Barker withdrew said motion.

The question recurring upon the motion of Mr. Davis of Cornish, that the resolutions be indefinitely postponed, And the ayes and noes having been called for,

Those who voted in the affirmative are, Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson Cotton of Danville Sanborn of Deerfield Rawlins of Deerfield Weymouth Porter Taylor of Derry

Sanborn of East Kingston Robinson of Brookfield

Ladd of Epping Robinson of Exeter Foss of Greenland

Shannon Marston Boyd mailing in medicallo Oliver Taylor to Hahrida Towle Burleigh

Leavitt Hoitt of Northwood

Butler Laighton

Wiggin of Portsmouth Dickey

Gilman Garland Dinsmoor Peirce of Dover

Hussey Jenness Allen Ricker Buzzell

Downing Plumer

Tebbetts of Rochester Berry

Foss of Strafford

Rollins of Barnstead. Young of Barnstead, Tebbetts of Gilmanton

Young of Meredith

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Taylor of Canterbury

Bailey Gutterson bastela to dring

Gibson of Newbury

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Hoyt of Northfield

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Davis of Antrim

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	Brackett Parkett
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Kingsbury of Gilsum	Peabody Skinner Bissell
Todd	Goodwin
Davis of Keene Sturtevant	Clough of Warren
Sturtevant	Dana Stokes
Cummings	Otoros
Mack	Ulines
Cook of Richmond	
Kingsbury of Roxbury	Haines Banwoll
Howe	Cillery
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Wilson of Sullivan	Cole
Barber	Cosp of Strafford

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Those who voted in the negative are, Messrs.

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Jones of Farmington Baker Davis of Alton Tyler Mooney Crawford Prescott Ball a Davi and dad W Paine Wight Moor ment boot Bordman of Gilford Wells Mallard

Ayes, 153. Noes, 43. no we metadocay and their beacht and il

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had the question being put, So the affirmative of the question prevailed, at book as a line of the prevailed, at book and the prevailed, at the prevailed of the prevailed, at the prevailed of the prevailed, at the prevailed of the prevail And the resolutions were indefinitely postponed.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill with the following title and the following resolutions, to wit:

"An act to annex a part of school district number two, in New

London, to school district number nine in Springfield."
"A resolution, in favor of William Fisk and others;"

"A resolution, in favor of William Fisk and others;"
"A resolution, in favor of Atkinson Webster and others;"
"A resolution, in favor of Philip Sargent and another."

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill, entitled "An act, to incorporate the South Con-

Mr. Atwood of Pelham, from the committee on Military Af-

fairs, to whom was referred the petition of the Dover Artillery company, praying for an appropriation for a gun and gun house, made a report,

Whereupon-

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their

petition.

Mr. Sawyer, by leave, presented the petition of Henry Tebbetts and others, praying for a charter of a Railroad from Somersworth to Conway.

On motion of Mr. Sawyer-

Resolved, That the said petition be postponed to the next adjourned session of the Legislature, with the usual order of notice, three weeks in the two Dover papers, at least thirty days before the adjourned session.

Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston submitted the following resolu-

tion

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the town of Nashville be authorized to elect Representatives to the General Court, at any legal meeting for that purpose, prior to the first day of November next.

Which was read a first time.

On the question,

Shall the resolution be read a second time?

The ayes and noes were called for, But before the question was taken,

It was moved that the resolution lie on the table,

And the question being put,

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the resolution was laid on the table.

Mr. Burnham, from the committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had carefully examined and found correctly engrossed, bills of the following titles and the following resolutions, to wit:

"An act, making appropriations for the militia of this State for

the year 1842."

"A resolution, making an appropriation for a gun house in the 14th Regiment;"

"A resolution, in favor of Daniel Batchelder;"
"A resolution, in favor of James M. Rix;"

"A resolution, in favor of John H. White;"

"A resolution, in favor of James Straw;"

"A resolution, appropriating five hundred dollars for the contingent expenses of this State;"

"A resolution, appointing William Fisk keeper of the State House and State House Yard;"

"A resolution, making an appropriation for the repairs of the State Arsenal at Portsmouth."

"An act to incorporate the South Conway Seminary;"

"An act, authorizing additional enlistments into the first company of Artillery in the 13th Regiment of the New Hampshire Militia."

Which were severally signed by the Speaker.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House in the passage of a resolution in favor of Thomas Carlisle."

On motion of Mr. Bordman of Gilford-

The House resumed the consideration of the resolutions relating to the apportionment of the representation among the several States, with the amendment made thereto by the Hon. Senate.

Mr. Wells moved, that the House disagree to said amendment.

And the question being put,

It was decided in the affirmative.

So the House disagreed to said amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Sanborn of Deerfield moved, that the House reconsider the vote of yesterday, adopting the resolution reported by the committee on Military Aaffairs, to whom was referred the memorial of Robert Davis,

And the question being put,
It was decided in the negative.

So the House refused to reconsider said vote.

On motion of Mr Sanborn of East Kingston—

Resolved, That all bills, resolutions and other papers, which have been referred to the several committees, and which have not been by them reported on to the House, and all papers upon the table, be deposited in the office of the Secretary of State until the adjourned session.

Mr. Colby moved that the House adjourn.

And the question being put,
It was decided in the negative.
So the House refused to adjourn.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate have postponed to the adjourned session of the Legislature the resolutions relative to the franking privilege and rates of postage, as now established by law.

CONFIDENCE.

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a bill, entitled "An act to incorporate the Hooksett Falls Bridge," man & warrand duro & art alergation of 106

On motion of Mr. Tebbets of Gilmanton-

Resolved, That the thanks of the House be tendered to the several Reverend Clergymen for their services as Chaplains during the present session of the Legislature.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker-The Senate adhere to their amendment to the resolutions, relating to the apportionment of the representation among the several States."

On motion of Mr. Norris 10 mention at the matter of

Resolved, That the House adhere to their disagreement to said amendment.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

So said resolutions were lost.

Mr. Buntin submitted the following resolutions:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That by the constitution of the United States, Congress has power to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States.

Resolved, That one of the most direct and efficient modes of providing for the general welfare of a people is to encourage and

protect their domestic industry.

Resolved, That our Senators in Congress be instructed, and our Representatives be requested to vote for a judicious tariff of duties, which, while it provides for a revenue adequate to the purposes of an economical administration of the government, shall also furnish a fair and reasonable protection to our domestic industry.

Mr. Gibson moved that the resolutions lie on the table.

And the question being put,

The ayes and noes were called for. And the question being men.

Those who voted in the affirmative are Messrs.

Clark of Atkinson Pillsbury privilege and rates of postage, as now established by law

Rawlins of Deerfield Sanborn of East Kingston Cotton of Danville Ladd of Epping Sanborn of Deerfield Foss of Greenland

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	Wiggin of Ossipee	YEV
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Davis of Alton	Wilkins	2000
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Wight	Pierce of Hillsborough	Berd
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Davis of Cornish Dana Glines Goldthwaite with the state Johnson medical to see it Haines Emery Adams Crawford Low Wells

Whitcher Evans of Shelburne Prescott

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Young of Barnstead

Sanborn of Campton Watson Cole Blodgett

### Those who voted in the negative are-Messrs.

avoiding le son Price Flanders Taylor of Derry David Robinson of Exeter Buntin Gove

Clark of Manchester Boyd

Judkin

Noyes of Nashua Dinsmoor

Clough of Barrington Gage Steele Edgerly

Smith of Alstead Jenness

Smith of Durham Mason Plumer Todd Mooney Sturtevant Mallard Osgood Voter Sawver

Greenough Kingsbury of Roxbury

Wilson of Sullivan

Moor Stearns Blaisdell of Hanover Butterfield Ladd of Holderness

Kingman Kimball Hamlin Brackett Cotton of Claremont Peabody Grannis Skinner Prentiss Bissell

Ayes 141, noes, 49.

So the affirmative of the question prevailed, And the resolutions were laid on the table. Mr. Wells submitted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the Constitution of the United States gives to the Legislature of each State the right to prescribe the times, places and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States.

Resolved, That so long as the States continue to exercise this power, so as to secure a representation in Congress, the National Legislature do not possess the right to interfere with and control such regulations.

Resolved, That when the Legislature of any State shall fail to adopt such regulations, then, and then only, Congress may do it.

Resolved, That the Constitution of the United States does not confer upon Congress the right to control the legislation of the States, and prescribe to the legislatures what course they shall pursue.

Resolved, That whenever a case shall occur, which shall warrant any action on the part of the General Government, relative to the elections, the times, places and manner of holding the elections must be prescribed by Congress directly, and not through the State Government.

Resolved, That the recent act of Congress, directing the States to be districted for the choice of Representatives to Congress, is a direct violation of the provisions of the federal compact, and we cannot regard the same as binding upon the States.

Resolved, That we cannot sanction so unauthorized an interference in our domestic relations on the part of Congress, and shall therefore decline to district this State for the choice of Representatives to Congress.

On the question,

Shall said resolutions be adopted? It was decided in the affirmative.

And then the House adjourned. So the resolutions were adopted.

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#### FRIDAY, JUNE 24, 1842.

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On motion-

Resolved, That the rules of the House be so far suspended, that the reading of the journal of yesterday be dispensed with.

Mr. Burnham, from the committee on Engrossed Bills, reported, that they had carefully examined and found correctly engrossed, bills with the following titles and the following resolutions, to wit:

"An act, to annex a part of School District No. two in New

London, to School District No. nine in Springfield."

A resolution, appropriating four thousand dollars for the com-

pletion of the Asylum for the Insane;

A resolution, appropriating three thousand dollars for the completion of the Geological and Mineralogical survey of the State;

A resolution, in favor of Theodore F. Rowe; A resolution, in favor of Thomas Carlisle;

An act, to incorporate the Hooksett Falls Bridge;

Which were severally signed by the Speaker.

Ordered That the Clerk inform the Senate thereof.

Mr. Foss of Stratham, from the joint select committee, appointed to wait on William Rymes and inform him of his election to the office of Commissary General, by leave reported, that they had attended to the duty assigned them, and that said Rymes had accepted said office, and given good and satisfactory bonds, which are deposited in the office of the Secretary of State,

Which report was accepted.

On motion of Mr. Sanborn of East Kingston-

Resolved, That returns of the Adjutant and acting Quarter Master General be deposited in the office of the Secretary of State.

Mr. Burnham, from the joint committee on Engrossed Bills, reported, that they had presented to His Excellency the Governor, all the engrossed bills, resolutions and addresses which have passed both branches of the Legislature during the present session.

On motion of Mr. Norris-

Resolved, That a committee of ten be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait on His Excellency the Governor, and inform him, that the business of the present session of the Legislature is finished, and that the Legislature are now ready to be adjourned to the first Wednesday of November next.

Ordered, That Messrs. Glidden, Clark of Atkinson, Sherburne, Tilton, Eastman, Daniell, Bassett, Felt, Whitcher, and Smith of Dalton, be the committee on the part of the House.

Ordered, That the Clerk request the concurrence of the Sen-

ate therein.

A message from the Senate by their Clerk:

"Mr. Speaker—The Senate concur with the House in the appointment of a joint select committee to wait upon His Excellency the Governor, and inform him that the business of the present session being finished, both branches of the Legislature are now ready to be adjourned to the first Wednesday of November next, and have on their part joined Messrs. Brown and Warner.

Mr Glidden, from the joint select committee, appointed to wait on His Excellency the Governor, and inform him that the business of the present session being finished, both branches of the Legislature are now ready to be adjourned to the first Wednesday of November next, reported, that they had attended to the duty assigned them.

The following message in writing, from His Excellency the Governor, was received by the Secretary of State, which was read:

"To the Hon. Senate and House of Representatives:

I have given my approval to each and all of the bills and resolutions, and also to the address, which have been passed by the Legislature at its present session, and presented for my consideration, and having been informed by a joint committee from the two Houses, that you have finished all the legislative business designed to be transacted at the present session, and that you are now ready to be adjourned; after wishing to each member of the Legislature a safe return to his home, and a happy meeting with his family and friends, I do, agreeably to your request, as made known to me through your committee, now adjourn the Legislature to the first Wednesday of November next, being the second day of the month, then to re-assemble at the capitol in Concord. HENRY HUBBARD.

Council Chamber, June 24, 1842."

The Speaker then declared the House to be adjourned accordingly.

Attest—HARRY HIBBARD, Clerk.

service of the Legislature is finished, and that the Level of the are from ready to be adjourned to the first Wednesday.

(but need That Messis, Cilidates, Collin of Africaco, Sheenrich Thron, Rosango, Daniell, Bassar, Will. Windies, and Sanch of Oshron, he die committee en die pairt af the Hense. Courteel: That the Charle request the commission of the Sen-

A received the Sendle by their Clerk:

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Mr. Ollower, from the joint select a consister, appropried to was as His backlesses that Covernor, and moved him that the business of the present session better trace of both linescines of the present season better trace of the linescines are now ready to design that allowed arounds in the days of November next, reported, that allowed arounds in the days of the arounds of the consistency.

The following pressing in writing them: His Excellency the Gorroor, was received being Secretary of State, which the read:

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The specifier that declared the Unit to be adjourned accordach. Altest-HARRY HIBBARD Clark.

# APPENDIX.

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carriosay and desire for improvenient. This most important department of agriculture has been asreliably entended to by meaduring the curve; and the information which I have

# REPORT

OF THE STATE GEOLOGIST.

His Excellency Henry Hubbard,
Governor of New Hampshire.

Sir—I have the honor of presenting to your Excellency a brief report on the present condition of the Geological survey of the State of New Hampshire, with a few suggestions respecting my future operations in the completion of the

work with which I am charged.

I beg leave to refer you to my first annual report for the details of the work performed during the first year, remarking only, that a large amount of matter, which was prepared for that communication, was necessarily omitted in its publication, and is reserved for the final report, which will be drawn up at the close of the present year, when the survey will be completed, in accordance with the resolves of the Legislature, by which the work was authorized.

The matter which has been reserved, as above stated, relates chiefly to agriculture, and the economical management

of metalliferous ores.

During the present year a considrable amount of valuable information has been collected, sufficient to form a large annual report: but having been advised by His Excellency the Governor with the general consent of the Honorable Council, that it would not be necessary to prepare this matter for the press before the close of the survey; I have reserved it for the final and complete report.

Although the resolves authorizing the survey and the instructions conveyed therein to the State Geologist do not contemplate any examination of the soils, marls, peat and swamp muck, or the analysis of the various solid and fluid parts of plants, I have found that many people in the State felt that I could render them a valuable service, by examining into those matters; and I have most cheerfully done all that has been in my power to gratify their rational curiosity and desire for improvement. This most important department of agriculture has been carefully attended to by me during the survey; and the information which I have obtained has been, not only highly gratifying to me, but will also prove valuable to the community. You may therefore expect that about one third paragraphs.

be devoted to agricultural researches.

Having several years since made a Geological and Mineralogical examination of a portion of the Province of Nova Scotia, and a partial examination of New Brunswick and more recently a Geological survey of the States of Maine and Rhode Island, I had the satisfaction of discovering a general law respecting the elevation of the strata of New England, which required for its confirmation a section across the State of Vermont. I therefore made a hasty sketch of the strata in a line across the centre of that State and found, that what I had forseen by previous explorations on the eastern side of New Hampshire was fully proved by the coincidence of the phenomena on the west. Thus we discovered that the great mass of primary rocks occupying the western part of Maine and a large portion of New Hampshire, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, has been elevated through and between the strata now constituting the rocky foundations of Maine and Vermont, and that New Hampshire is, in reality, the key stone of this great arch, or is the centre of elevation. In addition to this great centre of upheaval there are others of a subordinate character which are only local in their effects, the anticlinal strata having been elevated only for a limited area. You will at once perceive, on examining this subject, that the result to which I have thus arrived, is not only curious, but is of importance in a practical light. You will observe that we cannot expect the coal formation should occur within the limits either of New Hampshire, Vermont or in the State of Maine west of

the Penobscot River, and that the nearest coal strata occur, on the eastward, in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and on the west, in Pennsylvania and Kentucky.\* This fact will forever put an end to the fruitless explorations for coal within the limits which I have referred to, as more ancient than the coal formation. On the other hand I would observe that the older strata, with which we have to deal in this State and its borders, are eminently metalliferous, and have been proved to contain many valuable ores, which under favorable circumstances may be advantageously that the purest specimens yield 73 p.thgurw

Iron, the right arm of national industry and power, abounds in New Hampshire. Lead occurs in considerable abundance, and zinc, in very large and important veins, amply sufficient for the supply of the New England States. The veins of Copper, noticed in my former report, have, as I anticipated, proved richer and more solid as they were explored to greater depths, and we may now rank one at least of those veins as of economical value. This vein is in the town of Warren, and is now undergoing exploration with a view to work the mine on a large scale. Rich specimens of the ore just obtained have been sent to me, and are now in the State Cabinet. le nortseibni as ac donlw , nit le nontieger

Liberal offers have been made by practical iron founders to establish iron furnaces in the town of Jackson; and it is hoped that we may soon see them in active operation.

The zinc and lead mines of Eaton are also considered workable.

The lead ore of Shelburne has been found to be easy to smelt; and the lead is sufficiently rich in silver to pay a

profit on the expense attending its extraction.

The zinc ores of Shelburne and Warren are both easily wrought, and furnish as high a percentage of pure zinc, as those wrought in England. I have actually reduced by the ordinary processes specimens of the metals from most of the ores which I have here mentioned, and they are now deposited in the State Cabinet. and astrom to room red.

Year before last I discovered a vein of oxide of tin in the town of Jackson, but the ore consisting of a vein stone full of crystals of the oxide of tin without any solid tin,

<sup>\*</sup>We must except the limited coal formation of Rhode Island which extends to Mansfield, Massachusetts, and rests directly on the primary rocks.

stone or compact oxide, I felt a little hesitation in speaking of its probable value. The ore yielded from 30 to 50 per cent of tin and would prove valuable if it could be obtained in adequate quantities. Shirt and to bue the thousand live

During the past year two new veins of the compact and pure tin ore have been discovered near the first described vein, and the probability now increased is that the mine

will prove workable for metallic tin. bood at bus state aids

I have analyzed the specimens which I obtained at the mine, and others, which have been sent me by the proprietor, and find that the purest specimens yield 73 per cent of fine tin; while the average of a lot taken in mass, with the vein stone adhering yielded 54 per cent. I have deposited in the State Cabinet an ingot of pure tin, weighing 3 ounces, which was extracted by the usual processes, from 5 ounces of the crude ores from the new vein in Jackson. One hundred weight of the ore will yield, at this rate, from 12 to 16 dollars worth of the metal. vam ow has sediged to

A very valuable ore of Titanium has also been discovered in the towns of Unity and Merrimack, and if it proves abundant it will be of importance to the individuals on whose estates it has been found. That occurring in Unity contains a minute proportion of tin, which is an indication of the probable occurrence of that metal in the vein. The ore found in Merrimack is worth \$16 a pound, wholesale, and a considerable quantity is employed by dentists in the manufacture of mineral teeth, and by the porcelain painter. Owing to its absolute purity, the New Hampshire Titanium will be preferred to any yet found in this country. It should be remarked that no one but a mineralogist would be likely to notice such unprepossessing ores as those of tin and titanium and their occurrence has, heretofore been overlooked.

A bed of limestone has been discovered in the town of Amherst, and associated with it occur several curious and interesting minerals which will be visited by many mineralogists. The limestone is mixed with some crystaline minerals so as to render it rather poor for mortar but it will serve a useful purpose for agriculture, a berevossib I tast enoled as I

The great bed of limestone in Haverhill is now wrought on a large scale, and the lime proves to be of excellent quality. It is sent to various parts of the State, and a steady demand for it continues. and has attended to be about

Quarries of mica are profitably wrought in two or three towns in New Hampshire. That in Grafton has furnished the largest supply, and yields more than \$1500 per annum as the proceeds of sales. Sales and to a

The Alstead quarry is also wrought, yielding an income

of from \$800 to \$1000 per annum to the proprietor.

Plumbago is wrought to some extent in the towns of Hillsborough and Goshen, furnishing profitable occupation during a part of the year to a number of industrious men.

Good oil stones, scythe stones, &c., are also obtained very abundantly in this State, and the labor of quarrying and preparing them for market employs a number of persons during a part of the year. d blands ego egos Jady taes

Granular Quartz is a very abundant rock in New Hampshire, and furnishes not only a large supply to the sand-paper makers of Vermont, but is also used in the manufacture of the excellent glass made in the town of Keene. At my suggestion, chemical glass ware has been made at that establishment equal in value to the best Bohemian glass for chemical use, with sexpanding edit for bowolle ed

By introducing improvements in the manufacture of iron, the Franconia furnace will be able to furnish a much larger supply of excellent iron. This has lately been effected.

Having now alluded briefly to a few points of interest, I would remark that in drawing my labors to a close, I shall have prepared a geological map of the State, with coloured sections, exhibiting the structure of the rocky masses in the State and the relief of the country. The State map is sufficiently correct to serve as a ground-plan for a general exhibition of the rocky basis, but it is, nevertheless, erroneous in many particulars, but the time allowed for the survey will not admit of the projection of a new map, which must be the result of an elaborate triangulation. In addition to the above mentioned drawings, I have some sketches of picturesque scenery of the mountainous regions in the State, which it will be desirable to publish in the final report, since the scenery of this State is peculiarly a part of its economical geology.

I propose also, to have drawn on stone, plans of the best kind of furnaces for smelting the metalliferous ores, and shall also present drawings of lime kilns, which may be ex-

hibited by wood cuts.

The present summer, as heretofore, will be occupied by geological and mineralogical researches in the field, and the next winter will be spent in the laboratory, in making the requisite analyses of the minerals and soils which will have been collected. This work, as you well know, is arduous in the extreme, and requires the most constant attention.

I hope, nevertheless, to be able, while my analytical operations are going on, to draw up the final report on the survey; and if it is desirable, it may be presented in season for distribution at the session of the legislature in June 1843.

In order to effect this object, it will be necessary to provide for the printing of the report; and would respectfully suggest that some one should be authorized to make the necessary arrangements, contracts, &c., so that there may be no delay.

The map and drawings will require the skill of one of our best lithographers, and can be executed at a very reasonable rate. A quarto form will be preferable for the report, since it will best accommodate the map and plates. I trust that time will be allowed for the proper execution of this work, and this may be done by early arrangements with the printers and engravers who may be entrusted with its execution.

All that the author can do to make the report worthy of the State and creditable to himself will be done.

kind of turnsees for smelting the metalliferous eres, and shall also present drawings of time kilns, which may be ex-

finds I seed Most respectfully, awarb at tast shamer bluow bourolos str. w . of Your Excellency's golden a beregen eved

and mis essent valour e Obedient servant, politicidas anothes

The State and State of T. JACKSON, state ot. State Geologist.

Concord, June 3d, 1842. I and sized valour out to not many particulars, but the time allowed for the survey will

## REPORT

Of the Warden, Physician, and Chaplain of the N. H. State Prison.

# WARDEN'S REPORTA along both plants vid

To the Hon. General Court, June Session, 1842.

Agreeably to law, the Warden of the State Prison would respectfully present the following Report of the financial operations of the institution, the number of Convicts in confinement, together with a general statement of its affairs, on the 30th of April; 1842.

#### INCOME

From April 30th, 1841, to April 30th, 1842.

#### SHOE SHOP.

By Receipts and charges, 9,767 49

"Stock and tools, April 30th, 1842, 278 19

To stocks and tools April 30th, 1841

"Stock and tools since purchased, and overseer's pay, 6,704 55

\$8,760 05

Profit.

\$1,285 63

#### CABINET SHOP.

By stock and tools April 30th, 1842.

'' Receipts and charges, 7,598 57

To stock and tools April 30th, 3,846 03

"Stock and tools since purchased, and overseer's pay, 2,868 19
Profit, \$6,714 22

#### SMITH SHOP.

By stock and tools April 30th,

1842,

1,325 16

Receipts and charges,

5,477 37

66,802 53

To stock and tools April 30th,

1841,

2,005 19

Stock and tools since purchased, and overseer's pay,

2,478 73

#4,483 92
Profit, \$2,318 61

Lo stocks and tools April 301

#### STONE SHOP.

By receipts and charges, and 666 42 and the adjoint of the pay of overseer, &c., 241 73 and add but door to be profit, \$424 69

# INTEREST ACCOUNT.

By interest received,
To interest paid,
Gain,
Gain,
\$106.66

#### PROFIT AND LOSS.

By receipts, toll, &c.,
To paid Com's, &c.,

700 32 E king A aloot bee Xoote vell

618 02

700 32 E king A aloot bee Xoote vell

700 32 E king A aloot bee Xoote vell

700 32 E king A aloot bee Xoote vell

700 32 E king A aloot bee Xoote vell

Gain, \$82 30
Total amount of income, \$6,876 61

#### My hall of appropriations for EXPENDITURES " Cash for article

From April 30th, 1841, to April 30th, 1842. 90 BEIN

#### EXPENSE ACCOUNT.

Fotal Expenditures, To stock on hand April 30th

RECAPITULATION 44 085, COME AND EX , 1881

" pay of Deputy Warden & Jaur Physician, Chaplain,

Watchmen, Fuel, &c., 23,420 26 de sode mor? housest \$5,005.70

By articles sold 818.8

" Stock on hand April 30th,

1842,

1,333 44 (2919)

\$1,531 10

197 66 de dime

stone shop

Expended, Phole amount of income

\$3,469 60

### Agreeded, To expense . RNOISIVORP 3, 469 60

To stock on hand April 30th,

1841,

" Stock since purchased,

705 22 2,308 86

By Hogs, &c., sold,

45 40 \$3,014 08

"Stock on hand April 30, and busque rave smoon to essoul 1842,

575 00 doors of beings bas

\$620 40 GIAG GMA GExpended, HEAD \$2,393 68

parmaer

#### CLOTHING AND BEDDING.

To stock April 30th, 1841, 348 18

since purchased, 1181 773 48 of 1181 08 ag A month

July 81 66 18 11 4 10 \$1,121 66 18 VIL By stock on hand April 30th, 1842, 482 47 31, 1842, to April 30, 1842, 2,888 59

Expended,

mel 33 \$639 19

#### REPAIRS AND IMPROVEMENTS. From April 30, 1541, to July 31, 1841, \$2,904 63

To cash expended, 7.2 1481 18 300 \$725 23 18 4111

Total, \$12,310 88

" Oct 31, 1841, to Jan 31, 1842, 3.079 59

248	APPENDIX.		
By hal of	f appropriations for		100
repai	rs, 534 81 for articles sold, 36 43		
		\$571 24	Fres
	Loss,		\$153 99
	Total Expenditures,		\$6,656 46
RECAP	ITULATION OF INCOM		
	TURES.	eputy Warr	O lo yeq "
n	Described Less not 2	an, Chapla	I bysich
Received,	From shoe shop	\$1,285 63	HOOVE 44
	"cabinet shop "smith shop	2,038 72	Av setinites en
	" stone shop did	494 60	on shoots of
	" interest account	106 66	1842
	" profit and loss	82 30	
43 055 5			
1,469 60	Whole amount of income,		\$6,876 61
Ernended	, To expense account	\$3,469 60	
Duponaca	" provisions	2,393 68	
	" clothing and bedding	639 19	ne stoom o'i
	" repairs and improvements	153 99	1841, ** ** Stock sine
	Whole amount expenditures,	, blos	\$6,656 46
Excess	of income over expenditures		
	carried to stock account.	e truck omit	\$220 15
898 68	CASH RECEIVED AN	ID PAID	
	From April 30, 1841, to Apr	ril 30, 1842.	
Received	11, 348 18	100 SQLD 484	Lo stools Am
From Apr	r. 30, 1841, to July 31, 1841,		
	y 31, 1841, to Oct. 31, 1841,		
	t. 31, 1841, to Jan. 31, 1842,		By stock on h
	1. 31, 1842, to April 30, 1842,		
91 083k			
1		Total,	\$12,310 88
Paid	ND IMPROVEMENTS.	EPAIRS A	B
From Ap	ril 30, 1841, to July 31, 1841,	\$2,904 63	
	y 31, 1841, to Oct. 31, 1841,		lo cash expe
" Oc	t. 31, 1841, to Jan. 31, 1842,	3,079 59	

### " Jan. 31, 1842, to April 30, 1842, 2,519 22

Attempt to marder 2 Manslaughter 2 Passing counterlett money 1	Total.	\$11,26	01
Cash balance on hand 30th A		\$1,049	87
Amount of stock account April 3 consisting of amount of old prop	0, 1842,	\$19,814	TO SET TO BE SEEN
hand, inventoried at reduced and old debts considered wort	prices,	OA OO	
Provisions, new clothing, bedding	- 11	7 00 of 01	From
machinery, &c.	98 3,768	63 01 00	33
Amount due on notes		31 01.08	230
Balance of book account	4,835	40 . ON	
Cash in Treasury		50 10 600	12
Cash on hand, 30th April	1,049		
LOWING STATES AND		-\$19,814	44
	COUNT	Ψ)	

# STATEMENT OF CONVICTS.

			Mairing
Number of co	nvicts in prison, A	pril 30, 1841	84
	" since roce	and to Annil 20	1040 00
	since rece	ived to April 30,	1842, 20
Form 90			- 104
Discharged by	expiration of sent	tence,	New 19 unswick
"	pardon from Exe	ecutive.	3
Died,	TENCE		0
Escaped,	AL OF ING A	and, the man	0
Escaped,	PIROV T		Daring Olife
			<b>—</b> 12
90 -	awat r		27 10012
Remainin	g in confinement,	April 30, 1842	09
	4 7 Gara		14 Years
12	EMPLOY	MEND	12 years
11	EMILLOI	MENT.	pageou AI
CL . I			and of
Shoe shop	25	Tailors and Wash	ners 4
Cabinet shop	23	Lumpers	alsoy a
Smith shop	27.1	Waiters in shops	Telegraphy and To
Engineer and	Fireman 2	Income and Il'	vinawi an 12
Cooks		Insane and Idiotic	senunce an 34r
	Menimack,	0	000
Hall sweeper	brone 12	0	Total, 92
	medna Jan G	0	
	CRI	MES.	Carroll
0. 1	HOMATIO	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	Cheshire
Stealing	40	Sheep stealing	navila8
Horse stealing	10	Oxen stealing	Misborough
0		January Dicuming	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

TFA	AIN		
Perjury Se ela.	0.01	Murder, 2d degree	3
Forgery	4	Attempt to murder	3
Store breaking	6	Manslaughter	2
Burglary	5	Passing counterfeit mone	ev 1
	2	balance on hand 30th Apr	Participation Continue
Attempt at rape		Total	92
Arson and burning	6	latoTek seconni April 30	Jumpura.
	rty on	g of amount of old prope	Consistin
AGES V		COMMITTED.	
From 10 to 20 years	10	From 60 to 70 years 70 to 80	0181105
" 20 to 30 "	39	" 70 to 80 "	mosm1.
" 30 to 40 "	21	salon no and	THE DELLA
. 40 to 50	10	Total	92
" 50 to 600 "	6	I reasury	or usa
1,049 87		band, 30th April	Cash on
		LOWING STATES A	ND
	COUN'		
	COON	RIES.	
New Hampshire	58	England	2
Massachusetts * FOLV	ELLOW	Ireland Malala	3
Maine	5	France	1
Vermont	1.085	Canada q ni storvoos lo	1900112
Pennsylvania	ef to Ap	since receiv	
New York	3	Total	92
New Brunswick	, spor	ed by expiration of senter	Discharg
2 E	odice.	pardon from Exec	
TERM	OF SE	NTENCE.	Died.
0			Lacaped
During life	2 11	7 years	-
22 years	i i	6 years	5
15 years	VOE BOO	5 years ninoo ni minian	23
14 years	1	4 years	10
12 years	much	3 years 2 years	12
10 years	5	2 years	11
0	1	7.6	Stroe sho
8 years	3	Total	92
	exadem.	I determine	Luistad
		during the year were co	myleteu
in the counties as follow	S : BARREL		
0003	0	Merrimack	2
Belknap dsioT	0	Stranord	4
Carroll	0	Rockingham	4
Cheshire	0	Grafton	5
	Leep ste	40	Susaling 2
Hillsborough	d en ster	ol gniles	02 90 510
	The same of		

## CONVICTS DISCHARGED AND PARDONED

# From April 30, 1841, to April 30, 1842.

No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,	Names. Randall, Willard, Waugh, Dame, Pickernill, Runnells, Evans, Austin, Farwell,	Committed. Aug. 15, 1838, Aug. 19, 1837, Aug. 30, 1839, Sept. 15, 1838, Oct. 20, 1838, Jan. 25, 1839, Jan. 25, 1839, April 13, 1839, April 13, 1839,	Sentence. three years. four years. two years. three years. three years. three years. three years. three years. three years.	Discharged. Aug. 15, 1841. Aug. 19, 1841. Aug. 30, 1841. Sept. 15, 1841. Oct. 20, 1841. Jan. 25, 1842. Jan. 25, 1842. April 13, 1842. April 13, 1842.
1. 2, 3,	Williams,	Aug. 9, 1839, Oct. 22, 1840, Nev. 4, 1836,	four years. three years. nine years.	Pardoned, June 21, 1841. July 29, 1841. Jan. 17, 1842.

It will be seen by the foregoing statement, that the income of the institution for the past year, has been sixty-eight hundred seventy-six 61-100 dollars, and the expenses amount to sixty-six hundred fifty-six 46-100 dollars, giving an excess of income over expenditure of two hundred twenty 15-100 dollars.

The cash receipts during this period have been \$12,310 88, and expended \$11,261 01, leaving on hand a balance of \$1049 87.

Two thousand dollars of the appropriation of 1840 have not been wanted in the business operations, and still remain in the treasury. No money has been drawn from the treasury, excepting a balance of appropriation for repairs of \$534 81, which has been economically and advantageously applied to that end.

The smiths and cabinet makers are now under contract at a stated price per day for each man's labor, and an estimate of expenses and receipts for the coming year, furnishes a result very flattering in a pecuniary point of view, to the institution. Provided no interruption of present business arrangements should take place, the N. H. State Prison will not again very soon be obliged to ask legislative aid for its support. The health of the inmates has been excellent—as will be seen by the Physician's report, no sickness of a sufficiently serious character to require the removal of the patient to the hospital. Rev. Mr. Worth's, the Chaplain, Report will inform you respecting their moral condition.

The discipline and general state of the establishment I would respectfully invite the Hon. Members to examine in person, and as frequently during the session as may be convenient.

Respectfully submitted,

LAWSON COOLIDGE, Warden.

Age. 19, 1837,

Sept. 15, 15,65

May 1, 1842.

Bont. 15. 1841

### To the Honorable Directors of the N. H. Slate Prison, the Physician submits the following Report:

three pents.

It gives us much pleasure to announce in the outset, that the official year which has recently closed, affords very little either of variety or interest to be embodied in the Physician's Report, at least so far as disease is concerned; for since the last annual Report, the inmates of the institution have been unusually and remarkably free from the "ills that flesh is heir to." It is true, the year has not been one of uninterrupted health, inasmuch as we have had more or less of such complaints as must always be incident to a climate like ours, particularly those of a catarrhal and rheumatic character. These, with more or less of bowel complaint in the hot season of the year, certain chronic diseases, and a few cases of erysipelas, constitute the catalogue of maladies, which we have to report at this time, all of which have readily yielded to appropriate medicine, diet and rest. Indeed we have not found it necessary to open what is called the Hospital for the reception of a single patient during the year. Not a death has occurred, nor have we had a solitary case of confirmed fever, running through the ordinary stages and duration of that complaint. This is certainly a remarkable circumstance, and speaks volumes in favor of regular hours, regular labor, and simplicity of diet, as preservatives of health. The fact is the more remarkable in this case, since the agency of means leading to such a result has by no means been tested on the most favorable class of subjects; for although a majority of penitentiary convicts are either young or middle aged, yet it must not be forgotten, that almost without exception, prior to confinement, they have been addicted to irregularities and excesses which tend directly and powerfully to impair removal of the patient to the hespital.

In conclusion, we would beg leave to state the fact to the Board, that several persons are confined in this prison who are so unequivocally insane, as to be rendered more fit subjects for

Concord, Mar. 25. 1

the moral training of a Lunatic Asylum than the penal discipline of a Penitentiary. One in particular is at this time confined to his cell, laboring under a severe paroxysm of the disease. Through the kindness and attention of the officers, he is rendered as comfortable as the circumstances of the case will admit, but cannot of course have the advantages of an institution expressly adapted to to the wants of the insane.

E. CARTER.

June 1, 1842. To all hanner of life of 1842. The June 1, seem to redaylate and the happiness and rell-being of all, would seem to

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Council, Directors of the New Hampshire State Prison:

lead the hold transgressor to forsake the patins of am and turn to

#### GENTLEMEN-

During the past year, I have preached in the Chapel once on the Sabbath, and have occasionally visited the prisoners in their cells for the purpose of conversation and giving religious instruction. I have frequently distributed suitable Tracts among them, thus adding something to the variety of their moral and religious

reading.

The attention to the instructions of the Sabbath has been uniformly of the most respectful and serious character; while the general aspect of the assembly has been such as would characterize deep solemnity and sincere worship. But few congregations are more attentive to the preached word, or listen to its truths with more apparent satisfaction. My intercourse with the inmates at their cells has been agreeable—scarcely an instance in which these visits have not been thankfully received. I have almost uniformly found the larger portion of the convicts engaged in reading, from which they appear to derive much satisfaction.—And it is to be hoped that the solemn lessons of the Sacred Volume will exert a practical influence, awaken them to a just sense of their sinfulness, and lead to sincere repentance and genuine reformation of life.

The penitentiary discipline wisely provides for the punishment for crime, but the system cannot be complete until it shall have furnished the necessary moral and religious instruction to induce the hope of an entire reformation of the transgressor. The discipline of this institution, as here maintained, is well calculated to bring down the stubborn spirit of the convicts, to teach them lessons of due submission to proper authorities, to correct their habits of idleness, and, for the time being, to chain the tiger that he

may commit no further depredations on the community. But this alone will not effect the object so much desired. Nothing short of the power of the Gospel can change the tiger to the lamb, and produce a thorough change of heart. And to accomplish a work so noble and philanthropic, there are many inducements to labor. The experience of the past, in this and kindred institutions—the interest manifested in the subject of Prison Discipline—the age, disposition, and manner of life of very many of the convicts—and the happiness and well-being of all, would seem to urge all interested to untiring effort to save the wanderer, and lead the bold transgressor to forsake the paths of sin and turn to the Lord, who "will have mercy upon him; and to our God, for he will abundantly pardon."

Respectfully submitted, EDMUND WORTH, Chaplain.

Concord, May 25, 1842.

# tion. I have frequently distributed smoble Tracts among them

the Sabbath, and have occasionally visited the prisoners in their cells for the purpose of conversation and giving religious instruc-

# OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE EASTERN RAIL ROAD IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the State of New Hampshire in General Court convened:

The Directors of the Eastern Railroad in New Hampshire, in conformity with the provisions of their act of incorporation, re-

spectfully make their Annual Report.

Since their last annual report, they have purchased the land and buildings on the line of the road from the depot on Vaughan street in Portsmouth, to the Portsmouth Bridge, across Noble's Island. The road is now in progress of grading, preparatory to laying the rails; to the line of the State of Maine, for the purpose of connecting with the Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad Co., which road extends from Portland to the line of the State of New Hampshire, where it connects with the Eastern Railroad in New Hampshire. The building of a depot is in progress at Little River Road in North Hampton. We are happy in being able to state, that no accident has occurred to either passengers, or the men connected with the Cars since the road was opened.

The running of the road being done by the Eastern Railroad Co. in Massachusetts, no expenditures on running account have been made by the company. They have expended for land and buildings the present year, about \$10,000 dollars. The cost of grading, moving buildings, &c., is not yet fully liquidated, so that the amount cannot be now fully given. Under their lease to the Massachusetts road, they have received two dividends of three dollars each per share, the first in July and the second in January, making the receipts for the last year six dollars per share, amounting to twenty-one thousand dollars.

All of which is respecfully submitted,

ICHABOD GOODWIN,
DAN'L P. DROWN,
B. T. REED,
STEPHEN A. CHASE,

Portsmouth, May 31, 1842.

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE-ROCKINGHAM, ss.

May 31st, 1842.

Then the above named Ichabod Goodwin, Daniel P. Drown, B. T. Reed, and Stephen A. Chase personally made solemn affirmation, that the preceding report by them signed, is just and true.

Before me,

Legislature a copy of the lease of said road to the Eastern Railroad Company in Massachusetts, begs leave to submit to you the

odr of etseleumotos of em J. F. SHORES, Notary Public.

following outline of the provisions of said lease.

### SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT

The lease was entered into, I think, in 1840, between the two

OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE EASTERN RAIL ROAD IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the State of New Hampshire in General Court convened:

The Directors of the Eastern Railroad in New Hampshire, respectfully make this their supplementary Report.

It appears by the Treasurer's books, that the cost of the road, buildings and land, to the 31st May, 1842, is \$437,466 20

Which has been realized by the sale of 4,000 shares of the capital stock of the Co., \$400.000 00

Amount of notes payable, and amount bear of the ani \$35,527 51 Outstanding accounts to the same date, \$1,938 69

ins the company and they have expended for land and to so and to s

ICHABOD GOODWIN,
DAN'L P. DROWN,
B. T. REED,

Portsmouth, June 13, 1842. ry, making the receipts for the last year six dollars per share

ROCKINGHAM, SS. stellob bereated snowthewn of satisficons.

bettimdus vilologosas ai June 13, 4842.

Then apppared Ichabod Goodwin, Daniel P. Drown, and B. T. Reed and made solemn affirmation, that the foregoing report. supplementary to their report dated May 31st, is just and true. Before me,

W. H. Y. HACKETT, Justice of the Peace.

To the Committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals: B: T. Reed, and Stephen A. Chase personally :: MAMATINE

STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE-ROCEINGHAM, 88

The undersigned, President of the Eastern Railroad in New-Hampshire, not being able at this time to communicate to the Legislature a copy of the lease of said road to the Eastern Railroad Company in Massachusetts, begs leave to submit to you the

following outline of the provisions of said lease.

The lease was entered into, I think, in 1840, between the two roads, in pursuance of the authority of acts of the Legislatures of New Hampshire and Massachusetts, and is to continue for a period of ninety-nine years from its date. The New Hampshire road are to receive the same per centage on the amount invested, as the Massachusetts road for dividend, and the whole earnings of both roads are to be annually divided, excepting that a surplues to meet contingencies, not exceeding thirty thousand dollars may be reserved. This surplus, according to the best of my recollection, does not now exceed ten thousand dollars. The whole of said surplus at the end of the lease is to be rateably divided between the two roads. Respectfully, Gentlemen, and of had bee symbled

I am your ob't servant,

\$400.000 00

sergile 000. A to size of ICHABOD GOODWIN.

of the capital stock of the Co.

### THIRD ANNUAL REPORT

### OF BOSTON AND MAINE RAIL ROAD.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the State of New Hampshire:

The Directors of the Boston and Maine Railroad, hereby submit their third Annual Report of their acts and doings, receipts and expenditures, under their Act of Incorporation.

1971	SOME STREET, S
The total amount of capital paid in, up to Jan. 1,	tinide in IIA
1849	305,202,00
Loans upon Bonds and Notes,	174,294,74
Total cost of the Road, to January 1, 1842,	471,331,32
Amount of Income, from July 1, 1841, to Jan-	111,001,02
uary 1, 1842, as per agreement with the Boston	
and Portland Railroad, the Boston and Maine	
Road having been open but a part of the time	
to Dover,	9,000,00
by sand Adams of Theo berevish and - a	manufacture 9

At the date of the second Annual Report, the Road was completed from the line of the State of Massachusetts, to Exeter, and was in use of the Boston and Portland Railroad Corporation, under a contract with this Corporation, for the transportation of passengers and merchandise. On the 28th July, it was opened, and the cars run to Newmarket, and on the 27th September to Dover.

At the last session of the Legislature, an act was passed, authorizing the union of the franchises of this Corporation, with that of the Boston and Portland Railroad in Massachusetts, connecting with this Road at the line of the State, at Plaistow, and also with the Dover and Winnipissiogee Railroad in this State, and the Maine, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts Railroad, a Corporation granted by the Legislature of the State of Maine.

Subsequently, the union was consummated by the respective Stockholders of the Boston and Portland, and Boston and Maine and Dover and Winnipissiogee Railroads, conditioned to go into effect on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty two. They now form one Company, under the name of the Boston and Maine Railroad, agreeable to the acts of the Legislatures of the State of New Hampshire and Massachusetts.

The Road is now in process of construction from Dover to the line of the State of Maine, and expected to be ready for use during the present year-embracing a portion of the Road under the charter of the Dover and Winnipiseogee Railroad, the location of which was filed in June 1841, agreeable to the charter.

The union of the Massachusetts and New Hampshire Roads, having been consummated on the first of January last, the Massachusetts laws requiring the annual accounts to be made from January to January, the accounts of both roads have been concluded only up to the time of the Union. Hereafter, the cost and income of the Roads in their respective States will be stated and certified by Commissioners, to be appointed agreeable to the act of union.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

THO. WEST, Loros apon Bonds and Notes. T. FARRAR, THADDEUS NICHOLS, DIRECTORS. R. W. BAYLEY, WM. F. WELD,

### STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

Rockingham ss .- June 4, 1842. Then personally appeared the above named Thomas West, Timo. Farrar, Thaddeus Nichols, Richard W. Bailey, and Wm. F. Weld, and made oath that the above report by them subscribed is true, according to the best of their knowledge and belief.

Before me-JOSEPH TILTON, Justice of the Peace.

### SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT FROM TREASURER'S BOOKS.

Cost of Road in Massachusetts, including motive power, work-shops, machinery, tools, materials, cars, station houses, and real estate, to May 1, 1842, is Total cost in New-Hampshire, to May 1, 1842, is

\$553,624,83 \$538,477,03

The income of the Road, from 1st January to

May 1st, 1842: The same O saco and won From Passengers, hearing booring I egist be

State of Maine, and expected to be ready for use

24,753,44 11,622,81 1,526,66

" Merchandize, walk to start add Rents and Mails, The serving of won a

\$47,902,91

The expenditures	or	use of	the	Road	from	Janu-
ary 1. to May	19	1849 ;		f-11-	adamin.	the const

D 10 124y 1, 1012, 18 ds 10110WS:	ANGULU DER TH
Repairs, Road in New Hampshire,	2,813,61
Massachusetts, Massachusetts	1,931,66
Paid Boston and Lowell Railroad,	7,157,32
Fuel, Oil, Salaries, and Miscellaneous expenses,	14,096,55
The state of the s	Did Reduced of

eltile ooi usdi radier doom ooi ginged yd roo oi de \$25,998,64° Respectfully submitted by THO. WEST, President.

and at other stations upon the line of the road, for the con-

The above named Thomas West appeared and acknowledged the same true, according to his beliefs about any both seemed and In procuring land for these objects, the em eroled we in some

をなり

CALEB BLODGETT, Justice of the Peace. able, but trust that they have made none beyond what was neces-

sary in order to best preserve the interests of the corporation. The grading of the road, marrier, and bridges has been done chiefly by contract, and is now in a forward state, it being shoost

### room Nashua to Man-THE FIRST REPORT

### OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE CONCORD RAIL exhite set is ROAD CORPORATION. Mot studes M most

To the Honorable, the Legislature of the State of New-Hampshire :

Ever since the organization of the Board of Directors, on the 17th day of February, 1841, great exertions have been made for the speedy construction of the road from Nashua to Concord. To accomplish this object, particular attention has been paid to settlements with land owners for the right of way, procuring suitable room for depots and other buildings at Concord, and at other stations upon the road-preparing road-bed for superstructure, masonry, bridging, &c., getting in readiness materials for the superstructure, such as rails, lumber, &c., and in making the other necessary arrangements for putting the road into operation, such as the furnishing of engines, passenger and freight cars, and providing depot buildings.

The Directors from the commencement have spared no pains to obtain adjustments with all the land owners upon the line of the road for the right of way, and have so far succeeded in accomplishing this desirable object, as to leave but three persons

with whom as yet they have been unable to settle.

The right of way has cost the corporation a larger amount than in the outset was anticipated. The original estimates must of course have been made too low, or the Directors in their zeal to make settlements on terms satisfactory to the land holders, have paid too much.

They believe, they have in all cases paid liberally, and in some instances undoubtedly, much above a fair valuation. They preferred, however, to err by paying too much rather than too little, for such lands as might be necessary for the construction of the road. Purchases have been made of a sufficiency of land in Concord, and at other stations upon the line of the road, for the conveniences of depots, both freight and passenger, engine houses, car houses, and other necessary buildings.

In procuring land for these objects, the Directors have in some instances been obliged to make greater purchases than was desirable, but trust that they have made none beyond what was necessary in order to best preserve the interests of the corporation.

The grading of the road, masonry, and bridges has been done chiefly by contract, and is now in a forward state, it being almost ready for superstructure the entire distance from Nashua to Manchester, and the residue from Manchester to Concord, being in a satisfactory state of forwardness.

The bridging and masonry has been completed, or nearly so, from Nashua to Manchester, with the exception of the bridge across the Merrimack River at Goff's Falls; the masonry of this bridge has been completed, and the completion of the bridge is in rapid progress.

The materials for the the superstructure were early contracted for, all of which have been received with as much promptness as was reasonable to anticipate.

The rails have all been received, with the exception of the cargo of "the brig Emma," of 400 tons, which was lost on the voyage. The cargo, however, was fully insured, and having a sufficiency of time to procure more, there will be no delay on this account.

The workmen have commenced at Nashua, the laying of the superstructure, and should there be no unforeseen delay in the completion of the Goff's Falls Bridge, the road will be opened to the public, as far as Manchester, by the 4th day of July next, and the Directors can see no good reason why the whole road from Nashua to Concord, will not be completed at as early a date as October next.

The necessary depots are now preparing; the engines have been contracted for, and the necessary cars, both passenger and freight, are in a forward state of construction.

The Directors have increased the capital stock of the corporation, by the creating of new shares, so that it now stands at \$650 000, or 13000 shares, and the same have been disposed of in con-

formity with the act of incorporation.

There have been instalments to the amount of thirty-five dollars laid on each share, which would amount on the whole capital to \$455,000. Some persons having paid for their shares in full, the Treasurer has received as follows, viz: I undue valued nou

On instalments, and of such as have paid in full for their shares,

\$466,128 72

\$478,222 31

Total seost The whole no increase is the ross and ar siduob bus

The receip April 80, 164

> 2842 April 30

From the United States Insurance Co., in part for loss per "Emma,

12,000 00 93 59 smount expended in construction, or original

For interest,

SPETS

34,188,00

the following soms have been paid The amount which has been expended is as follows, viz:

at of road, up to April 30, 1841, was

			· 1000 ·	
For	Agencies and expenses,	.0	\$8,245 98	
458 w/s89/44/5	Engineering,		12,116 91	
.000	Land and damages,	nA.	76,509 83	
, be	Grading, on a shoot latiga	0 8	69,416 40	
iness	Masonry, and add assign		21,084 41	
C S D	Bridging, oildug and to me	datio	50,013 39	
	Superstructure, to among	bo	16,462 92	
lane :	res of the road for the north	much	184,010 86	
	Fencing, wolld as one bear	1790	1,138 68	
	Cars,		0 000 00	
于北州之	Depot, sooge O bas broa	10	2.164 32	

Engines and Cara, 10.682,02 Balance in the Treasury, \$33,344 01 cows expenses,

basd no alilbig \$478,222 31

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Interest of Connecent Fund

ADDISON GILMORE, JOSEPH LOW, JOSIAH STICKNEY, Directors. C. H. PEASLEE, PETER CLARK, Ogrand

Rents and

Nashua, May 2d. 1842.

80,348,8118

### SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

### OF THE NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

To the Honorable, the Legislature of the State of New-Hampshire.

The Directors of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad Corporation hereby submit their seventh annual report of their acts and doings, receipts and expenditures under their Acts of Incorporation, for the year ending April 30, 1842.

The Capital Stock of the Corporation paid in \$380,000,00 oo ofull, is

The amount expended in construction, or original cost of road, up to April 30, 1841, was \$372,410,95 Since that date, the following sums have been paid:

For land and land damages, \$5,475,00 '' Superstructure, 40,37

" Depots, fixtures, &c. 2,073,68 7,589,05

Total cost of road up to April 30, 1842, \$380,000,00

The whole amount of the Capital Stock is now expended, and no increase is to be anticipated, unless the increasing business of the road and the accommodation of the public may require a new and double track, or enlarged means of transportation.

The receipts and expenditures of the road for the year ending

April 30, 1842, so far as accrued, are as follows:

Expenses of Road. 1842.

Paid for repairs of Road and Depots, 4,064 45 April 30. u u Engines and Cars, 10,682,02 "Transportation and Fuel, 47,808,10 66 16,506,51 " Miscellaneous expenses, 34,185,00 Balance of profits on hand, besignes viloreques a de \$113,246,08

Receipts of Road. 1842. Received from Passengers, (deducting April 30. \$35,860,31 paid to B. & L. R. R.

46

66

46,785,75 Corporation, 10 ANTAS 64,405,01 Received from Freight, Rents and Mail, 66 1,353,94 66 701,38 Interest of Contingent Fund 46

\$113,246,08

There is also a considerable sum of money due to the Corporation more than is due from the Corporation nominally about four thousand dollars, which has been accruing since the road went into operation. In this amount, however, is included sundry bad and doubtful debts, so that the amount which will eventually be realized from them, is quite uncertain.

From the profits of the road received, two dividends have been declared of four per cent. each, one payable Dec. 1, 1841, and

the other June 1, 1842, of \$15,200,00 each.

The number of passengers (including way passengers) carried over the road from May 1, 1841, to May 1, 1842, was 95,731. The number from May 20, 1840 to May 1, 1841, (11 mos. 10 The number from May 20, 1839 to May days,) was 74,717.

20, 1840 (1 year) was 75,944.

The number of tons of freight transported during the year ending April 30, 1842, was 27,596 169 2000 tons, viz: from May 1, 1841, to Nov. 1, 1841, 10,554 658 2000 tons, and from Nov. 1, 1841, to May 1, 1842, 17,041 1511 2000 tons. The amount transported over the road from May 20, 1840, to May 1, 1841, (11 mos. 10 days,) was about 24,700 tons. The amount transported from May 20, 1839, to May 20, 1840 (1 year) was only 15,632 tons.

DAN'L ABBOT, JESSE BOWERS, DIRECTORS. HENRY UPHAM,

Nashua, June 6, 1842.

Suffolk, ss. Mass. - Personally appeared the above named Henry Upham and made oath that the above report, by him subscribed, is in his belief true.

Before me-

ALANSON TUCKER, Jr., Jus. Peace.

Hillsborough, ss. June 7th, 1842. Then personally appeared the before named Daniel Abbot and Jesse Bowers, and made oath that the foregoing Report by them respectively subscribed is, in their belief, true. Before me-1402 371949UT HTRUOT

JOHN M. HUNT, Justice of the Peace.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives for the State of New-Hampshire, in General Court convened, June Session, A. D. 1842. Turnpike road in New Hampshire

We, the subscribers, appointed by the States of New-Hamp-

shire and Massachusetts as Commissioners of the Nashua and Lowell Railroad Corporation, have examined the Annual Report of said Corporation for the year ending April 30, 1842, and do approve the same.

The Commissioners have also examined the accounts for money expended since April 30, 1841, for construction of road, or original cost, amounting to \$7,589,05, and do apportion the same between the States of New Hampshire and Massachusetts as follows:

Land and land damages in New Hampshire, \$5,000,00; in Massachusetts, \$475,00. Superstructure in New Hampshire, \$14,00; in Massachusetts, \$26,37. Depots in New Hampshire \$1,998,92; in Massachusetts, \$74,76.

The total expenditures apportioned to New Hampshire have been \$164,070,46, and to Massachusetts, \$215,929,54; making

in all, \$380,000,00.

ONTEL Jr. Jus. Pence.

New-Hampshire.	Massachusetts.	Total Cost.
\$39,322,59	\$35,917,11	\$75,239,70
30,894,84	52,022,84	82,917,68
er, 13,023,80	21,249,23	34,273,03
1,429,89	2,404,56	3,834,45
7,657,83	12,881,28	20,539,11
34,468,07	57,962,94	92,431,01
19,744,07	4,013,46	23,757,53
17,529,37	29,478,12	47,007,49
	30,894,84 er, 13,023,80 1,429,89 7,657,83 34,468,07 19,744,07	\$39,322,59 \$35,917,11 30,894,84 52,022,84 er, 13,023,80 21,249,23 1,429,89 2,404,56 7,657,83 12,881,28 34,468,07 57,962,94 19,744,07 4,013,46

\$164,070,46 \$215,929,54 \$380,000,00

CHARLES J. FOX, Com'r for New-Hampshire, WM. AMORY, Com'r for Massachusetts.

## AN ACCOUNT

OF THE EXPENDITURES AND PROFITS OF THE FOURTH TURNPIKE ROAD IN NEW HAMP-SHIRE, UP TO MARCH 2d, 1842.

To the Honorable Legislature of the State of New Hampshire.

An account of the expenditures of the proprietors of the fourth Turnpike road in New Hampshire, upon said road, and the profits arising therefrom, as required in their act of incorporation.

Whole amount expended upon said road up to March 2d, 1836, (as per former re- port.) \$141,736 85  Expenditures from March 2d, 1836, to March 1, 1837, 2802 90  Expenditures from March 1st, 1837, to March 7th, 1838, 3661 64  Expenditures from March 7th, 1838, to March 6th, 1839, 2864 94  Expenditures from March 6th, 1839, to March 4th, 1840, 3260 77  Expenditures from March 4th, 1840, to March 3d, 1841, 1056 56  Expenditures from March 3d, 1841, to March 2d, 1842, 627 28
14,274 09
The joint committee appointed to audit the accounts of the
Whole amount of expenditures up to March 2,1842, \$156,010 94
Amount of receipts or profits, received up to March 2d, 1836, (as per former reports,) Receipts or profits from March 2, 1836, to March 1st, 1837, Receipts or profits received from March 1st, 1837, to March 7th 1838, Receipts or profits from March 7th, 1838, to March 6th, 1839, Receipts or profits from March 6th, 1839, to March 4th, 1840, Add 444 92 Receipts or profits from March 4th, 1840, to March 3d, 1841, Receipts or profits from March 3d, 1841, to March 2d, 1842, 1082 71
32 34 20,295 02
Whole amount of receipts or profits up to March 2d, 1842, \$143,857 02  The above is a true statement of the expenditures and income of the fourth Turnpike road in New Hampshire, made agreeably to the fourteenth section of their act of Incorporation.  TIMOTHY KENDRICK, Treasurer.  JOSEPH WOOD, NATHAN STICKNEY, JAMES WILLIS, Lesanon, June 1st, 1842.

N. B. The above account does not include the money received from the towns of Lebanon, Enfield, Grafton, Andover, Salisbury and Boscawen, amounting to \$4760 00—as this sum was paid by the towns for damages awarded to said corporation, by Court's committee's, for parts of said Turnpike road taken by said towns, and not for tolls.

# REPORT

# OF THE COMMITTEE ON TREASURER'S ACCOUNTS.

The joint committee appointed to audit the accounts of the Treasurer of this State, and or an appropriate the accounts of the

### REPORT,

That they have carefully examined the following accounts from June 1st, 1841, to June 1st, 1842.

A general cash account embracing the following items of cred-

it, viz:

00 206,6214

1st. A bond due the State from Jasper Elkins and others, dated August 1, 1830, principal, \$307 00, with interest.

Cancelled by bond in suit and secured \$307 00, with interest.

2d. Balance of cash in the Treasury as found by the com-

mittee on settlement with the Treasurer. June 1st, 1841,

mittee on betterment with the Lieubuier, cane in	
36, 1841,	4075 11
Cash of C. H. Peaslee, Adjutant General,	298 72
Cash borrowed of Merrimack County Bank,	8000 00
Cash of Thomas Triggs,	46 25
Cash borrowed of Suffolk Bank.	17000 00
Cash of New Hampshire Bank, 120 1905 10 180	10200 00
Cash of Mechanicks Bank,	2000 00
Cash of Robert Davis, a sail to issue the sail sail sail	105 30
Cash for balance of State tax for 1839,	druo 30 00
Cash for balance of State tax for 1840,	725 00
Cash for State tax for the year 1841,	59112 17
Cash of Secretary of State for civil commissions,	468 00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

\$102,110 55

Fupendilures

Expend unes from

Amount of receipts or

March 2d. 1836.

base Which is accounted for as follows, viz: sout to yet diseases
Paid sundry orders for salaries of Governor, Judges of Superior
Court, Court of Common Pleas, Judges and Registers of Pro-
bate, Attorney General, Secretary, Treasurer and Warden of
the State Prison, washing the rooms and resolved 17254 98
Paid travel and attendance of the members of the Senate
and House of Representatives, June session, 1841, 19321 30
Paid appropriation for blind,
Paid appropriation for deaf and dumb, 1183 33
Paid military appropriations, boad go 3 1 1 2 2 3 88
Paid bounties on wolves, bears, wild-cats and foxes, 2505 50
Paid for Geological survey, 2820 11
Paid notes and interest for cash borrowed, 43785 00
Paid sundry, orders drawn by the executive, not inclu-
ded in above account, 7106 93
Balance in the Treasury, June 1st, 1842, 5787 52
Thomsering then proceeded to the choice of a board of Direct-
\$102110 55
All of which are correctly cast and duly vouched.
SIMEON WARNER,
TINI COL DINITION

Mach land Dos reverer To so ZINA GOLDTHWAIT,

Force. That the subject of letting the tolk be referred to the Directors, who are to investigate the matter, and report at an adjourned meeting, the best plan they can devise in regard to it. Ford, To refer to the Directors the propriety of pentioning

SAWYER, Jr., select William P. Riddle, Justice of ROBERT KIMBALL.

## the Legislature for an atteration of our charter, at the present sea-Voted, To adjourn th TROPER Seein at this place on

### OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE GRANITE BRIDGE.

In compliance with the provisions of an act of the General Court of the State of New Hampshire, passed at their June session, 1839, entitled "An act, to incorporate the Granite Bridge." The undersigned, Directors of said corporation, have the honor of submitting the following Report of the acts and doings, receipts and expenditures of said corporation, for the year ending June 7th, 1842.

so again been seasy of anderso millimened to June 7th, 1841.

Pursuant to notice published in the Manchester Representative fourteen days previously, the proprietors of the Granite Bridge, met at Frederick G. Stark's office in Bedford, on Monday the seventh day of June, 1841, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and made choice of Frederick G. Stark for Clerk of said corporation, who was duly sworn to the faithful performance of the duties of said office, before William P. Riddle, Justice of the Peace.

The Directors then reported, that the whole amount of outlay in building the bridge, &c., is \$10,281 08, and that the receipts

have been as follows : se sout severences of lo sevol box

Assessments, 9,000 00 1,248 88 1,248 88 Lumber, &c. on hand, 135 86

\$10,384 74 000 101 bis 1

That they have settled all the claims known to exist against this corporation, and find a balance in favor thereof, as above stated, of \$103 66.

Which report was accepted. I said yourse I set in some a

The meeting then proceeded to the choice of a board of Directors for the ensuing year, and the following persons were duly elected, viz: William P. Riddle, Frederick G. Stark, David Hamblett, James Wallace, and John Parker.

Then proceeded to the choice of Treasurer, and Daniel Mack was elected, and duly sworn before William P. Riddle, Justice of

the Peace.

Voted, That the subject of letting the tolls be referred to the Directors, who are to investigate the matter, and report at an adjourned meeting, the best plan they can devise in regard to it.

Voted, To refer to the Directors the propriety of petitioning the Legislature for an alteration of our charter, at the present ses-

sion.

Voted, To adjourn this meeting, to meet again at this place on the first Monday in September next, and that notice thereof be posted at Bedford Meeting House, at Piscataquog Village, and at Manchester Village.

September 6th, 1841.

Met according to adjournment, and received the following communication from the Directors:

The undersigned, Directors of the Granite Bridge, to whom was referred the subject of letting the tolls, for crossing said bridge, having considered the subject, Report, that they cannot devise any method of permitting persons to pass said bridge on hired toll, which will operate equally, by reason of the impossibility of ascertaining beforehand how much any individual may want to pass But notwithstanding some inequality may result from

such a course, the convenience of persons who use the bridge often, seems to require that some arrangement should be made to save them the trouble of making change for the toll on every time of passing, and inded there does not seem to be any other way of satisfying that portion of the public who use the bridge, than by letting them the right of passing by the year upon some terms. We, therefore, recommend that some person be authorized to make contracts for letting the toll for the ensuing year, to such persons as may wish to pass, on foot, or with a single carriage or sleigh, with one horse, for such sum as may be considered reasonable by the agent to be appointed for that purpose; in all cases requiring six months pay in advance, and excluding carriages of burden. That said agent be further authorized to allow all regular stage coaches to pass the brdge at the rate of one half the legal toll on their teams and coaches, on condition that they pay the said amount of half toll quarterly in advance; and that said agent be further authorized to make agreements and contracts with all persons who may wish to pass said bridge with teams and carriages of burden, at his discretion, at a rate not less than half toll, and paid at such time as may be agreed on, not exceeding quarterly; and that said agent be instructed that he, in no case is to let the toll for a sum less than one dollar per annum.

WILLIAM P. RIDDLE, FREDERICK G. STARK, JOHN PARKER.

Voted, To amend the foregoing report, so as to leave it discretionary with the agent to make further reductions to such persons as shall pay over seventy-five dollars tolls, not exceeding twenty-five per cent. on such excess.

Voted, To accept the report, with the foregoing amendment

annexed.

CHILD.

Voted, To proceed to the choice of an Agent to superintend the letting of tolls; whereupon, Frederick G. Stark was chosen No further business coming before the meeting, it was then dissolved.

Attest, FREDERICK G. STARK, Clerk.

The whole amount of receipts for tolls and otherwise, for the past year, according to the report of our Treasurer, has been two thousand one hundred and nine dollars and fifty-five cents.

And the amount of expenditures for repairs and incidentals, has

To which add amount of two dividends

OF LITERARY FUND

991 41 800 00

Making of disbursments

\$1,791 41

And leaving in the hands of the Treasurer, for the further division among the stockholders, the sum of three hundred and eighteen dollars and fourteen cents.

All which is respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM P. RIDDLE, Directors of the FREDERICK G. STARK; Granite Bridge.

### STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE-HILLSBOROUGH, ss.

June 6th, 1842.

Then the within named William P. Riddle and Frederick G. Stark made oath, that the foregoing is a true statement of the acts and doings, receipts and expenditures of the proprietors of the Granite Bridge, from June 6, 1841, to June 6, 1842.

Before me-

JOHN PARKER, Justice of the Peace.

### REPORT a sum less tol for ed tol

persons who may wish to pass said bridge with teams and carriage es of burden, at his discretion at a rate not less than half tolk, and paid at such time as may be agreed on, not exceeding quarand paid at such time as may be agreed on, not exceeding quar-

### OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF LITERARY FUND.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives.

In obedience to an act, entitled "An act, to establish a Literary Fund, to be collected from the several banking corpotations within this State," the Commissioners therein named respectfully submit to the Honorable Legislature the amount, condition and circumstances of said Fund, viz:

Cash on hand, remaining undistributed,	\$106 58
Ashuelot Bank,	500
Connecticut River Bank,	300
G	750
Claremont	
The state of the second state of the state o	
See The Best and Mark and the Property of the Price with the samples	500 04
Exeter	500
Farmers "	325
Grafton "	487 50
Granite "manusudalb lo gaiseM	500

Portsmouth and a Bank alasda 2001 and and	500
Rochester 2910 (CEd bevisos) sevod ald	
Lebanon and whi word " of side no expedit any ha	500
Manufactures - Manufactures - Manufactures	500
Rockingham	500
Strafford	
Marrimack County	000
Winningiage	000
Dicentague	
the remarkable man demand amprehense	
TO THE PERSON OF	
Mechanicks 1 jebro at 10 solution at 1 solution with Mechanicks	

\$10,447 54

No returns have been received this year from the following banks, viz: New Hampshire, Concord, Wolfborough, New Hampshire Union, Cheshire and Coos.

HENRY HUBBARD,
JOSIAH STEVENS, Jr.,
ZENAS CLEMENT,
Commissioners
of
Literary Fund.

June 8th, A. D. 1842.

### REPORT

The remonstrants also contended that the names erased

divided by S. and not by 4, as they did not vote for 4 candidates, and therefore by dividing their votes by 4, it gave too small a

### OF THE COMMITTEE ON ELECTIONS.

The committee on Elections, having had under consideration the remonstrance of Zebediah Shattuck and others, against the right of Leonard W. Noyes, of Nashua, to hold a seat as a member of this House, report the following statement in relation thereto.

1st. It was shown that Nashua is entitled to four members in this House.

2d. That said town voted to bring in their votes for State and County Officers and Representatives, at the same time.

3d. That the votes for Representatives were printed upon the same piece of paper with those for State and County Officers and were cast in that form.

4th. That the list was checked but once, for all those officers.

5th. That there are 1098 checks upon the list for that ballot-

ing, and that Mr. Noyes received 537 votes.

6th. That if the checks on the list show the true number of persons who voted for Representatives, Mr. Noyes was not elected.

7th. This Mr. Noyes said he had been informed, and could prove, that some persons cast a vote only for State and County officers, having cut off all the names for Representatives, and which had been proved to be from 15 to 20.

Sth. The remonstrants contended, that the check list was conclusive against him, unless he could show that enough cut off

the Representative ticket, to reduce the majority to 537.

9th. It appeared that the Moderator, in order to ascertain the number necessary for a choice, wrote down the name of each candidate voted for, and set against his name the number of votes he received, and then added them all together, and divided by 8 or by 4 and by 2, which gave 536 necessary for a choice, the

whole number, when added, being 4284.

10th. The remonstrants contended, that dividing the whole number by 4, did not give the true number of persons voting, because they proved that 18 persons erased a name from their several tickets, and consequently voted for but three candidates, and the votes which these 18 persons cast, being 54, should be divided by 3, and not by 4, as they did not vote for 4 candidates, and therefore by dividing their votes by 4, it gave too small a number of votes.

11th. The remonstrants also contended that the names erased from the ticket should be counted as a blank, and counted to ascertain the number necessary for a choice. If, therefore, we add 18 to the whole number, 4284, it will make 4302. This divided by 4 and by 2, gives 538 necessary for a choice, and Mr. Noves received but 537.

12th. It was proved on the part of the sitting members, that it had not been the custom in the town of Nashua, to count ballots that had been erased, either as blanks, or in any other way.

13th. It was proved by the sitting members, that it had been the usual custom in Nashua, to set down the number of votes cast for the different individuals, and then to divide the number by 4 and by two, in order to ascertain the number necessary for a choice.

The committee, in view of all the facts presented before them,

have directed me to report the following resolution:

Resolved, That Leonard W. Noyes of Nashua, from the usual custom practiced there, in relation to the manner of counting

votes, was elected a Representative from said Nashua, for the year 1842.

H. D. PIERCE, for the Committee.

What then is the object of the latter clause in the wriele? In the view of your committee, it is an ultimate power to secure a delegation in Congress from the respective States, in case they

### egation, or from any corTROPAN become mable to do itbe view that this accord given to

### OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE APPORTIONMENT BILL.

The select committee, to whom was referred so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor, as relates to the apportionment of the representation among the several States, submit the following letter in the constrution. Rights, which the States

### were guaractied to them. TROPER distriment, the exercise

At the present session of the Congress of the United States, a bill has passed the Senate and House of Representatives, containing the following provision, "That in every case, where a State is entitled to more than one Representative, the number to which each State shall be entitled, under this apportionment, shall be elected by districts composed of contiguous territory equal in number to the number of Representatives to which each State may be entitled, no one district electing more than one Representative".

The authority of Congress to pass a law, requiring the States to be districted, for the choice of Representatives, rests upon the fourth section of the first article of the constitution of the United States, which is in the following language: "The times, places and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the legislature thereof, but the Congress may at any time, by law, make or alter such regula-

tions, except as to the place of choosing Senators."

That the object of the framers of the constitution, was to give to the States in the first instance, the authority to adopt such regulations as they might devise for the selection of their Senators and Representatives in Congress, and to leave this whole subject entirely to their control, can hardly admit of a doubt from the language of the provision itself. It is not left optional with the States whether they will do this or not. It is imperative upon them. It is made a duty which they are bound to perform, and from which they cannot excuse themselves. Language stronger than this, giving the authority and requiring the States to make

the requisite provisions, could not be used.

What then is the object of the latter clause in the article? In the view of your committee, it is an ultimate power to secure a delegation in Congress from the respective States, in case they should decline to make the necessary provision to secure that delegation, or from any contingency, should become unable to do it-Your committee cannot adopt the view that this article gives to the States and to Congress a concurrent power over this subject. If this be the true view, and Congress may at any time interfere and direct what course shall be pursued in one particular, it may extend its power to every particular, take the whole subject under its control, and deprive the States of any authority which it would seem the constitution intended to give them over the subject matter. In this case the first clause of that article becomes a dead letter in the constitution. Rights, which the States have supposed were guarantied to them, by that sacred instrument, the exercise of which has not been denied to them since the adoption of it, are thus unceremoniously snatched from them, and an important principle in it is virtually changed, and that too without consulting the wishes of the people. A view which leads to such consequences as this cannot be the true one.

The view which your committee take of the subject is this, that primarily, the whole authority is given to the States, that they retain this authority so long as they continue to adopt the necessary regulation to secure a delegation in Congress, that when they neglect to do this, or from any emergency whatever, are rendered unable to do it, then Congress has the power to make all suitable provisions to fill up the representation. Your committee cannot believe that it was the design of that article, that the latter clause should confer upon Congress the power virtually to repeal the former clause, or that a view, which will do this, is based upon

sound principles of construction.

What objection is there to the views which the committee have taken? It is only in the letter of the article which confers upon Congress the right to make or alter the regulations of the States. But it is a sound principle of construction that the whole must be taken together, and effect given to the whole if possible. The view that Congress may at its pleasure interfere is a direct violation of this principle; is an assumption to itself of all the powers; is a deprivation of the power of the States, and a virtual nullification of the first clause in the above article.

But the view which your committee take of this, on the other

hand, guaranties to all parties the rights which the constitution obviously designs to confer upon them. It gives to the States their powers, while it derogates nothing from those of Congress. While your committee would most religiously guard the rights of the former, they would not in the least attempt to circumscribe the authority of the latter. They would concede to Congress the right to make all suitable laws to secure a representation from any State, which may fail from any cause to take the necessary steps to send a delegation, so that the government shall not be exposed to any of the evils apprehended from a want of this power.

Your committee are happy to find, that the early and ardent advocates of this supervisory power in Congress, did not claim a right for its exercise, except in extraordinary cases. When the Constitution was submitted to the people for their approval, a violent attack in the conventions, and by the people, was made upon this article. The evils which might grow out of it were portrayed in glowing colors, and the fears of the people alarmed. This power was then claimed for the national government, as a means of its preservation. In commenting upon this clause of the Constitution, Gen. Hamilton remarks, "Its propriety rests upon the evidence of this plain proposition, that every government ought to contain in itself the means of its own preservation."

Again, "It will I presume be readily conceded, that there were only three ways in which this power could have been reasonably organized; that it must have been lodged wholly in the national legislature, or wholly in the State legislatures, or primarily in the latter, and ultimately in the former. The last mode has with reason been preferred by the convention. They have submitted the regulation of elections for the federal government, in the first instance to the local administrations; which in ordinary cases, and when no improper views prevail, may be both more convenient and more satisfactory; but they have reserved to the NATIONAL AUTHORITY A RIGHT TO INTERPOSE, WHENEVER EXTRAORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES MIGHT RENDER THAT INTERPOSITION NECESSARY TO ITS SAFETY."

It would seem from this, that all the authority relating to the elections, which was asked or claimed for the government, before the adoption of the Constitution, was so much as might be necessary for its own safety and preservation; and that until some extraordinary circumstances occurred, this power was to remain in the local governments. With this understanding the people voted for the Constitution.

<sup>\*</sup>Federalist, No. 59. †Vol. 2, 282.

More recent commentators on the constitution have taken the same views of the powers which the federal government have in regulating the elections. Judge Story in his Commentaries, says, "In extraordinary circumstances, the power is reserved to the national government, so that it may not be abused, and thus haz-

ard the safety and permanence of the Union."

Again, "The Constitution gives to the State legislatures the power to regulate the time, place and manner of holding elections; and this will be so desirable a boon in their possession, on account of their ability to adopt the regulation, from time to time, to the peculiar local or political convenience of the States, that its Representatives in Congress will not be brought to assent to any general system by Congress, unless from an extreme necessity, or a very argent exigency. It is not too much therefore to presume, that it will not be resorted to by Congress, until there has been some extraordinary abuse or danger in leaving it to the discretion of the States respectively."

Chancellor Kent in his Commentaries upon that part of the Constitution, remarks, "The legislature of each State prescribes the times, places and manner of holding elections, subject, however, to the interference and control of Congress, which is permitted them for the sake of their own preservation, and which it is to be presumed they will never be disposed to exercise, except when any State shall neglect or refuse to make adequate provision for

the purpose."

But whatever discordant views may be entertained upon the general authority of Congress to pass laws, districting the States for the choice of Representatives, it would seem there were hardly room for a diversity of opinion upon the mode in which the object is attempted to be accomplished by the present law. Congress do not undertake to form districts, but say that Representatives shall be elected by districts. Who then is to form the districts. No tribunal has this power but the legislatures of the States and the general government, and if the latter do not undertake to do this, but order it to be done, on whom is the order imperative but the local governments? What is this then but an indirect mandate to the legislatures to district their respective States, whether they will or not?

Suppose a State should refuse to adopt the district system, and elect her Representatives by general ticket, and send them to Congress, and their seats should be denied them, what is the reason to be assigned? In whatever specious language the reason of the refusal may be couched, the real reason must be, that the leg-

Tederalist, No. 59, 1Vol. 2, 282

<sup>\*</sup>Story's Com. 288.

islature had refused to obey the orders of the general government.

From what part of the Constitution do they derive this authority?

Your committee have sought for it in vain. That instrument does

not confer it.

This is the first attempt which has been made by the general government to interfere in this business. The State governments have been left to pursue their own course. Every thing has gone on well. No complaint has been made. The States have furnished their quota of Senators and Representatives. The nation has suffered nothing by permitting this to be done. What apology then is there, for departing from a course which has been followed with universal approbation and satisfaction. Your committee have seen none that deserves the name of apology. The argument that the present system gives a preponderance of influence to the smaller States, is a chimera of a disordered imagina-And the argument derived from want of uniformity, applies with greater force to all other parts of the system. true reason lies deeper than this. Ulterior objects are to be accomplished, which are studiously kept out of sight; and for the purpose of accomplishing these, the laws under which we have lived for half a century must be changed; usages to which we have been accustomed all our days, must be broken up; those who have been in the habit of giving directions, must now take and obey orders; and lastly, that sacred instrument which guaranties to us all that we hold valuable in life, must be violated and trampled in the dust.

To this we cannot, to this we are bound not to yield our assent. We are under the strongest motives of interest and obligation, to protect the constitution under which we live, from such unhallowed attacks. If we tamely submit to it the first time, we encourage, we invite future aggressions. It is a duty, we as citizens of the State owe, to resist the attempt to fasten upon us so odious a law, be the consequences what they may. Our representatives may be sent back to us; we may be without any one in the House of Representatives in the National Legislature, to defend our rights, and maintain our cause: but this we regard as a trifling evil in comparison with the greater one of giving our sanction, by adopting the law, to a palpable infraction of the palladi-

um of our rights.

The committee have directed me to report the following resolutions.

#### B. BORDMAN, for the Committee.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Court convened, That the Constitution of the United States

gives to the Legislature of each State the right to prescribe the times, places and manner of holding elections for Senators and

Representatives in the Congress of the United States.

Resolved, That so long as the States continue to exercise this power, so as to secure a representation in Congress, the National Legislature do not possess the right to interfere with and control such regulations.

Resolved, That when the Legislature of any State shall fail to adopt such regulations, then, and then only, Congress may do it.

Resolved, That the Constitution of the United States does not confer upon Congress the right to control the legislation of the States, and prescribe to the legislatures what course they shall

pursue.

Resolved, That whenever a case shall occur, which shall warrant any action on the part of the General Government, relative to the elections, the times, places and manner of holding the elections must be prescribed by Congress directly, and not through the State Government.

Resolved, That the recent act of Congress, directing the States to be districted for the choice of Representatives to Congress, is a direct violation of the provisions of the federal compact, and

we cannot regard the same as binding upon the States.

Resolved, That we cannot sanction so unauthorized an interference in our domestic relations on the part of Congress, and shall therefore decline to district this State for the choice of representatives in Congress.

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be directed to transmit to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress a copy

of the foregoing resolutions.

unhadlowed attacks. If we tamely submit to it the first time, we can concourage, we invite future aggressions: It is a duty, we as citieness of the State time, to tesist the attempt to fasten upon us so offices a law, be the consequences what they may. Our representatives may be sent back to us, we may be without any one in the House of Representatives in the National Legislature, to defend our rights, and maintain our rates; but this we regard as a trition evil incomparison with the greater one of giving our sanction, by adopting the law, to a palpable infraction of the palladium of our rights.

The committee have directed mu to report the following resorter committee have directed mu to report the following resorter

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B. BORDMAN, for the Committee.

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